

Ecological Condition and Public use of the Cabrillo National Monument Intertidal Zone 1990–1995

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ABSTRACT

Rocky intertidal communities in Cabrillo National Monument are among the most extensive and diverse in San Diego County. However, the rich marine life is impacted by a multitude of human activities associated with the San Diego metropolitan area, including recreational exploration by tens of thousands of visitors each year. In 1990, to ensure continued public access and enjoyment of unimpaired tide pools, the National Park Service, with support from the Cabrillo Historical Association, initiated long-term studies to determine how key components of this land/water interface ecosystem respond to natural environmental variations and human impacts so that effective management procedures can be implemented.

This report provides the results of a 6-yr resource monitoring program (1990-1995) in which 13 index species or species groups were surveyed semi-annually (Spring and Fall) by replicated fixed plots and transects, or by timed searches, within 3 contiguous shore areas. These 3 regions were chosen to reflect an apparent gradient of human visitor use from the sole access point south to the tip of Point Loma. Counts of people and birds in each area were carried out by Monument staff during many of the lowest seasonal midday low tides.

For 285 staff surveys tallying 18,225 people and 22,918 birds, there was a consistent inverse relationship between people and bird abundance gradients among the 3 areas, with the most people and fewest birds in the shore access region. The occurrence of low numbers of birds appeared to be independent of the number of people, but high bird counts were nearly always associated with few people.

Historically, black abalone and ochre sea stars occurred at the Monument, but none were found during area-wide searches on 12 semi-annual surveys, except for a single ochre sea star in Spring 1994. The results of other index species monitoring revealed considerable short-term and long-term variability in abundances. Rockweed and surf grass tended to be less common in Spring periods, while sargassum weed, red algal turf, and goose barnacles generally had lower cover in Fall surveys. Over the 6-yr period, 5 key species (rockweed, sargassum weed, red algal turf, aggregating anemones, acorn barnacles), though variable, ended up with similar abundances as at the study start. Surf grass was the only species to increase its cover, expanding by 39% in the grass zone where it was common from the start, and by 625% in the kelp zone as the once dominant boa kelp declined. Two species (goose barnacles, owl limpets) declined moderately, with overall population decreases of 29% and 23% respectively. Three other species (boa kelp, thatched barnacles, California mussels) declined drastically (by 84%, 75%, 87% respectively). Boa kelp and thatched barnacles are capable of recovery within a few years; however, the catastrophic decline of mussel beds to near extinction at the Monument is especially disturbing because they once were abundant, they provide shelter for a multitude of organisms, and even if environmental conditions become favorable recovery may take a decade or longer. Alternatively, despite moderate declines in overall numbers, the abundance of large owl limpets (reproductive females) in the protected Monument visitor areas and not elsewhere on Point Loma clearly demonstrates the importance of non-harvested regions in maintaining natural communities.

Overall, the fact that 7 of the 13 index species have either declined significantly (along with their associated flora and fauna) or remain absent from the Cabrillo National Monument ecosystem is cause for great concern. Definitive reasons for species abundance variations are difficult to determine without controlled experiments. Seasonal patterns likely are responses to cycles of physical conditions. The absence of black abalone and ochre sea stars and long-term changes in other key species also may reflect natural environmental trends, especially the 20-yr period of above normal seawater temperatures in southern California, but numerous human impacts are co-occurring. Evidence of human impacts noted during these surveys included frightened birds, beach debris and boat wrecks, trampled habitats, overturned rocks, displaced marine life, disturbed organisms, and illegal collecting. Despite these observed impacts, effects of visitor activities were not obvious from the results of the key species monitoring, as most of the population changes occurred similarly in all three public use areas. However, the Monument intertidal ecosystem may be in a continuously disturbed state because decades of visitor use took place prior to this study. For example, during a two-month ban on visitation in 1992 due to a nearby sewage spill, algae grew on previously trampled rock paths, but when the intertidal zone was reopened, the plant growth was quickly worn away to bare substrate once again. In addition, many impacts to Monument tidepools, such as water and air pollution, are widespread, affecting all survey areas. Likely contamination sources include shoreside runoff, the San Diego harbor, the Tijuana River, offshore shipping, and the Point Loma municipal outfall. Impacts from the massive February-April 1992 sewage spill included increased sedimentation of turf habitats and blooms of opportunistic algae throughout Monument shores. Even prior to the spill, tissues from mussels on Point Loma analyzed by federal and state Mussel Watch Programs contained some of the highest levels of silver (a known toxic trace metal) found anywhere in the country.

Measures to minimize the threat from external pollutants require cooperative efforts among multiple agencies. Goals should include identification of pollution sources, adoption of procedures to reduce ongoing or accidental chemical releases, and development of rapid-response capabilities for containing spills and removing or detoxifying contaminants without compounding shore impacts. Beach debris impacts could be minimized by controlling sources and sponsoring beach clean-up events. To lessen public use impacts at the Cabrillo tidepools, educational programs should be promoted, enforcement of regulations prohibiting collecting and minimizing disturbance increased, experimental research on ecological conditions encouraged, and an intertidal resource management plan developed. One option for this plan is to implement a zonal management scheme in which some intertidal areas are open to public visitation, some partially restricted, and others left in an undisturbed “natural” state. The non-use areas could serve as “controls” for evaluating natural ecosystem dynamics, that could then be compared with the disturbed public use areas. Continued monitoring of key resources in all 3 types of areas would be essential for evaluating the effectiveness of management actions. Coupling updated ecological research with comprehensive management strategies will help to achieve the optimum balance of public access and resource protection necessary to preserve the essential value of this important land/water interface ecosystem.

1. Introduction

Rocky intertidal communities along the ocean-facing side of Point Loma are the most extensive and diverse in San Diego County. With the majority of the peninsula owned by the U.S. Navy, restrictions on public use have preserved this coast as one of the few remote stretches of ocean shoreline in southern California. Visitors are fortunate to be able to see fascinating assemblages of plants and animals at the Cabrillo tidepools where the marine life is protected from collecting activities. However, the rich communities found in these tidepools and rocky reef habitats are subject to influences from a multitude of human activities associated with the large metropolitan area of San Diego, including harbor commerce, nearshore shipping, the municipal sewage outfall, shore-side development, and direct disturbance by beach explorers. Trampling, rock-turning, tampering, illegal collecting, and pollution all take their toll. Effective management of these increasingly-valued intertidal resources requires dynamic baseline surveys to determine what species are present and to understand how key components of this land/water interface ecosystem respond to natural environmental variations and human impacts.

The tidepools at the Cabrillo National Monument are visited by tens of thousands of people every year, so it is inevitable that short-term and cumulative disturbance impacts occur. Intertidal communities here should be restored and maintained while still providing recreational enjoyment for the public. Measures of resource conditions need to be established and updated to evaluate management efforts. Since biological systems are naturally dynamic, seasonal and annual surveys are needed in order to separate normal environmental fluctuations from human impacts. Thus, marine life monitoring is critical to developing successful strategies for ensuring maximum public access with acceptable low impacts to this vital web of life. The results of such surveys also can be used to assess accidental impacts should some catastrophic event such as an oil spill occur.

Assessing ecological conditions is a complex and often expensive undertaking. During the 1980's, Channel Islands National Park developed a cost-effective intertidal monitoring program that has become a model for rocky shore surveys throughout southern California (Richards & Davis 1988; Engle et al. 1994a,b). Instead of detailed surveys of all species at many sites, ecological conditions at representative locations are evaluated by concentrating on selected key species assemblages that are monitored semi-annually in fixed plots. Complementary reconnaissance surveys yield inventory data and provide ecosystem perspective for the key species monitoring. The dynamic baseline surveys developed for this study utilized the same key species monitoring approach, thus ensuring compatibility with ongoing studies elsewhere in southern California.

This technical report provides the results of a 6-yr biological monitoring program (1990-1995) funded by the Cabrillo Historical Association that has focused on 3 rocky intertidal areas within the Cabrillo National Monument tidepools to establish a temporal baseline for evaluating visitor and other impacts. The standardized monitoring protocol was developed using the key species approach, as well as incorporating information gained from previous marine ecological surveys on Point Loma, including Zedler (1976, 1978), Seapy and Littler (1978, 1979, 1980), Stewart and Meyers (1980), and Stewart (1982, 1983, 1989a,b). This protocol is described in a Monitoring Handbook produced specifically for the Cabrillo tidepool program (Engle & Davis 1996a). The Handbook provides the detailed information necessary for biologists and assistants to continue low-cost monitoring in a practical and standardized manner. Recently, in 1995, the

U.S. Navy has funded the establishment of 2 new surveys sites farther north on the outer coast of Point Loma (Engle & Davis 1996b). These additional stations will provide a regional perspective that will enhance peninsula-wide intertidal resource management efforts.

2. Methods

2.1 Target species assemblages

Ideally one would like to monitor the abundances of all species in an area; however, limited resources require that a subset of the resident species be targeted. Intertidal zonation is frequently characterized by distributions of dominant attached plants and sessile animals (Ricketts et al. 1985). Therefore, a representative group of important taxa (species or species groups), also referred to as "target" or "key" species assemblages, can provide an accurate index of ecological conditions (see Ambrose et al. 1995 for discussion). Criteria used for selecting these target species assemblages include the following:

- Species ecologically important in structuring intertidal communities
- Species characteristic of discrete intertidal heights
- Species that have been well-studied
- Species that are especially vulnerable to human impacts
- Species practical for long-term monitoring

Thirteen index taxa were chosen for monitoring at the Cabrillo National Monument (Table 1). The natural history and ecology of each of the key species are described in Appendix 1. All of these species are capable of dominating particular habitats, creating conspicuous bands or patches on the shore. Some (e.g., rockweed, mussels, boa kelp, red algal turf, surf grass) create thickets that provide shelter for a host of other plants and animals. Many (e.g., thatched barnacles, rockweed, mussels, goose barnacles, owl limpets) are long-lived and tend to recover slowly if their populations are decimated. Except for abalone and sea stars which prefer crevices, all of the target species are vulnerable to trampling impacts. Species preferred for food (i.e., mussels, goose barnacles, owl limpets, abalone) and for souvenirs (i.e., sea stars) are vulnerable to collectors. Black abalone and ochre sea stars are extremely rare or no longer exist at the Monument tidepools, yet these ecologically important species are worth including in the surveys in order to confirm their absence or rarity and to check for recruitment which could lead to recovery. In addition to the key species, broad categories (other plants, other animals, other biota) are scored, as well as the amount of tar and bare substrate (rock or sand).

Birds and people also were targeted for monitoring in this program. Unlike most intertidal life, birds can flee when disturbed, therefore their local distribution and abundance may reflect spatial patterns of human disturbance. A variety of wading, shore, and sea birds roost or forage in tidepool habitats, functioning as important predators and maintaining a diverse community. Herons and egrets are common wading birds at the Monument. Shore birds include plovers, willets, tattlers, godwits, whimbrels, turnstones, and sanderlings. Gulls, cormorants, and pelicans are typical sea birds. People were counted at the same time as the birds in order to document possible disturbance patterns. Monitoring tidepool visitation also can provide an index of the level of human activities that may be correlated with other resource conditions.

2.2 Resource monitoring areas

Public access to the monument's intertidal zone is restricted to a single point on the western coast of Point Loma approximately 800 m north of the peninsula tip (Figs. 1 & 2). From this point, visitors can explore about 1 km of open ocean shoreline without crossing deep channels that extend to the base of steep cliffs, or moving around the southern end of the Point into San Diego Bay. This situation creates an apparent gradient of diminishing public use extending from the access location downcoast to the Point. The resource monitoring stations were stratified into 3 contiguous areas (Areas I, II, & III, abbreviated as AII, AIII, & AIII) along this presumed human use gradient, with each area encompassing roughly 330 m of shoreline (Fig. 2). AII, closest to the access point, receives the highest visitation. AIII, south of Grunion Beach to the Radio Tower, appears to receive fewer visitors, and AIII, at the southwestern tip of the Point, receives the least.

The 3 monitoring sites have generally similar features, with poorly-consolidated, sedimentary reefs projecting out from eroding sandstone cliffs. The relatively flat, gently-sloping reefs are topped with scattered rocks and boulders. Reef width varies from 20-40 m in AII to >50 m in AIII to >70 m in AIII, resulting in a moderate gradient in wave exposure conditions from highest wave shock in AII to calmest conditions in AIII (though AIII experiences currents sweeping across the peninsula tip). AII extends from ~220 m north to ~110 m south of the access point (Figs. 2 & 3). The northern portion of AII is backed by fractured low cliffs with small caves and pockets of cobble and boulders. The offshore region is composed of pools, surge channels, and numerous boulders. The southern part of the site is in a cove (Grunion Beach) backed by higher cliffs and a small sand beach. AIII extends downcoast approximately 330 m from the boundary of AII, with the central portion located offshore from the old Navy dolphin training compound. The northern section of AIII has sloping rock slabs and low-relief reefs, mixed with various-sized boulder/bedrock outcrops. The central and southern parts of the site are backed by an irregular low sandstone cliff with caves and pockets of boulders and cobbles. The lower intertidal zone encompasses extensive pools and flat reefs topped with occasional boulders. AIII extends another 330 m from AII (at the Radio Tower) south to the tip of Point Loma, including a prominent line of boulders that extend offshore southwest of the lighthouse. The site is backed by large riprap boulders and a low cliff. Except for the south end boulders, the offshore portion of AIII has extensive, broad, flat reefs with shallow pools and small rocks.

2.3 Public use and ecological monitoring

2.3.1 Visitor and bird censuses

The number of people and birds were recorded by Cabrillo National Monument staff as part of their routine patrols of the shore during low tides when visitors were most likely to be present. Whenever possible, counts were made once during each day that the low tide occurred between 1000-1600 hrs (PST) and was <15 cm above mean lower low water (MLLW). About 120 days met these conditions each year, but actual sampling dates were far fewer and varied depending on staff availability. People and birds were censused within 30 min of the low tide by walking along the shore or on the bluffs through AII, AIII, and AIII, keeping separate tallies for each of the 3 areas. Birds were identified to species if possible, but at least to 3 ecological categories: wading birds, shore birds, and sea birds. Data on weather and sea conditions were recorded as well.

2.3.2 Index species monitoring

Within each of the 3 visitor use areas, abundance and distribution of 13 key species, collective taxa (other plants, other animals), bare substrate, and tar were measured during a series of daylight low tides in Spring and Fall each year from 1990-1995. A variety of sampling techniques were employed to gather information about the population dynamics of these taxa. The following section describes each technique and its application. Table 1 summarizes the taxa and respective sampling techniques. Further details, guidelines, and examples of data forms are provided in the Monitoring Handbook (Engle & Davis 1996a).

Thirty fixed photoplots, circular plots, band transects, and line transects were established within each of the 3 survey sites during February 1990 in a stratified design to represent the range of tidal and biologic zones in locations typical of each taxon, subject to physical constraints of plot or transect dimensions. In February 1995 the 3 goose barnacle band transects at each site were converted into 6 photoplots, resulting in a total of 33 plots or transects per area. Benchmark measurements, sketch maps, photographs, and video recordings were used to document plot/transect placements for ease of relocation (see maps in Figs. 3-6). Each plot and transect was coded in 2 ways: 1) a numerical code used on the original tags and for photoplot pictures, and 2) an alphanumeric code that indicated the key species targeted and replicate number (Table 2).

Species surveyed in photoplots

Rectangular (50 x 75 cm; 0.375 m²) photoquadrats were used to monitor the population dynamics of 5 relatively small, densely-spaced index species, acorn barnacles (*Chthamalus* spp.), pink-thatched barnacles (*Tetraclita rubescens*), rockweed (*Pelvetia fastigiata*), mussels (*Mytilus californianus*), and goose barnacles (*Pollicipes polymerus*). All photoplots were established on stable boulders, except for the goose barnacle plots located along the cliff base. There were 5 replicates for each photoplot species (acorn and thatched barnacles were surveyed in the same plots), except for goose barnacles which have 6 because monitoring was changed from 3 band transects to 6 photoplots (2 per transect) in 1995.

The photoplot sampling protocol followed Richards and Davis (1988). The 4 corners of each rectangular photoplot (except for goose barnacles) were marked with ~5 cm diameter blobs of olive-green “Splash Zone” epoxy. Photoplot numbers were located at the upper left corner of each plot on a brass tag or etched into the epoxy. Stainless steel or silicone bronze bolts (3/8 in) fixed into the bedrock with epoxy were used to mark the corners of goose barnacle photoplots. The upper left bolt heads were marked with notches for plot identification (Table 2). Still photos were taken during each seasonal survey using a quadrapod apparatus, which holds a camera and strobe in a fixed orientation over each quadrat. Species abundance was scored from the slides in the laboratory as percentage cover by the point contact method. The slide was projected onto a grid of 100 uniformly-distributed points. The number of points occupied by key species, higher taxa, tar, and bare substrate were recorded to determine percentage cover of each taxon.

Goose barnacle band transects

The abundance and distribution of goose barnacles (*Pollicipes polymerus*) were recorded in 3 band transects (1 m x 10 m) located on cliff faces or rip-rap at the base of cliffs in each visitor use area. Each transect was marked with a numbered brass tag at the north end, and 3 bolts epoxied in holes drilled into the rock at the transect start, middle, and endpoint. The

dimensions of each clump of goose barnacles within 0.5 m of the transect line were recorded, and the presence of small (<1 cm), medium-sized (1-3 cm), and large (>3 cm) barnacles in each clump was noted. In 1995 band transect sampling of *Pollicipes* was abandoned due to the excessive amount of time required for this type of survey. Instead, 2 photoplots were established within each band transect to permit more efficient sampling and still maintain data continuity.

Owl limpet circular plots

The number and size distribution of owl limpets (*Lottia gigantea*) were monitored within permanent circular plots. There are 6 replicate plots in each public use area, 3 on cliff bases and 3 on boulders. Plots were marked with a numbered brass tag and a center bolt, notched to indicate the plot number (Table 2). All limpets ≥ 15 mm found within a 1 m radius circle (3.14 m^2 area) around each bolt were counted and measured (maximum length in millimeters).

Species surveyed in line transects

Three strata of flat surfaces subject to trampling were sampled with replicate 10-m line-intercept transects. Each transect was marked with a numbered brass tag at the north (start) end, and 3 bolts epoxied in holes drilled into the rock at the transect start, middle, and endpoint. Bolts at the north end of each transect were notched with number codes for identification (Table 2). Six transects were established in each visitor use area, 2 each at 3 elevations in the middle to low zones, as characterized by distributions of red algal turf (*Corallina* spp. and other tufted algae), surf grass (*Phyllospadix* spp.) and boa kelp (*Egregia menziesii*). The abundance and distribution of these 3 taxa, sargassum weed (*Sargassum muticum*), anemones (*Anthopleura elegantissima*), other biota, tar, and bare substrate were recorded as distances (to the nearest centimeter) along the edge of a meter tape laid out between the bolts.

Sea star and abalone timed searches

Historically, ochre sea stars (*Pisaster ochraceus*) and black abalone (*Haliotis cracherodii*) were important components of Point Loma's intertidal ecosystem (Zedler 1976, 1978). However, these key species have not been found here in recent years. Timed searches (30 person minutes) of likely habitats throughout each survey site were conducted during each sampling period in order to document possible occurrences of any species of abalone or sea stars.

3. Results

3.1 Sampling efforts

A total of 90 fixed plots and transects, 30 in each of the 3 public use areas (Fig. 2), were established in February 1990 and monitored in Spring and Fall each year through 1994 (see Table 3 for dates). The monitoring continued in 1995, except that the 9 goose barnacle band transects (3 per area) were replaced by 18 goose barnacle photoplots (6 per area). One additional survey was conducted in June 1992 to evaluate resource conditions after the February-April 1992 sewage spill from the Point Loma Wastewater Plant undersea pipeline. In addition to the authors, numerous people assisted in the periodic sampling, including Monument staff, biologists and students from local institutions, and other volunteers.

Sampling was made more efficient by the preparation of maps showing locations of each plot/transect and prominent physical features in each survey area (Figs. 3-6). The interplot measurements used in constructing these maps, survey data forms, and guidelines for standardized sampling are found in the Monitoring Handbook (Engle & Davis 1996a). Weather and sea conditions were recorded, along with ecological observations, on Field Log forms during

the surveys. Similar air and sea physical data were acquired during the people and bird censuses (Appendix 2). In addition, seawater temperature records from surface water at the Scripps pier (La Jolla) recorded from 1920-1995 were plotted to document current temperature patterns and compare them to historical conditions for the San Diego area (Figs. 7 & 8). The data indicate that the year prior to initiation of sampling (1989) was normal, but from 1990-1995 water temperatures were consistently warmer than the 76 yr mean, except for average to cooler conditions from Spring to Fall 1991 and normal temperatures in Spring/Summer 1995. These warm-water conditions continue a major warming trend that has been occurring since 1976.

The primary results of the 12 Spring and Fall samples from 1990-1995 (plus June 1992) are presented as raw data tables with descriptive statistics in Appendix 2 (Tables 1-69). Patterns and trends in the data among the 3 public use areas are described below for each key species, grouped by survey method. In these descriptions, mean values represent averages of the replicate plots for each area in each season unless otherwise indicated. For ease of presentation, sampling seasons will be abbreviated as "S" (Spring) or "F" (Fall) (e.g., S92 = Spring 1992), with J92 indicating the single post-spill (sewage) sample in June 1992. Consolidated summary data for all index taxa, birds, and people are shown in Table 4 and Figures 9-12.

3.2 Public use and bird censuses

The number of censuses for people and birds varied from 1-53 per season, depending on the availability of Monument staff for conducting the once-per-day counts during periods with lowest midday tides (Tables 5 & 6). A total of 288 counts (totaling 18,225 people) were made during 1990-1995, 165 in Spring and 123 in Fall. The number of people within the Monument intertidal zone at the specific count times varied from 0-384. Public use was substantially higher on weekends and holidays. The series of 16 zero values (with 2 exceptions) recorded from February 13 to April 4, 1992, reflect the shore closure in effect at that time due to contamination from the massive sewage spill from the nearby undersea pipeline. The historical gradient of diminishing public use from AI to AIII was consistently clear in all seasons and years (Figs. 13-16). Mean numbers of people in each area across all censuses were 45, 13, and 6 for AI, AII, and AIII, respectively (Table 5). Overall there were little or no Spring versus Fall differences in people abundance, but counts generally were lower during 1992-1995 than in 1990-1991 (Figs. 13 & 14).

The number of birds on the Monument shore during the censuses varied from 2-573, with a total of 22,918 birds counted during 1990-1995 (Appendix 2; Table 6). Of these, 63% were sea birds, 30% shore birds, and 7% wading birds. Like the people counts, there were no obvious seasonal trends for total bird counts (nor for sea, shore, or wading categories) (Table 7; Figs. 17-21); however, there was an overall declining trend in bird abundances since 1990-1991 (Fig. 22). Bird usage of the 3 monitoring areas showed a consistent gradient that was opposite the gradient of public use (Figs. 23 & 24). Mean bird numbers for all censuses were 7, 16, and 57 for AI, AII, and AIII, respectively. Similar gradients were seen in all 3 categories of birds, though sea birds (predominantly gulls) exhibited the strongest gradient due to large numbers in AIII.

To assess the relationship between people and bird abundances, scatterplots were constructed for each of the 3 monitoring areas and for all areas combined (Figs. 25-28). The resulting plots all revealed a similar pattern: low numbers of birds occurred at all levels of people abundance, but the greatest numbers of birds were nearly always associated with the fewest people.

3.3 Barnacle, rockweed, and mussel photoplots

The abundances of acorn barnacles, thatched barnacles, rockweed, California mussels, goose barnacles, other plants, other animals, and bare substrate recorded in photoplots are presented in Appendix 2 and summarized in Tables 8 and 9. Acorn and thatched barnacles occurred mainly in the plots in which they were specifically targeted (barnacle plots), except that acorn barnacles were common at times in the AIII mussel plots. In the barnacle plots, mean acorn barnacle cover (5 plots per site) ranged from 1-42% of cover among the 3 sites over the 6 years. Within each area, acorn barnacle abundance was variable, with no clear seasonal or annual pattern, although some changes were comparable between areas (Fig. 29). For example, rapid declines to near zero values occurred in AI and AIII between J92 and F92. Mean thatched barnacle cover ranged from 3-30% during the surveys. Abundances were less variable than those of acorn barnacles, and there was a trend in all 3 areas of gradually-decreasing thatched barnacle cover from 1990-1995 (Fig. 30). Bare substrate cover was substantial in the barnacle plots and changed relatively little over the 6 yr (from 46% overall in S90 to 52% in F95). Abundance of other plants was variable, with some seasonality, and increased from 10% overall cover in S90 to 28% in F95.

Rockweed occurred only in the plots where it was targeted, except for minor amounts in a few barnacle and mussel photoplots (Tables 8 & 9). Mean cover was high, ranging from 43-86% during the study. Though somewhat variable, there was no overall trend among areas or years; final (F95) values were similar to initial (S90) study cover (Fig. 33). Rockweed cover tended to be slightly less extensive in Spring than in Fall; however, there was a notable drop in cover in all 3 areas between J92 and F92. Bare substrate and other plants made up nearly all of the secondary cover in the rockweed plots (Table 9). Bare substrate remained relatively stable at values ranging from 8-19% in AI, 4-13% in AII, and 4-12% in AIII. Other plant cover (15-42% in AI, 14-35% in AII, 3-27% in AIII) varied inversely with rockweed cover as understory plants, especially crusts, were exposed when the rockweed canopy diminished (Fig. 34).

During initial surveys at the Cabrillo National Monument, California mussels were found to be much less common than expected based on previous studies by Zedler (1976, 1978). They then became even rarer during the 6 yr of monitoring representative existing patches (Tables 8 & 9; Fig. 35). Cover in AII and AIII mussel plots was moderate in S90 (55% & 47%), but declined steadily to only 1% in both areas by F95. In AI, where plots averaged only 16% cover in S90, 4 of the 5 plots also showed declines by F95. Plot #296 in AI was the only 1 of the 15 mussel photoplots at the Monument to show increased cover (Table 8). The fact that it more than doubled in cover (from 17-39%) during the 6 yr resulted in little change overall for mussel abundance in AI. There was no seasonality evident in mussel population dynamics. Bare substrate and other plants made up most of the secondary cover in the mussel plots (Table 9; Fig. 36). Space lost by disappearing mussels was primarily occupied by other plants in AII, but by bare substrate and sometimes acorn barnacles in AIII.

Goose barnacles often are associated with mussels, but they almost never occurred in AII and AIII mussel plots. In AI goose barnacle cover was low (8-15%) and varied little during the study (Fig. 32). Separate goose barnacle photoplots established along the cliff bases in 1995 to replace the band transects (see below) had low cover (3-11%), including minor increases recorded from Spring to Fall (Table 9).

3.4 Goose barnacle band transects

In addition to intermingling with mussels on higher boulders (primarily in AI), a patchy narrow band of goose barnacles occurred higher up inshore along the cliff base (AI & AII) or on riprap (AIII). Here, barnacle clumps were counted and measured in 1 x 10 m band transects from 1990-1994 (Tables 10 & 11; Figs. 37-40). Results showed considerable variability due in part to difficulty in measuring irregular clumps, especially those in deep riprap crevices in AIII. The anomalously high values for AIII in F90 apparently were due to erroneous measurements. Overall, goose barnacle clump area declined in all 3 survey sites during the 5-yr monitoring period, with the greatest drop occurring in AI (43% decline vs. 24% in AII and 8% in AIII) (Fig. 37). The total number and mean size of clumps in AI and AII had generally similar, though irregular patterns, while clumps in AIII were always larger and less common (Figs. 38 & 39). Size-frequency measurements for clumps and for individuals within clumps indicated that large variations in population size structure occurred over seasons and years (Figs. 40-46). Greater numbers of smaller clumps and smaller individuals within clumps usually were recorded during Spring samplings and 1992 was a banner year for recruitment, after which levels returned to pre-1992 ranges. Lower values in most Fall surveys indicated high mortality of young goose barnacles, particularly those not settling amidst existing clumps.

3.5 Owl limpet circular plots

Owl limpets were the only key species counted and measured in 1-m radius circular plots. Limpet abundances in individual plots varied considerably during the study, but larger patterns of change were mostly similar among the 3 survey areas (Tables 12 & 13; Fig. 47). Area-wide average densities from 1990-1995 ranged from 22-52 limpets per plot. AI, AII, and AIII limpet counts declined from F90 to S92, followed by major increases through F92, then decreased to the lowest levels recorded by F95 (except for AI). There was no obvious seasonality. Overall, during the 6-yr period, limpet abundance increased 16% in AI, but dropped 17% in AII and 26% in AIII. These trends were similar in boulder and cliff habitats, except the single cliff plot in AIII (#13) did not show the overall decline typical of the AIII boulder plots (Table 13).

Large owl limpets (which are nearly always females because *Lottia* are protandrous hermaphrodites (Wright & Lindberg 1982)) were a common feature of the protected Monument visitor areas, but not elsewhere on Point Loma where they are subject to harvest. Monument owl limpets ranged in size from 15 mm (the smallest size *Lottia* can reliably be identified) to 87 mm, which approaches the largest size for this species (100 mm; Lindberg 1981). Mean sizes were less variable than counts, and decreased slightly in all areas in both boulder and cliff habitats (Fig. 48). Length frequency measurements reveal mostly similar temporal patterns among the 3 areas (Figs. 49-57). Recruitment peaks occurred in F90/S91, F92, and F93.

3.6 Turf, grass, and kelp line transects

The abundances of red algal turf, surf grass, boa kelp, sargassum weed, aggregating anemone, other biota, and bare substrate along 10-m long line-intercept transects at AI, AII, and AIII are presented in Tables 14 and 15 and Figures 58-63. Red algal turf was always abundant on the 2 middle intertidal transects at each public use area where this key species group was targeted. Mean site-wide cover ranged from 58-94% during the 6-yr study (Fig. 58). Smaller amounts of turf occurred on all grass (5-30%) and kelp (6-66%) zone transects as well (Table 15; Fig. 61). Red algal turf abundance in the turf zone transects was similar among the 3 survey

areas, and relatively consistent through time, except that turf cover tended to be lower in Fall samples compared to Spring periods (Fig. 58). The lowest turf cover (58%) occurred in Area II in F92, when sand (bare substrate) covered portions of the turf habitat.

Though more variable than red algal turf, surf grass generally was abundant in the grass zone transects, with cover ranging from 53-95%, except in AIII where large oscillations in cover reached values as low as 27% in S95 (Tables 14 & 15; Fig. 60). The abundance cycles in AIII clearly were seasonal, with lower cover evident every Spring. The seasonality also was present, but much less pronounced in AII and AI. Overall, surf grass cover from 1990-1995 increased steadily for the most part in AI and AII from 53-80% cover and 57-95% cover respectively. In AIII cover tended to increase to a peak in F92, then declined to the low in S95, but recovered by F95 to the same cover initially found in S90. All 3 areas showed sharp declines in S95 followed by partial (AI) to beyond full recovery (AII & AIII) in F95. Surf grass occupied small amounts (0-20%) of the turf zone transects (Fig. 59) and greatly-expanding portions (4-11% in S90 vs. 33-79% in F95) of the kelp zone transects (Fig. 63) in all 3 areas during the course of the study.

Upon initiation of the long-term monitoring, boa kelp was common in the low kelp zone transects in all areas (44-55% cover) and present to lesser extents in grass (2-18% cover) and turf (0-6% cover) transects Tables 14 & 15). With time, a remarkably similar abundance pattern was followed for the 3 areas in which cover quickly declined to lows of 11-22% by S91, increased back to original levels by F91 (AI) or J92 (AII & AIII), then decreased rapidly to low values that reached near-zero levels in S95 (Fig. 62). By F95 boa kelp in AI and AIII increased slightly, but AII cover remained zero. Boa kelp in grass and turf transects followed a similar temporal abundance pattern (Table 15). During the first decline in boa kelp abundance (F90-S91), red algal turf, bare substrate, and sargassum weed filled in the space, but during the second longer decline (F92-S95), surf grass took over most of the kelp zone cover (Fig. 63).

Sargassum weed and aggregating anemones were monitored but not specifically targeted in the turf, grass, and kelp zone transects Table 15). Sargassum weed occurred now and then in transects in all 3 areas, with greatest abundances (0-26% cover) in AIII grass and kelp transects. Highest cover values occurred in Spring sampling periods. Aggregating anemones, with few exceptions, occurred only in turf zone transects. In all 3 areas, they consistently occupied 0-2% of the space, always in low, wet pockets in the sedimentary bedrock.

3.7 Sea star and abalone timed searches

Timed haphazard searches (30 person-minutes per area) for abalone (primarily black abalone) and sea stars (primarily ochre sea stars) were conducted during Spring and Fall from 1990-1995 at the Monument sites (Table 16). No black abalone (live or fresh shells) ever were found. Occasionally, 1-3 green abalone (*Haliotis fulgens*) were observed in crevices under boulders, mainly in AIII. A single ochre sea star was encountered in AI in S94. A total of 10 blue knobby sea stars (*Pisaster giganteus*) were seen during the 13 surveys, never more than 1 per area. Juvenile bat stars (*Asterina miniata*) often were found under rocks in AII and AIII; however, since rocks were not systematically overturned, counts do not necessarily reflect actual abundances.

4. Discussion

This section synthesizes information acquired during the Cabrillo National Monument rocky intertidal monitoring surveys with respect to the temporal variability of index species populations and effects of human activities. The natural history and ecology of the 13 index species targeted in this study are summarized in Appendix 1. The fixed plot data for index species document remarkable changing resource conditions within and among the 3 public use sites. However, determination of the causes for such changes is a difficult process. Much can be inferred from the data and observations during this study, combined with knowledge gained from previous intertidal ecology and human impact studies; nevertheless, carefully-designed experiments would be necessary to attribute specific causality with confidence.

The condition of intertidal resources at any one time reflects the result of complex biological responses to the physical environment as well as interactions among the diverse plants and animals in the ecosystem. Temporal environmental variations may be short-term or long-term, natural or human-influenced, cyclical or unpredictable, minor perturbations or catastrophic disturbances. Short-term environmental changes include fairly predictable as well as unforeseen variations in tidal exposure, water and air temperature, light level, wave height, sand movement, and other conditions. Important seasonal changes include the occurrence of midday low tides, colder water, more storms, and less sand influence in Winter compared to Summer. If the lowest low tides that occur during midday hours from November to March coincide with warm air temperatures and low humidity conditions (as is likely this time of year in San Diego), then heat and desiccation stress can injure or kill sensitive species (Littler 1980; Gunnill 1980a; Stewart 1989a). Major die-offs are possible during Santa Anas, when extremely hot, dry winds blow offshore from the desert. Colder water may stress species adapted to warm conditions, while higher nutrient levels associated with cooler temperatures can enhance productivity and growth throughout the food web. Storm swells may tear plants and animals loose from the soft sandstone substrate (or break out entire rock layers), causing patchy or extensive mortality. Loss of cover frees up space that can be colonized temporarily at least by opportunistic species (Littler & Seapy 1979). Heavy surf, usually from W/NW swells in winter, also removes sand from the intertidal, which is returned gradually during calmer periods, most often in the summer months (Stewart 1983, 1989a).

Less is known about ecosystem responses to environmental variability over time scales of years to decades or more, because relatively few long-term intertidal databases exist. Daily surface water temperatures taken at the Scripps Institution of Oceanography pier (La Jolla) since 1920 reveal remarkable long-term environmental trends (see Fig. 8). Notably, the 32-yr period from 1944-1975 was characterized by cooler than average temperatures, except for the 1957-1959 El Niño years. In contrast, the 20-yr period from 1976 to the present has been warmer than the 75-yr mean, except for a few normal or cool years. This 2-decade warming trend includes several El Niño episodes, such as the major 1982-83 event, in which a combination of severe storms, high temperatures, and low nutrients caused dramatic changes in marine ecosystems (Gunnill 1985; Tegner & Dayton 1987; Seymour et al. 1989; Engle 1994). Long-term warming has been associated with northward shifts in the ranges of southern species (Barry et al. 1995) and with dramatic declines in the abundance of zooplankton in southern California (Roemmich & McGowan 1995). The insight gained from these long-term perspectives of oceanographic conditions is that the species assemblages found in rocky intertidal habitats at Point Loma in 1995 likely reflect the cumulative effects of 2 decades of warm-water conditions.

Table 4 and Figures 9-12 summarize abundance trends for 13 index species, birds, and human visitors for the 1990-1995 surveys in the 3 public use areas. The 6-yr monitoring results clearly reveal the dynamic nature of the rocky intertidal resources at the Monument. Relatively minor seasonal cycles were identified for 5 of the 11 key species that had sufficient presence for evaluation (black abalone were absent and only 1 ochre sea star was seen). Rockweed and surf grass tended to be less abundant in Spring periods, while sargassum weed, red algal turf, and goose barnacles generally had lower cover in Fall surveys. Larger scale resource dynamics either were irregular or indicated multi-year trends, many of which were negative. Over the 6-yr period, 5 key species (rockweed, sargassum weed, red algal turf, aggregating anemones, & acorn barnacles), though variable in population dynamics, ended up with similar abundances as at the study start. Surf grass was the only species to increase its cover from 1990-1995. *Phyllospadix* in the grass zone transects, where it was common from the start, expanded by 39%, while in the kelp zone it increased 625% as the once dominant boa kelp declined. Two species (goose barnacles & owl limpets) declined moderately, with overall population decreases of 29% and 23% respectively. Three other species (boa kelp, thatched barnacles, & California mussels) declined drastically (by 84%, 75%, and 87% respectively). Boa kelp and thatched barnacle populations are capable of recovery within a few years if conditions are favorable (Vesco & Gillard 1980). However, the disappearance of mussels from the Cabrillo tidepools is especially disturbing because they once were abundant (Zedler 1976), they provide shelter for a high diversity of plants and animals (Paine 1966; MacGinitie & MacGinitie 1968; Suchanek 1979; Kanter 1980), and even if conditions become favorable recovery may take a decade or longer (Vesco & Gillard 1980; Kinnetics 1992).

The dynamic trends in most of these index species populations demonstrate the importance of long-term monitoring in assessing the changing "baseline" condition of intertidal resources. All of the key species populations showed periodic, irregular, or multi-year abundance patterns. The seasonal patterns probably were due to environmental cycles as described above. For example, Winter storms can thin out rockweed and surf grass populations (Gunnill 1983; Stewart 1989a; Ambrose et al. 1995), sargassum weed undergoes post-reproductive declines in the Summer (Gunnill 1980a; Deysher & Norton 1982), and increased sand cover during calm-weather periods can partially bury red algal turf (Stewart 1983, 1989a). Irregular storm activity affected owl limpet and goose barnacle populations as evidenced by break-outs of major rock sections from certain plots (e.g., L243 in S92; L242 & Po274 in S93).

Other annual or multi-year trends may be due to natural environmental changes, human impacts, or a combination of both influences. Historically black abalone and ochre sea stars were present at the Monument (Zedler 1976, 1978). Abalone losses prior to initiation of this project may have been associated with the mysterious "withering" syndrome that has caused widespread declines at the Channel Islands (Lafferty & Kuris 1993; Richards & Davis 1993) and along other mainland shores in southern California (Miller & Lawrenze-Miller 1993; Ambrose et al. 1995). Similarly, sea star populations in this region have been decimated by a "wasting" disease, apparently caused by a warm-water bacterium of the genus *Vibrio* (Schroeter & Dixon pers. comm.). The once common mussels declined greatly before these surveys, and continued to disappear from 1990-1995. It may be more than a coincidence that mussels feed on plankton, and that Roemmich and McGowan (1995) reported an 80% decline in macrozooplankton biomass in southern California waters from 1951-1993, associated with seawater warming. Also, boa kelp is known to be sensitive to heat stress, as evidenced by catastrophic mortalities in La Jolla populations during the 1982-83 El Niño (Gunnill 1985). Thus it is likely that some of the key

species trends are linked directly or indirectly to the remarkable 20-yr trend of warmer ocean temperatures (Fig. 8), a condition especially evident during the past 6 yrs (Fig. 7).

Impacts from human activities on rocky intertidal ecosystems may be caused by various types of pollution from point sources (e.g., outfalls, vessel spills) and non-point sources (e.g., storm runoff, aerial fallout), and visitor activities (see Ghazanshahi et al. 1983; Foster et al. 1988; Anderson et al. 1993 for reviews). Impacts may range from single events affecting one location (e.g., a shipwreck on the beach) to chronic (but often low level), widespread conditions (e.g., trace metal contamination) that may show little short-term effect, but cause significant cumulative effects over many years or decades. Widdowson (1971) resurveyed intertidal transects in the Los Angeles area that had been originally sampled by Dawson (1965) in 1956-1959, and found widespread declines in algal diversity that were attributed to human usage, air pollution, and water contamination. Thom and Widdowson (1978) expanded these resurveys throughout southern California 15 yr after Dawson's initial characterizations, and discovered general shifts in the flora away from massive species and toward turf and crustose species. These intertidal community changes were most evident at stations located in heavily-populated metropolitan areas or in public parks with heavy recreational use. Twenty years ago, Zedler (1976) compared areas varying in degree of human use at the Cabrillo tidepools and found lower abundances of certain coralline algae, sand castle worms, and limpets in more heavily-visited habitats. In experiments with turning over rocks, species diversity of exposed invertebrates declined rapidly after 2 weeks, and opportunistic green algae invaded by 4 weeks (Zedler 1978). In trampled algal turf mats, the more brittle species of erect coralline algae were most impacted, with recovery estimated to take 1-2 yr (Zedler 1978).

The people counts document that large numbers of visitors came to explore the Cabrillo tidepools, especially near the sole access point in AI. Evidence of human impacts noted during these surveys included the frightening of marine birds (clearly shown by the inverse relationship of people and birds), presence of beach debris (e.g., bottles, ropes, styrofoam, driftwood, lobster traps, shipwreck junk), trampled habitats (e.g., worn paths in the turf flats, cracked limpets), rocks turned upside down (killing attached species), displaced marine life (specimens moved to inappropriate microhabitats), disturbed organisms (e.g., anemones poked, limpets pried off rocks), and illegal collecting (e.g., several instances where people were cited by Monument staff for collecting sackfulls of owl limpets). Overall, limpet poaching appeared to be a rare occurrence, and the abundance of large owl limpets (which are mostly reproductive females) within the protected Cabrillo National Monument visitor use areas and not elsewhere on Point Loma (see Zedler 1978; Engle & Davis 1996b) clearly demonstrates that establishment and enforcement of non-harvested regions is critical to maintaining natural communities.

Except for birds, effects of visitor activities were not obvious from the specific results of the key species monitoring, as most of the population changes occurred similarly in all 3 public use areas, or reflected habitat differences among AI, AII, and AIII. This should not lead one to conclude that impacts are not occurring. An important consideration is that decades of visitor use took place prior to this study (Zedler 1976, 1978), so initial (1990) survey conditions were not pristine. Thus the ecosystem may be in a continuously disturbed state. Insight into this possibility occurred during the 1992 sewage spill from the nearby undersea pipeline, which resulted in closure of the Cabrillo tidepools for two months. During this time algae grew on previously trampled and mostly barren rock paths, but when the intertidal zone was reopened to visitors, the plant growth was quickly worn away to bare substrate once again (Engle 1992).

Another major consideration is that other (non-visitor) impacts to Monument tidepools, such as water and air pollution, are widespread, affecting all 3 survey areas. Likely contamination sources include shoreside runoff, the San Diego harbor, the Tijuana River, offshore shipping, and the Point Loma municipal outfall. Sometimes the source of the problem is obvious, such as when the sewage outfall pipe burst, creating a massive spill during February-April 1992. Fortunately, with the monitoring program in place, additional sampling was able to detect apparent impacts from suspended particulates and added nutrients to the intertidal ecosystem (i.e., increased sedimentation of turf habitats and blooms of opportunistic algae) (Engle 1992). Possible spill-related changes in the key species populations were more difficult to assess because there was no control for natural variation. Noteworthy were relatively large decreases in rockweed, boa kelp, and acorn barnacle cover between J92 and F92, coincident with increases in surf grass and owl limpet abundances, but sea temperatures were above normal that summer (Fig. 7). The source of another type of widespread contamination is unknown. Tissues from mussels on Point Loma analyzed by federal and state Mussel Watch Programs have shown some of the highest levels of silver found in mussels anywhere in the country (NOAA 1989; SWRCB 1989, 1995). Silver is known to be toxic, but its effect on Monument mussel populations is unclear.

Based on the above discussion, it is evident that impacts to the marine life of the Cabrillo tidepools from visitor and other human activities continue to occur, but the extent of these impacts is difficult to separate from natural environmental variation without detailed experimental studies. However, the fact that 7 of the 13 monitored index species have either declined significantly (presumably along with their associated flora and fauna) or remain absent from the Cabrillo National Monument ecosystem is cause for great concern. Measures to minimize the threat to Point Loma shores from external pollutants require cooperative efforts among multiple agencies. Goals should include identification of pollution sources, adoption of procedures to reduce ongoing or accidental chemical releases, and development of rapid-response capabilities for containing spills and removing or detoxifying contaminants without compounding shore impacts. Beach debris impacts could be minimized by controlling sources, and sponsoring beach clean-up events.

In order to lessen public use impacts at the Cabrillo tidepools, educational programs should be promoted, enforcement of regulations prohibiting collecting and minimizing disturbance should be increased, research on ecological conditions encouraged, and development of an intertidal resource management plan considered. One option for this plan would be to develop a zonal management scheme in which some intertidal areas are open to public visitation, some partially restricted, and others left in an undisturbed "natural" state. The non-use areas would serve as scientific "controls" for evaluating natural ecosystem dynamics, that could then be compared with the disturbed public use areas. Continued monitoring of key resources in all 3 types of areas would be essential for evaluating the effectiveness of management actions. The coupling of updated ecological research with comprehensive management strategies will help to achieve the optimum balance of public access and resource protection necessary to preserve the essential value of this important land/water interface ecosystem.

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TABLES

Table 1. Index Taxa and Monitoring Techniques at Cabrillo National Monument.
Values in parentheses indicate the # of replicate plots emphasizing those particular species.

Technique/Taxa	Dimensions	Number Per Area	Total Sample
Photoplot	50 X 75 cm	21	63
Acorn Barnacle			
<i>Chthamalus</i> spp.			
Pink Thatched Barnacle		(5)	
<i>Tetraclita rubescens</i>			
Rockweed		(5)	
<i>Pelvetia fastigiata</i>			
California Mussel		(5)	
<i>Mytilus californianus</i>			
Goose Barnacle		(6)	
<i>Pollicipes polymerus</i>			
Other Plants			
Other Animals			
Tar			
Bare Substrate			
Circular Plot	1 m radius	6	18
Owl Limpet			
<i>Lottia gigantea</i>			
Line Transect	10 m	6	18
Boa Kelp		(2)	
<i>Egregia menziesii</i>			
Sargassum Weed			
<i>Sargassum muticum</i>			
Red Algal Turf		(2)	
<i>Corallina</i> spp. et al.			
Surf Grass		(2)	
<i>Phyllospadix</i> spp.			
Aggregating Anemone			
<i>Anthopleura elegantissima</i>			
Other Biota			
Tar			
Bare Substrate			
Timed Search	30 person-minutes	1	3
Black Abalone			
<i>Haliotis cracherodii</i>			
Ochre Sea Star			
<i>Pisaster ochraceus</i>			

Table 2. Rocky Intertidal Survey Plots and Plot Identification Codes.

Plot Type/ Key Species	Plot Code	Photo/Tag Code		
		Area I	Area II	Area III
Photoplot				
Barnacles	B1	286	247	3
	B2	299	248	16
	B3	294	256	29
	B4	292	259	30
	B5	293	260	20
Rockweed <i>(Pelvetia)</i>	Pe1	291	249	9
	Pe2	290	251	10
	Pe3	295	252	28
	Pe4	288	258	27
	Pe5	287	265	25
Mussel	M1	298	245	24
	M2	297	246	15
	M3	296	253	14
	M4	289	254	17
	M5	285	255	12
Goose Barnacle <i>(Pollicipes)</i>	Po1	276N		269N
	Po2	276S	275C	269S
	Po3	281N	274N	196C
	Po4	281S	274S	
	Po5	278N		23N
	Po6		273S	
Circular Plot				
Owl Limpet	L1	280	239	13
	L2	284	243	26
	L3	283	240	21
	L4	282	242	17
	L5	279	266	18
	L6	277	241	11
Line Transect				
Red Algal Turf	T1	237	244	1
	T2	210	270	8
Surf Grass	G3	238	267	7
	G4	211	271	5
Feather Boa Kelp	K5	236	268	2
	K6	212	272	4

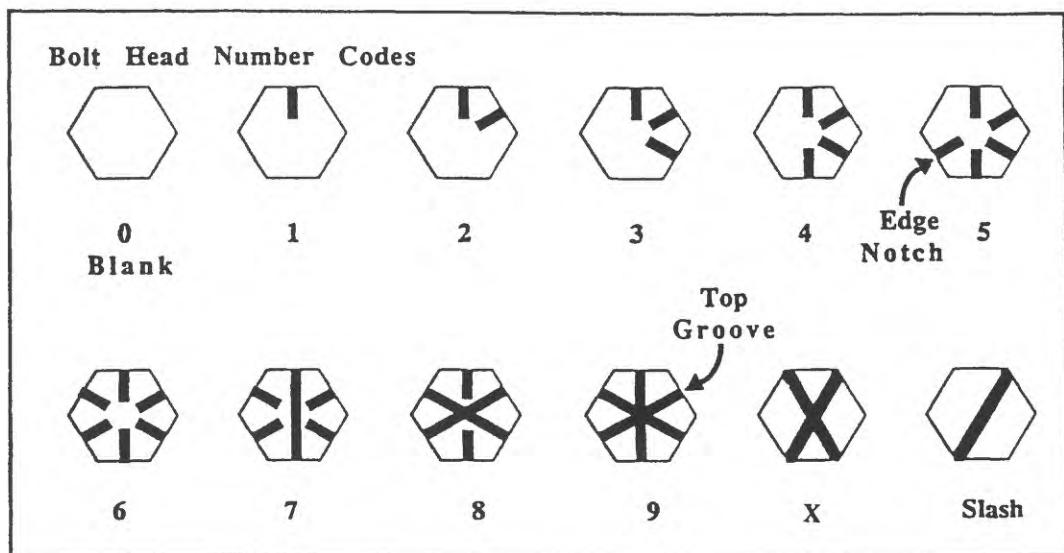


Table 3. Cabrillo National Monument Rocky Intertidal Survey Schedule.

Season	Dates	Field Activity
Spring 1990	Feb 4-7	Establish CABR long-term monitoring sites
Spring 1990	Feb 8-10	S90 CABR monitoring surveys
Fall 1990	Nov 28-Dec 1	F90 CABR monitoring surveys
Spring 1991	Mar 23-26	S91 CABR monitoring surveys
Fall 1991	Nov 3-5	F91 CABR monitoring surveys
Spring 1992	Apr 11-13	S92 CABR monitoring surveys (after sewage spill)
June 1992	Jun 2-5	J92 CABR monitoring surveys (2 mo after sewage spill)
Fall 1992	Nov 21-23	F92 CABR monitoring surveys
Spring 1993	Mar 6-8	S93 CABR monitoring surveys
Fall 1993	Oct 14-16	F93 CABR monitoring surveys
Spring 1994	Mar 6-8	S94 CABR monitoring surveys
Fall 1994	Oct 5-7	F94 CABR monitoring surveys
Spring 1995	Feb 15-17, 23	Navy monitoring site scouting surveys
Spring 1995	Feb 24, 27	Establish Navy long-term monitoring sites
Spring 1995	Feb 25-26, Mar 2	S95 CABR monitoring surveys
Spring 1995	Feb 28, Mar 1	S95 Navy monitoring surveys
Fall 1995	Oct 21-22, 25	F95 CABR monitoring surveys
Fall 1995	Oct 23-24	F95 Navy monitoring surveys

Table 4. Rocky Intertidal Resource and Public Use Trends at Cabrillo National Monument: 1990 to 1995

	AREA I											
INDEX TAXA	S90	F90	S91	F91	S92	F92	S93	F93	S94	F94	S95	F95
ACORN BARNACLES^	2	13	10	12	16	18	1	4	4	1	9	4
THATCHED BARNACLES^	20	17	20	13	10	11	13	12	5	10	5	6
ROCKWEED^	59	62	57	77	60	66	47	52	59	50	51	43
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL^	16	9	6	9	7	10	8	9	13	16	12	11
GOOSE BARNACLES (Photo)	13	11	11	10	13	12	8	13	14	15	13	13
GOOSE BARNACLES (Band)	5.4	5.2	4.6	4.7	5.2	5.2	4.8	4.4	4	4.1	3	nd
X SIZE (mm)	52	84	55	66	46	43	43	39	41	37	57	nd
OWL LIMPETS: X #"	34	40	39	34	36	39	44	37	42	37	31	37
X SIZE (mm)	48	46	44	43	44	43	41	43	42	42	43	45
BOA KELP^	44	31	14	54	51	43	33	10	11	13	6	2
SARGASSUM WEED^	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
RED ALGAL TURF^	87	81	88	83	81	83	84	79	81	79	84	78
SURF GRASS (Grass transect)	53	72	70	71	79	77	86	85	90	87	91	80
SURF GRASS (Kelp transect)^	10	16	8	19	20	20	40	31	45	49	61	40
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	2	1	2	1	2	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
BLACK ABALONE~	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OCHRE SEASTAR~	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
BIRDS"	6	11	8	9	6	nd	4	0	9	5	10	4
PEOPLE"	80	73	50	62	33	nd	41	118	40	44	35	48

	AREA II											
INDEX TAXA	S90	F90	S91	F91	S92	F92	S93	F93	S94	F94	S95	F95
ACORN BARNACLES^	13	24	28	23	14	18	12	10	7	6	18	13
THATCHED BARNACLES^	30	24	26	21	14	13	10	12	8	8	7	6
ROCKWEED^	71	72	68	75	71	54	58	74	58	60	69	77
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL^	55	30	21	18	10	8	8	4	1	1	1	1
GOOSE BARNACLES (Photo)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
GOOSE BARNACLES (Band)	3.5	2.6	2.5	2	3	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.7	nd
X SIZE (mm)	76	46	32	35	38	25	28	27	37	43	57	nd
OWL LIMPETS: X #"	27	34	35	34	31	31	37	32	32	28	24	22
X SIZE (mm)	53	52	47	51	51	51	51	50	50	49	49	50
BOA KELP^	55	42	11	29	30	48	31	23	10	3	0	0
SARGASSUM WEED^	6	0	6	0	3	3	2	0	0	2	1	0
RED ALGAL TURF^	73	75	74	71	79	72	52	80	79	81	80	83
SURF GRASS (Grass transect)	57	69	62	70	72	74	77	85	79	81	58	95
SURF GRASS (Kelp transect)^	11	17	24	38	47	29	49	48	73	78	81	67
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	1	1	0	1	1	2	0	1	0	1	0	0
BLACK ABALONE~	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OCHRE SEASTAR~	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BIRDS"	19	15	29	31	nd	40	3	20	11	17	7	7
PEOPLE"	25	31	18	20	5	nd	12	141	13	8	11	6

^ = Percent Cover in Fixed plots " = Mean Counts in Fixed Plots ~ = Counts in Timed Searches S = Spring F = Fall J = June ND = No Data

Table 4. Rocky Intertidal Resource and Public Use Trends at Cabrillo National Monument: 1990 to 1995

	AREA III					
INDEX TAXA	S90	F90	S91	F91	S92	F92
ACORN BARNACLES^	13	27	24	42	36	35
THATCHED BARNACLES^	22	23	24	24	16	14
ROCKWEED^	84	74	65	76	71	86
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL^	47	34	28	25	23	15
GOOSE BARNACLES (Photo)	0	0	0	0	0	0
GOOSE BARNACLES (Band)	2.6	7.2	3	2.6	4.1	3.4
X SIZE (mm)	107	603	119	122	132	107
OWL LIMPETS: X#"	39	42	41	36	30	43
X SIZE (mm)	46	47	46	47	47	45
BOA KELP^	54	36	22	25	40	50
SARGASSUM WEED^	3	2	0	3	8	2
RED ALGAL TURF^	90	80	87	79	94	91
SURF GRASS (Grass transect)	60	72	58	70	61	76
SURF GRASS (Kelp transect)^	4	7	7	14	5	11
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	2	1	2	2	1	2
BLACK ABALONE~	0	0	0	0	0	0
OCHRE SEASTAR~	0	0	0	0	0	0
BIRDS"	74	103	107	100	83	nd
PEOPLE"	6	18	9	5	2	nd

	ALL AREAS					
INDEX TAXA	S90	F90	S91	F91	S92	F92
ACORN BARNACLES^	9	21	21	26	22	24
THATCHED BARNACLES^	24	21	23	19	13	13
ROCKWEED^	71	69	63	76	69	74
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL^	39	24	18	17	13	14
GOOSE BARNACLES (Photo)	4	4	4	3	4	4
GOOSE BARNACLES (Band)	3.8	5	3.4	3.1	4.1	3.8
X SIZE (mm)	78	244	69	74	72	58
OWL LIMPETS: X#"	33	39	38	35	32	38
BOA KELP^	49	48	46	47	47	46
SARGASSUM WEED^	3	1	2	1	4	2
RED ALGAL TURF^	83	79	83	78	85	82
SURF GRASS (Grass transect)	57	71	63	70	71	76
SURF GRASS (Kelp transect)^	8	13	13	24	20	35
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	2	1	1	1	2	0
BLACK ABALONE~	0	0	0	0	0	0
OCHRE SEASTAR~	0	0	0	0	0	0
BIRDS"	33	43	46	40	nd	26
PEOPLE"	37	41	25	29	13	nd

^ = Percent Cover in Fixed plots " = Mean Counts in Fixed Plots ~ = Counts in Timed Searches S = Spring F = Fall J = June ND = No Data

Table 5 . Summary of Public Use in Cabrillo NM Intertidal Zone.
Data generally were collected within 30 min of daytime (1000-1600 hrs PST) low tides (<15 cm MLLW) during 1990-1995 at 3 sites.

Season	# Surveys	Total	People in Area I				People in Area II				People in Area III				People in All Areas						
			People in Area I		People in Area II		People in Area III		People in Area I		People in Area II		People in Area III		People in All Areas						
			Total	Min	Max	Avg	Total	Min	Max	Avg	Total	Min	Max	Avg	Total	Min	Max	SD			
S90	2	160	53	107	80	38	49	20	29	25	6	12	0	12	6	9	221	73	148	111	53
F90	16	1162	1	297	73	95	488	0	200	31	54	287	0	87	18	29	1937	3	378	121	140
S91	39	1930	0	151	50	39	686	0	150	18	28	365	0	80	9	17	2981	3	246	76	60
F91	11	682	21	80	62	50	217	2	32	20	17	51	0	16	5	5	950	24	98	86	64
S92	30	986	0	327	33	66	149	0	39	5	10	56	0	24	2	5	1191	0	384	40	79
F92	6	245	24	92	41	27	69	0	27	12	10	49	0	23	8	9	363	25	117	61	32
S93	1	118	118	118	118	118	141	141	141	141	141	20	20	20	20	20	279	279	279	279	279
F93	42	1673	0	115	40	28	536	0	83	13	18	462	0	120	11	29	2671	2	241	64	54
S94	53	2329	0	131	44	30	416	0	64	8	12	112	0	36	2	6	2857	0	182	54	39
F94	39	1355	0	109	35	27	419	0	68	11	17	194	0	40	5	9	1968	1	173	51	47
S95	40	1765	0	160	44	32	393	0	38	10	11	150	0	32	4	7	2308	0	206	58	43
F95	9	435	0	93	48	34	57	0	26	6	9	7	0	7	1	2	499	0	116	55	41
90-95S	165	7288	0	327	44	42	1834	0	150	11	20	715	0	80	4	10	9837	0	384	60	58
90-95 F	123	5552	0	297	45	46	1786	0	200	15	25	1050	0	120	9	21	8388	0	378	68	71
90-95 All	288	12840	0	327	45	43	3620	0	200	13	22	1765	0	120	6	16	18225	0	384	63	64

Table 6. Bird Abundance Summary Data by Site.
Data generally were collected within 30 min of daytime (1000-1600 hrs PST) low tides (<15 cm MLLW) during 1990-1995 at 3 sites.

Season	#	Birds in Area I				Birds in Area II				Birds in Area III				Birds in All Areas				
		Surveys		Total	Min	Max	SD	Surveys		Total	Min	Max	SD	Surveys		Total	Min	Max
		#						#						#				SD
S90	2	11	1	1	6	6	6	38	14	24	19	7	148	41	107	74	47	
F90	16	177	0	32	11	11	238	4	38	15	10	1649	4	360	103	97		
S91	39	314	0	34	8	7	578	0	49	15	12	4173	14	537	107	102		
F91	11	98	0	33	9	10	315	6	79	29	22	1105	7	395	100	135		
S92	30	172	0	15	6	4	925	3	96	31	26	2481	0	329	83	83		
F92	6	25	0	10	4	4	240	8	99	40	36	196	11	122	33	44		
S93	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	3	3	3	95	95	95	95	95		
F93	42	385	0	82	9	14	835	2	66	20	13	1773	0	185	42	49		
S94	53	261	0	29	5	6	596	0	46	11	9	2139	0	224	40	59		
F94	39	385	0	51	10	10	676	1	66	17	15	1402	1	183	36	36		
S95	40	142	0	23	4	5	265	0	30	7	6	904	0	92	23	27		
F95	9	31	0	8	3	2	67	2	16	7	5	76	1	26	8	9		
90-95 S		165	900	0	34	5	6	2405	0	96	15	16	9940	0	537	60	78	
90-95 F		123	1101	0	82	9	11	2371	1	99	19	17	6201	0	395	50	69	
90-95 All		288	2001	0	82	7	9	4776	0	99	16	17	16141	0	537	57	74	
															13245	2	573	
															9673	7	415	
															22918	2	573	
																80	79	

Table 7. Bird Abundance Summary Data by Bird Type.
 Data generally were collected within 30 min of daytime (1000-1600 hrs PST) low tides (<15 cm MLLW) during 1990-1995
 for 3 bird types at 3 sites.

SEASON	# Surveys	MEAN # BIRDS IN AREA I			MEAN # BIRDS IN AREA II			MEAN # BIRDS IN AREA III			MEAN # BIRDS IN ALL AREAS		
		WADE	SHORE	SEA	WADE	SHORE	SEA	WADE	SHORE	SEA	WADE	SHORE	SEA
		ALL	ALL	ALL	ALL	ALL	ALL	ALL	ALL	ALL	ALL	ALL	ALL
S90	2	3	3	0	6	6	19	12	55	7	74	20	67
F90	16	2	6	3	11	1	15	6	29	68	103	9	43
S91	39	0	5	2	8	1	10	4	5	37	65	107	6
F91	11	1	4	4	9	1	10	18	29	3	8	89	100
S92	30	0	2	4	6	1	22	7	31	3	22	58	83
F92	6	0	1	3	4	2	29	9	40	2	7	24	33
S93	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	3	0	41	54	95
F93	42	1	3	5	9	2	9	9	20	3	8	31	42
S94	53	1	1	3	5	1	6	4	11	3	3	35	40
F94	39	1	3	6	10	1	6	10	17	3	6	27	36
S95	40	1	1	2	4	1	2	4	7	4	2	17	23
F95	9	1	1	2	4	1	2	4	7	4	2	17	23
90-95S	165	1	2	3	5	1	9	5	15	4	15	42	60
90-95 F	123	1	3	5	9	2	8	9	19	3	9	38	50
90-95 All	288	1	3	4	7	1	9	7	17	4	13	40	56

Table 8. Photoplot Primary Index Taxa Summary Data.

Percent cover data for 5 index taxa (acorn barnacles, thatched barnacles, rockweed, mussels, goose barnacles) are presented for 13 seasonal surveys at 3 sites.

AREA I	ACORN					THATCHED					ROCKWEED					MUSSEL					GOOSE BARNACLE					
	DATE	286	292	293	294	299	286	292	293	294	299	287	288	290	291	295	285	289	296	297	298	285	289	296	297	298
S90	5	2	0	0	4	11	26	7	37	21	27	60	48	72	88	10	13	17	23	16	17	0	28	16	19	
F90	39	0	0	0	24	18	17	5	25	21	44	45	70	69	82	6	2	17	14	7	14	0	36	18	9	
S91	33	4	0	0	13	23	26	10	23	18	29	42	56	79	80	7	2	11	5	6	13	0	26	18	14	
F91	29	0	0	0	29	16	17	7	16	10	78	58	84	73	93	9	0	15	13	7	13	0	25	17	15	
S92	25	2	3	1	50	18	11	4	3	5	41	60	63	62	76	2	0	18	8	5	10	0	27	20	13	
J92	31	5	1	6	48	19	8	6	19	3	37	63	72	78	80	5	3	21	10	9	16	0	27	32	21	
F92	5	0	0	2	0	32	8	8	13	5	44	52	27	65	7	1	18	10	6	13	0	22	28	24		
S93	1	0	0	0	14	29	2	2	15	2	34	50	70	37	70	2	0	28	9	7	18	0	24	27	23	
F93	10	0	0	0	9	21	1	3	13	2	46	68	71	40	72	7	1	34	12	9	15	0	24	30	26	
S94	3	0	0	0	1	32	0	6	11	3	48	74	30	52	8	33	11	10	11	11	0	24	20	21		
F94	5	4	5	0	20	14	5	4	0	2	38	79	28	59	6	0	38	13	4	7	0	21	18	29		
S95	4	4	0	0	30	17	0	5	6	3	42	56	52	25	41	3	0	34	12	4	6	0	23	17	19	
F95	6	0	0	0	14	11	1	2	1	2	56	74	69	35	71	6	0	39	15	8	1	0	22	19	21	

AREA II	ACORN					THATCHED					ROCKWEED					MUSSEL					GOOSE BARNACLE					
	DATE	247	248	256	259	260	247	248	256	259	260	249	251	252	258	265	245	246	253	254	255	245	246	253	254	255
S90	0	25	4	29	6	15	12	43	29	52	72	71	72	69	73	65	74	46	18	74	0	0	0	0	0	0
F90	1	44	8	49	17	9	7	39	12	52	73	62	66	77	80	44	53	17	6	31	0	0	0	0	0	0
S91	0	43	8	66	23	10	5	41	19	54	66	62	71	75	68	41	43	3	0	18	0	0	0	0	0	0
F91	4	45	14	30	21	8	7	41	18	31	90	47	83	82	72	36	36	5	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	0
S92	0	14	18	22	17	0	5	34	10	20	76	77	81	82	68	20	27	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
J92	9	20	20	18	22	4	2	24	12	23	75	36	87	72	83	16	23	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
F92	0	34	11	8	0	5	1	17	11	15	44	27	66	57	74	18	18	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
S93	0	15	14	9	10	0	3	19	11	25	44	50	56	65	74	19	14	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
F93	0	21	0	8	8	3	0	12	1	22	58	69	79	83	79	9	10	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
S94	0	18	0	3	7	0	6	10	3	19	59	29	65	65	73	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F94	0	23	1	12	56	2	3	6	5	17	70	38	68	63	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S95	2	21	6	9	26	1	4	14	4	12	65	59	70	78	72	4	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	
F95	0	18	2	6	24	1	4	2	9	16	79	54	92	77	82	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	

AREA III	ACORN					THATCHED					ROCKWEED					MUSSEL					GOOSE BARNACLE					
	DATE	3	16	20	29	30	3	16	20	29	30	9	10	25	27	28	12	14	15	17	24	12	14	15	17	24
S90	11	14	0	13	29	22	15	18	30	25	77	90	92	76	84	64	40	39	55	39	0	0	0	0	0	0
F90	11	26	14	44	42	34	18	10	19	32	64	79	90	66	69	36	30	32	44	28	0	0	0	0	0	0
S91	13	19	9	33	47	38	23	11	25	22	56	60	62	72	74	37	24	27	33	20	0	0	0	0	0	0
F91	25	53	32	52	48	37	19	10	21	31	67	89	99	78	47	20	28	19	37	22	0	0	0	0	0	0
S92	17	40	36	59	27	26	17	8	16	11	72	81	74	83	46	24	25	21	28	16	0	0	0	0	0	0
J92	25	29	32	53	34	20	12	6	14	17	85	77	94	82	23	25	22	26	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	
F92	10	1	0	2	0	12	14	8	17	31	58	60	70	75	53	18	24	15	12	8	0	0	0	0	0	0
S93	14	14	0	13	11	15	17	8	25	35	54	93	69	49	62	11	22	19	11	9	0	0	0	0	0	0
F93	19	12	14	31	26	12	10	8	19	27	62	86	63	67	20	4	16	17	8	7	0	0	0	0	0	0
S94	13	9	11	35	19	16	15	14	22	27	78	67	82	80	45	2	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F94	26	19	37	43	37	5	11	12	13	22	81	90	76	90	31	4	9	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S95	11	27	59	42	47	3	1	11	18	25	67	88	60	86	83	0	4	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	
F95	8	12	6	12	10	0	1	9	13	20	75	92	84	67	0	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 9. Photoplots Species Summary by Site.

Mean % cover data for 8 taxa in 4 intertidal zones (barnacle, rockweed, mussel and goose barnacle) are presented for 13 seasonal surveys at 3 sites. N = 5 for barnacles, rockweed and mussels. N = 6 for goose barnacles.

GOOSE BARNACLE																									
AREA I		BARNACLE						ROCKWEED						MUSSEL						GOOSE BARNACLE					
DATE	AB	TB	RW	CM	GB	OP	OA	BS	AB	TB	RW	CM	GB	OP	OA	BS	AB	TB	RW	CM	GB	OP	OA	BS	
SPRING 90	2	20	0	0	4	15	15	43	0	0	59	0	0	19	2	19	0	2	0	16	13	29	4	37	
FALL 90	13	17	0	1	4	23	5	38	0	0	62	0	0	23	0	15	0	1	0	9	11	38	5	36	
SPRING 91	10	20	0	0	4	12	9	46	0	0	57	0	0	23	1	19	1	2	0	6	11	37	4	40	
FALL 91	12	13	0	1	3	24	7	39	0	0	77	0	0	15	0	8	0	1	0	9	11	39	4	36	
SPRING 92	16	10	0	1	3	38	6	25	2	0	60	0	0	25	0	12	0	0	0	7	10	44	4	35	
JUNE 92	18	11	0	0	4	23	11	32	0	0	66	0	0	21	0	13	0	0	0	10	13	28	7	42	
FALL 92	1	13	0	2	2	35	4	43	0	0	47	0	0	39	0	14	0	0	0	8	12	37	6	37	
SPRING 93	4	12	0	3	2	23	5	53	2	0	52	0	0	33	0	13	1	0	0	9	8	28	11	43	
FALL 93	4	5	3	3	1	42	2	38	1	0	59	0	0	30	0	10	1	0	0	13	13	40	7	27	
SPRING 94	1	10	0	4	0	28	8	50	0	0	50	0	0	41	0	8	0	0	0	16	14	29	6	35	
FALL 94	9	5	0	2	0	51	1	32	1	0	51	0	0	33	0	15	2	0	0	12	15	37	1	33	
SPRING 95	8	6	0	2	0	45	2	37	1	1	43	0	0	42	0	12	1	0	0	11	13	54	1	20	
FALL 95	4	3	0	2	0	43	1	46	0	0	61	0	0	28	0	10	1	0	0	14	13	47	1	24	
BARNACLE														ROCKWEED						MUSSEL					
AREA II		BARNACLE						AB						AB						GOOSE BARNACLE					
DATE	AB	TB	RW	CM	GB	OP	OA	BS	AB	TB	RW	CM	GB	OP	OA	BS	AB	TB	RW	CM	GB	OP	OA	BS	
SPRING 90	13	30	1	2	0	6	5	43	0	0	71	0	0	14	2	13	2	2	0	55	0	14	4	23	
FALL 90	24	24	2	1	0	24	4	21	2	0	72	0	0	18	0	9	0	1	0	30	0	44	3	22	
SPRING 91	28	26	1	1	0	5	2	37	2	0	68	0	0	19	0	11	2	1	0	21	0	39	4	34	
FALL 91	23	21	1	1	0	27	11	16	1	0	75	0	0	19	0	6	1	1	0	18	0	52	3	24	
SPRING 92	14	14	1	1	0	32	17	21	0	0	77	0	0	14	0	9	0	0	0	10	0	70	3	16	
JUNE 92	18	13	2	3	0	13	21	31	0	0	71	0	0	20	0	9	0	0	0	8	0	8	0	20	
FALL 92	12	10	1	3	0	20	5	50	0	0	54	0	0	35	0	11	0	0	0	8	0	65	0	27	
SPRING 93	10	12	0	3	0	28	15	33	0	0	58	0	0	29	0	13	3	0	0	8	0	64	0	25	
FALL 93	7	8	1	1	0	47	6	29	0	0	74	0	0	19	0	7	1	0	0	4	0	70	1	24	
SPRING 94	6	8	1	2	0	41	13	29	0	0	58	0	0	30	0	12	4	0	0	1	1	60	4	29	
FALL 94	7	5	2	0	31	2	34	1	0	60	0	0	30	0	10	5	0	0	0	74	1	20	1	20	
SPRING 95	13	7	5	2	0	44	9	20	1	0	69	0	0	17	0	13	12	0	0	1	0	67	1	18	
FALL 95	10	6	5	2	0	17	1	59	0	0	77	0	0	19	0	4	0	4	0	1	0	75	1	20	
BARNACLE														ROCKWEED						MUSSEL					
AREA III		BARNACLE						AB						AB						GOOSE BARNACLE					
DATE	AB	TB	RW	CM	GB	OP	OA	BS	AB	TB	RW	CM	GB	OP	OA	BS	AB	TB	RW	CM	GB	OP	OA	BS	
SPRING 90	13	22	1	0	9	10	10	45	2	0	84	0	0	3	6	5	5	5	0	47	0	0	4	38	
FALL 90	27	23	2	0	0	13	3	32	3	1	74	0	0	5	11	6	8	4	0	34	0	10	4	40	
SPRING 91	24	24	1	0	0	6	4	41	6	1	65	0	0	16	4	8	6	3	0	28	0	7	7	49	
FALL 91	42	34	3	0	0	5	8	18	1	1	76	0	0	8	8	5	17	4	0	25	0	8	5	41	
SPRING 92	36	16	1	0	0	25	2	22	2	0	81	0	0	21	0	6	24	1	0	23	0	12	3	37	
JUNE 92	35	14	3	0	0	11	13	24	1	0	86	0	0	9	0	4	0	1	0	23	0	21	8	47	
FALL 92	3	16	4	0	0	25	3	48	1	0	63	0	0	25	2	8	3	3	0	15	0	10	6	63	
SPRING 93	10	20	2	0	0	14	8	45	2	0	65	0	0	25	0	8	4	2	0	14	0	7	7	66	
FALL 93	20	15	4	0	0	21	1	39	1	0	60	0	0	27	0	12	7	4	1	10	0	16	4	58	
SPRING 94	17	19	4	0	0	5	2	53	1	0	70	0	0	22	0	6	10	2	0	5	0	18	5	60	
FALL 94	32	13	3	0	0	13	3	36	1	0	74	0	0	21	0	5	48	4	0	4	0	15	1	28	
SPRING 95	37	12	4	0	0	13	7	27	2	0	77	0	0	13	0	8	68	4	1	2	0	3	2	21	
FALL 95	10	9	6	0	0	25	0	51	1	0	82	0	0	12	0	5	23	7	1	1	0	8	1	60	

AB=ACORN BARNACLE TB=THATCHED BARNACLE RW=ROCKWEED GB=GOOSE BARNACLE CM=CALIFORNIA MUSSEL OP=OTHER PLANTS OA=OTHER ANIMALS BS=BARE SUBSTRATE

Table 10. Goose Barnacle Summary Data.

Area covered (cm^2), number of clumps, and clump size (cm) statistics for 11 seasonal surveys at 3 sites.

AREA I		TRANSECT #276										TRANSECT #278										ALL TRANSECTS										
DATE	SUM NUM #S	#L	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	SUM NUM #S	#L	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	SUM NUM #S	#L	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	SUM NUM #S	#L	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD								
SPRING 90	7745	111	35	76	1	707	70	120	5080	130	39	91	1	491	39	69	3306	71	19	52	1	392	47	86	16131	312	93	219	1	707	52	94
FALL 90	8211	68	5	63	1	900	121	173	4599	60	2	58	2	525	77	108	2806	59	12	47	1	589	48	95	15615	187	19	168	1	900	84	135
SPRING 91	6430	80	20	60	1	660	80	117	5190	110	29	81	1	452	47	70	2283	61	16	45	1	420	37	73	13903	251	65	186	1	660	55	90
FALL 91	7000	76	21	55	1	735	92	162	4464	84	20	64	1	600	53	86	2571	53	13	40	3	462	49	85	14035	213	54	159	1	735	66	120
SPRING 92	8620	120	41	79	1	882	72	145	3779	125	48	77	1	294	30	55	3116	90	44	46	1	527	35	81	15514	335	133	202	1	882	46	104
JUNE 92	7465	119	50	69	1	635	63	130	4817	156	62	94	1	403	31	57	3384	89	40	49	1	626	38	93	15666	364	152	212	1	635	43	96
FALL 92	7303	95	34	61	1	1290	77	187	4330	156	69	87	1	300	28	51	2671	83	36	47	1	408	32	66	14304	334	139	195	1	1290	43	113
SPRING 93	6730	118	43	75	1	594	57	103	3759	157	80	77	1	324	24	50	2872	65	20	45	1	336	44	71	13361	340	143	197	1	594	39	77
FALL 93	6209	97	30	67	1	646	64	108	2945	113	48	65	1	377	26	57	2788	80	31	49	1	512	35	77	11942	290	109	181	1	646	41	83
SPRING 94	6416	115	46	69	1	1386	56	151	3527	119	50	69	1	392	30	64	2270	92	45	47	1	274	25	51	12213	326	143	183	1	1386	37	102
FALL 94	5600	59	10	49	1	550	95	137	1432	46	9	37	1	264	31	42	2102	56	17	39	1	343	38	69	9134	161	36	125	1	550	57	99
AREA II		TRANSECT #273										TRANSECT #274										TRANSECT #275										
DATE	SUM NUM #S	#L	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	SUM NUM #S	#L	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	SUM NUM #S	#L	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	SUM NUM #S	#L	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD								
SPRING 90	2130	53	8	45	1	450	40	70	6568	37	3	34	3	1385	178	320	1816	48	12	36	1	319	38	75	10514	138	23	115	1	1385	76	186
FALL 90	2681	92	23	69	1	408	29	52	3640	51	12	39	1	962	71	138	1551	28	4	24	3	314	55	79	7872	171	39	132	1	962	46	92
SPRING 91	2677	141	77	64	1	408	19	47	3367	53	16	37	1	908	64	136	1393	40	16	24	1	227	35	59	7437	234	109	125	1	908	32	80
FALL 91	2009	95	36	59	1	319	21	42	2513	41	5	36	1	578	61	107	1506	34	11	23	1	304	44	72	6027	170	52	118	1	578	35	71
SPRING 92	3482	135	69	66	1	858	26	82	3873	59	23	36	1	1748	66	231	1745	44	18	26	1	315	40	73	9099	238	110	128	1	1748	38	134
JUNE 92	3480	120	47	73	1	560	29	69	3583	147	99	48	1	1008	24	93	1270	72	45	27	1	224	18	40	8333	339	191	148	1	1008	25	76
FALL 92	3404	90	36	54	1	585	38	85	3295	120	74	46	1	884	27	93	995	69	45	24	1	204	14	32	7694	279	155	124	1	884	28	79
SPRING 93	3426	121	65	56	1	684	28	82	3304	111	43	68	1	616	30	79	1062	52	30	22	1	154	20	35	7792	284	138	146	1	684	27	74
FALL 93	3104	96	38	58	1	464	32	75	3487	76	36	40	1	924	46	130	827	30	11	19	1	192	28	42	7418	202	85	117	1	924	37	98
SPRING 94	3212	68	31	37	1	682	47	131	3686	92	52	40	1	1120	40	137	880	22	5	17	1	237	40	61	7778	182	88	94	1	1120	43	127
FALL 94	3690	56	14	42	1	855	66	154	3169	62	17	45	1	416	51	88	1118	22	5	17	1	227	51	66	7977	140	36	104	1	855	57	116
AREA III		TRANSECT #22										TRANSECT #23										TRANSECT #269										
DATE	SUM NUM #S	#L	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	SUM NUM #S	#L	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	SUM NUM #S	#L	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	SUM NUM #S	#L	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD								
SPRING 90	3185	47	18	29	1	714	68	149	1373	10	0	10	7	314	137	101	3220	16	0	16	7	616	216	7778	73	18	55	1	714	107	168	
FALL 90	6908	15	0	15	8	3318	461	817	7360	8	0	8	314	2827	920	803	7431	13	0	13	8	2827	572	795	21699	36	0	36	8	3318	603	803
SPRING 91	2561	39	11	28	1	715	66	132	1977	18	4	14	1	296	110	107	4600	20	0	20	6	1810	230	407	9138	77	15	62	1	1810	119	240
FALL 91	2345	35	13	22	1	675	67	127	1499	13	4	9	1	375	115	141	3945	16	1	15	3	1590	247	414	7789	64	18	46	1	1590	122	243
SPRING 92	3406	60	25	35	1	1200	57	167	3142	14	3	11	1	988	224	358	5701	19	0	19	15	2576	300	585	12249	93	28	65	1	2576	132	337
JUNE 92	2761	53	29	24	1	910	52	139	3559	19	3	16	2	861	177	239	4213	25	7	18	1	1728	169	352	10333	97	39	58	1	1728	107	236
FALL 92	3637	31	12	19	1	1248	117	250	2642	23	6	17	1	531	115	179	4647	27	7	20	1	1728	172	359	10926	81	25	56	1	1728	135	274
SPRING 93	3605	38	12	26	1	1113	95	203	3525	22	6	16	1	680	160	242	5259	22	3	19	1	1862	239	406	12389	82	21	61	1	1862	151	283
FALL 93	3092	21	4	17	3	1127	147	261	3024	16	2	14	3	616	189	247	4761	17	0	17	8	1520	280	398	10877	54	6	48	3	1520	201	266
SPRING 94	3663	39	14	25	1	1296	94	234	2486	20	3	17	1	595	124	182	4341	21	5	16	1	1326	207	316	10489	80	22	58	1	1326	131	249
FALL 94	2452	25	3	22	3	735	98	165	160	14	1	13	3	640	104	171	3282	17	2	15	2	1088	193	300	7194	56	6	50	2	1088	128	217

$\#S = \# \text{CLUMPS} <= 5 \text{ CM}^2$ $\#L = \# \text{CLUMPS} > 5 \text{ CM}^2$

Table 11. Goose Barnacle Size Distribution within Clumps by Site.
 Mean % (n=3) of barnacle clumps containing small, medium, and large individuals for 11 seasonal surveys at 3 sites.

DATE	AREA I			AREA II			AREA III			ALL AREAS		
	% SMALL (<1cm)	% MEDIUM (1-3cm)	% LARGE <th>% SMALL<br (<1cm)<="" th=""/><th>% MEDIUM (1-3cm)</th><th>% LARGE<br (>3cm)<="" th=""/><th>% SMALL<br (<1cm)<="" th=""/><th>% MEDIUM (1-3cm)</th><th>% LARGE<br (>3cm)<="" th=""/><th>% SMALL<br (<1cm)<="" th=""/><th>% MEDIUM (1-3cm)</th><th>% LARGE<br (>3cm)<="" th=""/></th></th></th></th></th></th>	% SMALL <th>% MEDIUM (1-3cm)</th> <th>% LARGE<br (>3cm)<="" th=""/><th>% SMALL<br (<1cm)<="" th=""/><th>% MEDIUM (1-3cm)</th><th>% LARGE<br (>3cm)<="" th=""/><th>% SMALL<br (<1cm)<="" th=""/><th>% MEDIUM (1-3cm)</th><th>% LARGE<br (>3cm)<="" th=""/></th></th></th></th></th>	% MEDIUM (1-3cm)	% LARGE <th>% SMALL<br (<1cm)<="" th=""/><th>% MEDIUM (1-3cm)</th><th>% LARGE<br (>3cm)<="" th=""/><th>% SMALL<br (<1cm)<="" th=""/><th>% MEDIUM (1-3cm)</th><th>% LARGE<br (>3cm)<="" th=""/></th></th></th></th>	% SMALL <th>% MEDIUM (1-3cm)</th> <th>% LARGE<br (>3cm)<="" th=""/><th>% SMALL<br (<1cm)<="" th=""/><th>% MEDIUM (1-3cm)</th><th>% LARGE<br (>3cm)<="" th=""/></th></th></th>	% MEDIUM (1-3cm)	% LARGE <th>% SMALL<br (<1cm)<="" th=""/><th>% MEDIUM (1-3cm)</th><th>% LARGE<br (>3cm)<="" th=""/></th></th>	% SMALL <th>% MEDIUM (1-3cm)</th> <th>% LARGE<br (>3cm)<="" th=""/></th>	% MEDIUM (1-3cm)	% LARGE
SPRING 90	82	95	59	75	93	71	67	81	71	78	93	64
FALL 90	68	92	81	80	94	50	86	86	56	75	92	65
SPRING 91	81	88	76	74	76	55	70	88	77	77	83	68
FALL 91	86	86	75	83	75	46	81	73	67	84	80	63
SPRING 92	85	78	16	78	82	15	63	91	34	79	81	18
JUNE 92	90	81	36	89	69	22	69	81	43	87	76	31
FALL 92	79	83	49	83	77	31	83	93	58	81	82	43
SPRING 93	71	86	48	76	83	32	80	85	56	74	85	43
FALL 93	87	90	25	82	85	26	89	93	65	85	88	29
SPRING 94	86	79	48	91	68	22	93	79	53	88	76	41
FALL 94	41	80	82	77	87	54	57	80	77	58	83	70

Table 12. Owl Limpet Density and Size Data by Plot. Number of limpets and shell length (mm) statistics for 6 circular plots are presented for 13 seasonal surveys at 3 sites.

AREA I		282 Boulder						283 Boulder						284 Boulder						285 Boulder						277 Cliff						279 Cliff						280 Cliff					
DATE		NUM	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	NUM	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	NUM	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	NUM	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	NUM	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	NUM	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	NUM	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD							
SPRING 90	27	33	81	56	14	25	39	68	50	7	54	22	70	46	10	16	36	59	50	7	28	37	58	47	6	54	28	64	47	8													
FALL 90	40	23	85	58	15	19	26	64	50	10	59	19	67	42	13	42	19	63	37	10	22	61	47	12	60	18	64	45	12														
SPRING 91	39	22	83	54	16	18	30	63	49	10	56	22	69	44	12	39	18	61	34	9	28	23	58	41	12	53	19	63	43	11													
FALL 91	33	19	84	51	19	17	25	66	52	11	65	17	63	39	13	29	18	46	34	9	28	21	56	41	10	32	28	65	46	8													
SPRING 92	32	26	79	52	16	15	38	66	54	8	60	21	70	42	12	38	20	50	35	8	35	18	56	42	11	33	29	59	45	8													
JUNE 92	37	15	79	47	19	14	40	64	54	8	54	15	72	44	12	63	17	62	37	10	32	17	58	41	13	32	24	62	45	9													
FALL 92	43	15	84	52	19	22	66	54	12	69	17	75	41	15	67	15	60	32	12	42	19	64	39	13	27	23	61	43	12														
SPRING 93	37	22	82	53	16	11	30	66	51	14	54	20	74	45	13	49	18	60	35	10	45	15	63	37	12	28	22	66	44	11													
FALL 93	47	19	85	50	19	17	38	69	51	17	68	40	16	41	19	56	36	9	51	16	65	40	11	28	25	71	49	12															
SPRING 94	39	20	84	50	17	16	24	69	44	14	55	18	74	41	13	37	15	62	33	9	49	21	60	40	10	27	30	70	52	10													
FALL 94	32	19	82	53	15	14	23	63	48	11	52	16	75	40	14	24	20	59	39	9	39	22	61	39	9	24	17	69	44	11													
SPRING 95	43	22	82	47	15	22	18	64	43	13	50	20	75	41	12	44	17	58	33	8	40	23	62	41	10	25	18	65	50	11													
FALL 95	48	17	85	51	17	19	22	65	49	11	55	18	74	43	14	41	19	62	34	8	47	24	64	44	9	26	42	79	56	8													

AREA II		239 Boulder						240 Boulder						241 Boulder						242 Cliff						243 Cliff						266 Cliff					
DATE		NUM	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	NUM	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	NUM	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	NUM	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	NUM	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	NUM	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	NUM	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	
SPRING 90	26	25	64	46	10	17	34	81	57	12	36	34	77	58	13	11	32	70	54	11	22	33	59	49	7	49	33	87	54	11							
FALL 90	34	18	62	41	13	24	20	82	50	20	35	26	76	64	10	17	25	69	49	17	29	72	55	12	62	23	83	52	15								
SPRING 91	34	20	61	39	13	23	25	78	49	17	35	28	76	62	12	14	29	70	46	14	28	24	66	45	13	76	19	81	44	15							
FALL 91	24	30	58	45	9	22	19	77	50	15	37	20	78	62	15	21	27	67	48	12	32	24	71	54	12	70	19	80	46	13							
SPRING 92	26	23	56	42	9	24	22	78	48	16	33	16	79	64	14	17	29	66	49	11	18	30	68	54	9	67	27	79	50	11							
JUNE 92	25	22	59	45	10	23	17	72	48	15	32	17	80	64	14	18	18	68	51	12	14	18	71	49	14	71	22	66	49	11							
FALL 92	41	16	66	41	13	24	79	49	17	31	31	82	66	12	24	32	73	58	12	25	19	71	40	16	77	21	74	52	13								
SPRING 93	32	26	61	43	10	21	77	53	14	32	39	81	67	10	12	17	72	52	14	30	23	70	43	12	68	23	74	49	14								
FALL 93	44	15	61	40	14	24	16	79	49	20	31	24	83	67	12	13	21	75	59	14	27	16	73	45	14	52	27	73	50	12							
SPRING 94	36	21	60	42	10	26	19	78	51	17	29	19	85	64	16	10	30	72	58	13	22	21	66	44	13	43	20	72	46	14							
FALL 94	29	29	62	43	9	24	26	79	51	15	23	34	84	66	12	7	38	75	54	14	24	35	63	48	9	40	16	75	42	16							
SPRING 95	28	20	59	40	10	23	24	80	53	13	24	25	84	60	16	6	36	57	45	8	20	18	62	48	11	49	15	73	44	15							
FALL 95	27	17	62	44	11	23	29	74	51	14	20	36	81	64	11	3	54	60	56	3	21	30	65	49	9	40	19	72	46	14							

AREA III		11 Boulder						18 Boulder						19 Boulder						21 Boulder						26 Boulder						13 Cliff					
DATE		NUM	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	NUM	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	NUM	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	NUM	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	NUM	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	NUM	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	NUM	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	
SPRING 90	56	27	64	45	8	82	16	56	41	8	19	27	67	52	12	30	72	50	10	23	33	74	57	10	26	35	82	48	12								
FALL 90	62	19	65	44	9	76	20	60	43	9	28	21	73	54	15	29	37	71	52	8	22	27	72	58	9	32	24	81	45	14							
SPRING 91	60	20	64	44	9	78	20	60	40	10	27	26	73	54	15	28	36	71	56	9	23	28	71	56	9	31	24	80	45	13							
FALL 91	55	23	66	44	8	71	23	64	43	9	30	32	74	55	13	21	41	61	53	5	20	30	71	56	9	22	26	78	45	11							
SPRING 92	36	31	57	46	5	58	28	56	44	7	24	35	69	53	12	19	39	64	53	7	18	21	70	54	11	28	35	82	48	12							
JUNE 92	55	24	62	46	8	86	24	63	44	8	33	22	76	53	14	27	37	64	54	8	20	33	72	55	10	31	24	80	45	13							
FALL 92	75	17	65	43	13	88	18	57	41	10	39	17	74	49	17	28	24	68	54	12	25	17	72	50	16	39	15	77	43	14							
SPRING 93	52	24	62	47	9	76	20	60	43	9	31	17	73	52	16	28	27	66	52	12	22	17	71	51	16	43	19	75	43	14							
FALL 93	73	15	65	40	13	65	15	58	39	10	33	17	74	53	14	25	21	66	54	11	26	18	68	48	15	36	22	75	43	14							
SPRING 94	47	15	63	39	12	56	24	57</td																													

Table 13. Owl Limpet Density and Size Summary Data by Habitat and Site.

Number of limpets and shell length (mm) statistics for 6 circular plots divided among boulder and cliff habitats are presented for 13 seasonal surveys at 3 sites.

AREA I		BOULDER						CLIFF						ALL							
DATE	NUM	#S	#L	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	NUM	#S	#L	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	NUM	#S	#L	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD
SPRING 90	106	1	105	22	81	50	12	98	1	97	28	64	47	7	204	2	202	22	81	48	10
FALL 90	118	23	95	19	85	49	15	124	27	97	18	64	43	12	242	50	192	18	85	46	14
SPRING 91	113	13	100	22	83	48	14	120	33	87	18	63	40	12	233	46	187	18	83	44	13
FALL 91	115	25	90	17	84	45	16	89	12	77	18	65	41	10	204	37	167	17	84	43	14
SPRING 92	107	15	92	21	79	47	14	106	14	92	18	59	41	10	213	29	184	18	79	44	12
JUNE 92	105	13	92	15	79	47	14	127	24	103	17	62	40	11	232	37	195	15	79	43	13
FALL 92	129	28	101	15	84	47	17	136	49	87	15	64	36	13	265	77	188	15	84	41	16
SPRING 93	102	9	93	20	82	48	15	122	32	90	15	66	38	12	224	41	183	15	82	43	14
FALL 93	132	36	96	15	85	43	17	120	20	100	16	71	41	12	252	56	196	15	85	42	17
SPRING 94	110	22	88	18	84	45	15	113	16	97	15	70	40	12	223	38	185	15	84	42	14
FALL 94	98	16	82	16	82	45	15	87	10	77	17	69	40	10	185	26	159	16	82	43	13
SPRING 95	115	21	94	18	82	44	14	109	22	87	17	65	40	12	224	43	181	17	82	42	13
FALL 95	122	19	103	17	85	47	15	114	13	101	19	64	43	12	236	32	204	17	85	45	14

AREA II		BOULDER						CLIFF						ALL							
DATE	NUM	#S	#L	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	NUM	#S	#L	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	NUM	#S	#L	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD
SPRING 90	79	1	78	25	81	54	13	82	0	82	32	87	52	10	161	1	160	25	87	53	11
FALL 90	93	18	75	18	82	52	17	108	14	94	23	83	52	14	201	32	169	18	83	52	16
SPRING 91	92	18	74	20	78	51	17	118	29	89	19	81	44	15	210	47	163	19	81	47	16
FALL 91	83	5	78	19	78	54	15	123	10	113	19	80	49	13	206	15	191	19	80	51	14
SPRING 92	83	7	76	16	79	52	16	102	4	98	27	79	50	11	185	11	174	16	79	51	13
JUNE 92	80	4	76	17	80	54	16	103	7	96	18	71	49	12	183	12	171	17	80	51	14
FALL 92	96	12	84	16	82	51	18	126	14	112	19	74	50	14	222	26	196	16	82	51	16
SPRING 93	85	6	79	26	81	54	15	110	11	99	17	74	48	14	195	17	178	17	81	51	15
FALL 93	99	17	82	15	83	51	19	92	7	85	16	75	50	17	191	24	167	15	83	50	17
SPRING 94	91	10	81	19	85	52	17	75	9	66	20	72	47	14	166	19	174	19	85	50	16
FALL 94	76	3	73	26	84	52	15	71	11	60	16	75	45	14	147	14	133	16	84	49	15
SPRING 95	75	8	67	20	84	50	16	75	12	63	15	73	45	13	150	20	130	15	84	48	15
FALL 95	70	4	66	17	81	52	14	64	3	61	19	72	48	12	134	7	127	17	81	50	14

AREA III		BOULDER						CLIFF						ALL							
DATE	NUM	#S	#L	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	NUM	#S	#L	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD	NUM	#S	#L	MIN	MAX	Avg	SD
SPRING 90	210	9	201	16	74	46	10	26	0	26	35	82	48	12	236	9	227	16	82	46	11
FALL 90	217	20	197	19	73	47	11	32	5	27	24	81	45	14	249	25	224	19	81	47	12
SPRING 91	216	27	189	20	73	46	12	31	5	26	24	80	45	13	247	32	215	20	80	46	12
FALL 91	197	8	189	23	74	48	11	22	1	21	26	78	45	11	219	9	210	23	78	47	11
SPRING 92	155	3	152	21	70	48	9	28	1	27	26	69	43	11	183	4	179	21	70	47	10
JUNE 92	221	7	214	22	76	48	10	39	6	33	15	77	43	14	260	13	247	15	77	47	11
FALL 92	255	45	210	17	74	45	14	54	13	41	15	77	41	15	309	58	251	15	77	45	14
SPRING 93	209	21	188	17	73	47	12	43	7	36	19	75	43	14	252	28	224	17	75	47	12
FALL 93	222	37	185	15	74	44	14	36	5	31	22	75	43	14	258	42	216	15	75	44	14
SPRING 94	186	26	160	15	71	44	13	22	0	22	32	74	45	10	208	26	182	15	74	44	13
FALL 94	162	21	141	15	69	43	12	37	8	29	17	61	37	11	199	29	170	15	69	43	12
SPRING 95	171	23	148	17	68	42	12	25	3	22	15	56	39	11	196	20	176	15	68	42	12
FALL 95	143	10	133	16	68	45	11	32	8	24	16	62	39	12	175	18	157	16	68	44	11

NOTE: DATA FOR 3 PLOTS COMBINED FOR EACH HABITAT EXCEPT AREA III (5 BOULDER,1 CLIFF).

#S = # LIMPETS < 30 mm #L = # LIMPETS >= 30 mm

Table 14. Line Transect Primary Index Taxa Summary Data.

Percent cover data for 3 index taxa (red algal turf, surf grass, boa kelp) are presented for 13 seasonal surveys at 3 sites.

AREA I	TURF TRANSECT		GRASS TRANSECT		KELP TRANSECT	
	DATE	210	237	211	238	212
S90	78	96	50	56	43	44
F90	67	96	88	57	29	33
S91	81	94	82	58	13	16
F91	69	97	75	67	64	43
S92	66	95	91	67	81	21
J92	65	98	85	69	54	33
F92	67	99	92	80	45	20
S93	71	96	95	75	20	0
F93	60	99	96	85	17	6
S94	63	99	96	79	27	0
F94	59	100	97	84	12	0
S95	71	97	69	66	5	0
F95	58	98	82	78	33	0

AREA II	TURF TRANSECT		GRASS TRANSECT		KELP TRANSECT	
	DATE	244	270	267	271	268
S90	86	59	64	51	76	34
F90	79	71	78	61	52	32
S91	92	56	84	40	16	6
F91	63	79	94	47	31	27
S92	96	62	87	56	35	25
J92	93	51	93	55	48	47
F92	68	47	92	63	47	15
S93	96	64	87	66	43	3
F93	92	66	99	71	8	12
S94	95	66	94	63	2	5
F94	92	69	96	66	0	0
S95	95	71	70	46	0	0
F95	96	60	96	93	1	0

AREA III	TURF TRANSECT		GRASS TRANSECT		KELP TRANSECT	
	DATE	1	8	5	7	2
S90	86	94	66	54	47	61
F90	76	84	76	67	28	44
S91	79	95	69	46	22	21
F91	86	71	74	66	23	28
S92	90	99	73	49	32	48
J92	89	99	85	68	42	58
F92	87	95	80	75	17	28
S93	86	100	63	42	10	8
F93	83	99	54	72	7	2
S94	90	99	39	43	7	5
F94	81	99	42	64	0	0
S95	87	100	26	28	0	0
F95	86		75	48	12	3

Table 15. Line Transect Species Summary Data by Site.

Mean % cover data (n=2) for 7 taxa in 3 intertidal zones are presented for 13 seasonal surveys at 3 sites.

DATE	AREA I TURF							AREA I GRASS							AREA I KELP						
	BK	SW	RT	SG	AA	OB	BS	BK	SW	RT	SG	AA	OB	BS	BK	SW	RT	SG	AA	OB	BS
SPRING 90	3	0	87	5	2	0	3	10	0	25	53	0	1	11	44	0	34	10	0	5	7
FALL 90	0	0	81	14	1	0	4	1	0	23	72	0	0	4	31	0	36	16	0	8	9
SPRING 91	0	0	88	8	2	0	2	1	0	26	70	0	0	3	14	0	66	8	0	12	0
FALL 91	1	0	83	14	1	0	1	10	0	17	71	0	0	3	54	2	21	19	0	4	1
SPRING 92	0	0	81	17	2	0	0	0	0	21	79	0	0	0	51	0	28	20	0	0	1
JUNE 92	5	0	81	13	1	0	0	6	0	17	77	0	0	0	43	0	23	20	0	14	0
FALL 92	0	0	83	16	0	0	0	1	0	12	86	0	0	1	33	0	19	40	0	6	2
SPRING 93	0	0	84	14	1	0	1	0	0	13	85	0	0	2	10	0	43	31	0	4	13
FALL 93	4	1	79	16	0	0	0	0	0	7	90	0	0	2	11	11	23	45	0	7	3
SPRING 94	0	0	81	18	1	0	0	0	0	12	87	0	0	0	13	0	33	49	0	3	2
FALL 94	0	0	79	20	0	0	0	0	1	9	91	0	0	0	6	0	11	61	0	22	0
SPRING 95	0	0	84	13	1	0	2	0	0	21	68	0	1	10	2	0	41	40	0	8	10
FALL 95	2	0	78	19	1	0	0	1	1	17	80	0	0	1	16	0	8	63	0	11	2

DATE	AREA II TURF							AREA II GRASS							AREA II KELP						
	BK	SW	RT	SG	AA	OB	BS	BK	SW	RT	SG	AA	OB	BS	BK	SW	RT	SG	AA	OB	BS
SPRING 90	6	0	73	2	1	0	18	18	6	11	57	0	1	7	55	0	28	11	0	1	5
FALL 90	3	0	75	5	1	0	17	8	0	16	69	0	2	5	42	0	32	17	3	3	3
SPRING 91	0	0	74	4	0	2	20	10	6	10	62	0	8	4	11	0	64	24	0	0	2
FALL 91	1	1	71	8	1	0	19	17	0	8	70	0	5	0	29	6	23	38	0	4	0
SPRING 92	1	3	79	11	1	0	5	13	3	9	72	0	4	0	30	0	20	47	0	3	0
JUNE 92	8	3	72	12	2	1	2	16	3	6	74	0	1	1	48	0	11	29	0	12	0
FALL 92	4	0	58	14	0	1	23	13	2	5	78	0	0	1	31	0	19	49	0	0	1
SPRING 93	2	0	80	8	1	0	9	1	0	14	77	0	4	4	23	0	25	48	0	2	2
FALL 93	2	0	79	19	0	0	1	3	0	7	85	0	5	0	10	0	6	73	0	11	0
SPRING 94	1	1	81	14	1	0	3	3	2	16	79	0	0	0	3	0	13	78	0	3	2
FALL 94	0	2	80	15	0	0	2	2	1	8	81	0	8	0	0	0	13	81	0	6	0
SPRING 95	0	3	83	7	1	0	7	0	4	24	58	0	2	13	0	0	24	67	0	2	6
FALL 95	2	0	78	18	0	0	2	0	0	5	95	0	1	0	0	0	17	79	0	3	1

DATE	AREA III TURF							AREA III GRASS							AREA III KELP						
	BK	SW	RT	SG	AA	OB	BS	BK	SW	RT	SG	AA	OB	BS	BK	SW	RT	SG	AA	OB	BS
SPRING 90	0	0	90	4	2	0	4	2	3	25	60	0	1	9	54	0	34	4	0	2	6
FALL 90	0	0	80	4	1	1	14	4	2	15	72	0	0	7	36	0	47	7	0	3	7
SPRING 91	0	1	87	3	2	0	6	6	0	16	58	0	0	20	22	14	32	7	0	5	21
FALL 91	0	0	79	6	2	0	14	4	3	16	70	0	0	7	25	4	44	14	0	11	2
SPRING 92	0	0	94	3	1	0	2	4	8	26	61	0	0	1	40	8	44	5	0	3	0
JUNE 92	0	0	94	4	2	0	0	2	2	19	76	0	0	0	50	7	24	11	0	6	2
FALL 92	0	0	91	6	0	0	3	2	1	15	77	0	0	5	23	4	44	17	0	9	3
SPRING 93	0	0	93	3	1	0	3	4	3	30	53	0	2	8	9	14	51	12	0	10	4
FALL 93	0	0	91	7	0	0	1	0	6	24	63	0	1	6	4	1	28	23	0	16	2
SPRING 94	0	1	94	1	2	0	1	0	26	29	41	0	0	3	6	18	53	22	0	2	0
FALL 94	0	0	90	1	1	0	8	0	11	26	53	0	0	10	0	1	50	27	0	19	4
SPRING 95	0	2	93	0	1	0	3	0	20	24	27	0	0	29	0	8	55	20	0	5	11
FALL 95	0	0	86	7	1	0	6	5	6	12	61	0	0	16	7	0	38	33	0	12	9

BK=BOA KELP SW=SARGASSUM WEED RT=RED ALGAL TURF SG=SURF GRASS

AA=AGGREGATING ANEMONE OB=OTHER BIOTA BS=BARE SUBSTRATE

Table 16. Abalone and Sea Star Abundance Data.
 Number of abalone and sea stars observed during timed searches (~30 min. duration) at 3 sites.

DATE	Area I				Area II				Area III				All Areas			
	Abalone				Sea Stars				Abalone				Sea Stars			
	Black	Green	Ochre	Blue	Black	Green	Ochre	Blue	Black	Green	Ochre	Blue	Black	Green	Ochre	Blue
S90	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
F90	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
S91	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	24
F91	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S92	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
J92	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
F92	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S93	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
F93	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S94	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	5	0	2	0	1	5	0	3	10
F94	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	2	0	0	7	0	2	0
S95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	2	0
F95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	3

S=Spring F=Fall

FIGURES

Fig. 1. Point Loma Rocky Intertidal Monitoring Sites.

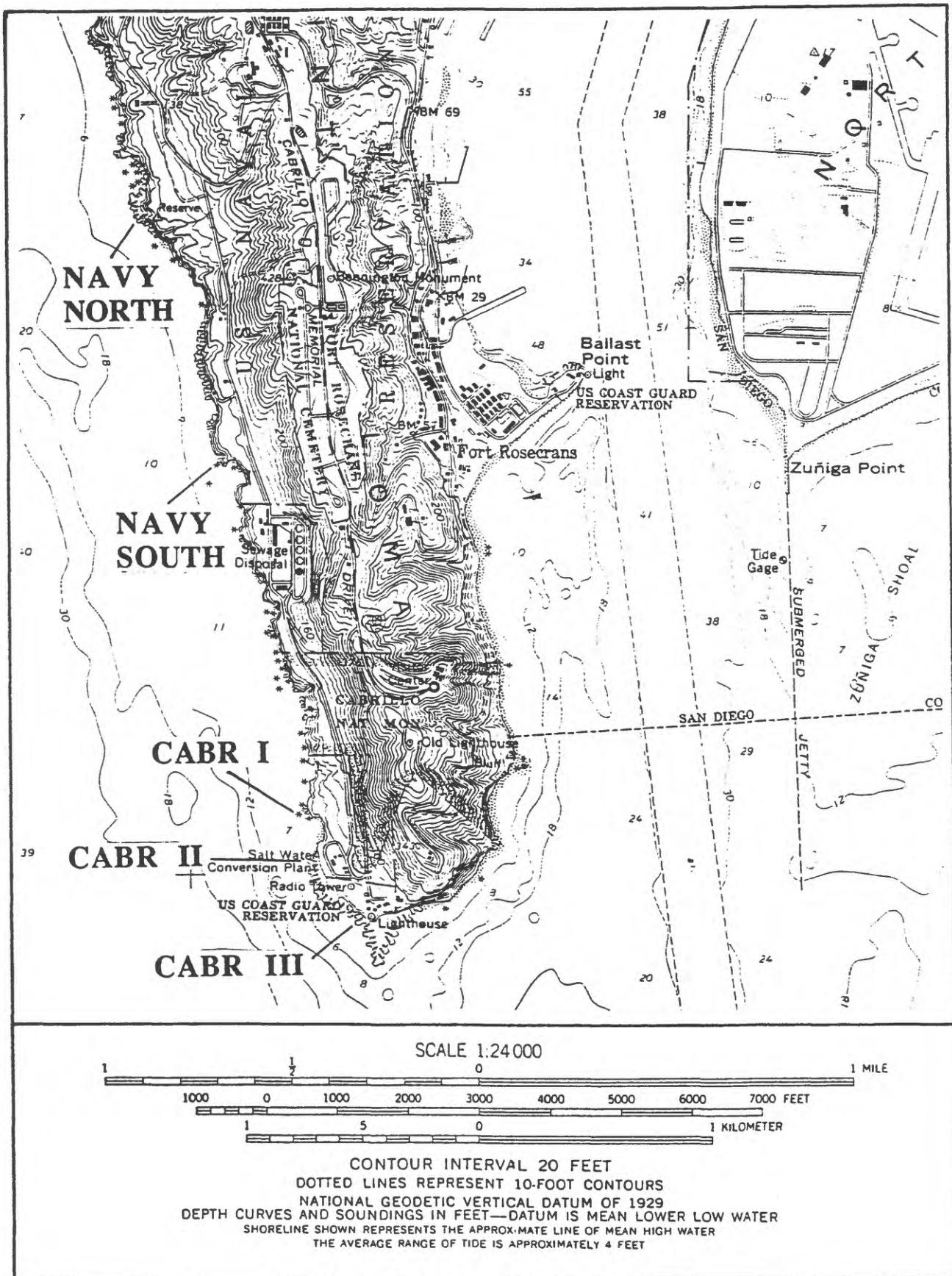


Figure 2. Intertidal Visitor Use and Ecological Monitoring Areas in Cabrillo NM.

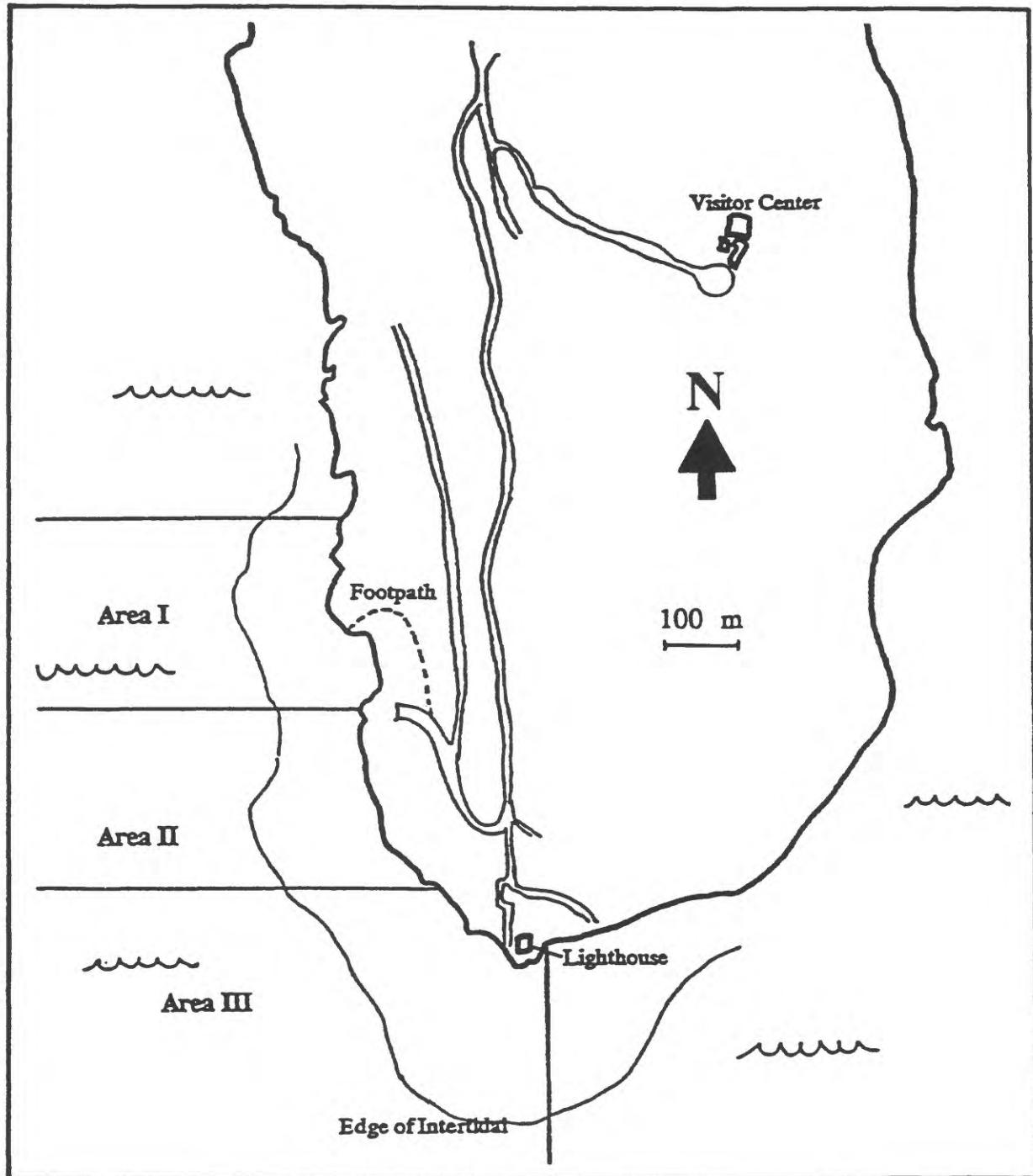


Fig. 3. Cabrillo National Monument Area I Map.

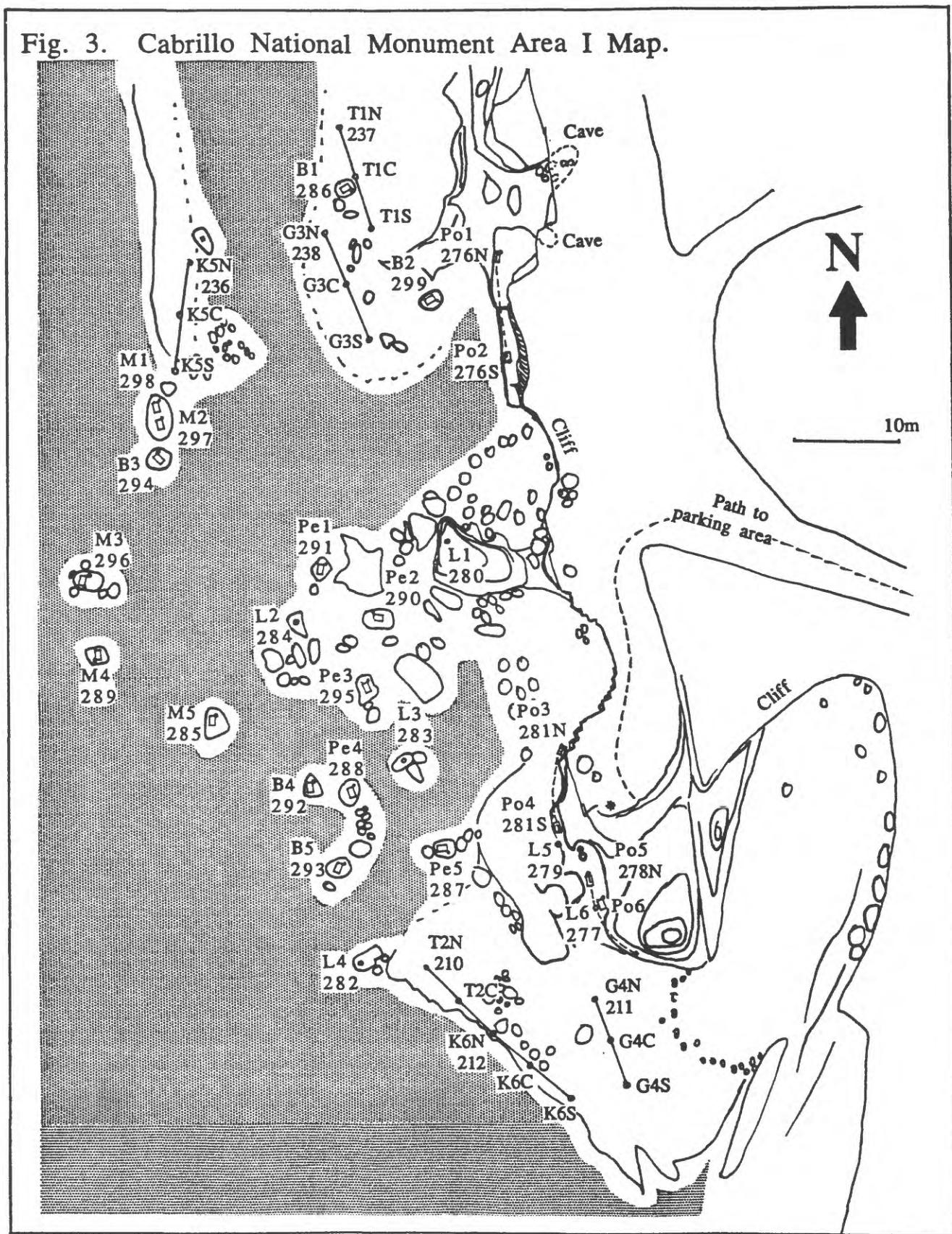


Fig. 4. Cabrillo National Monument Area II Map.

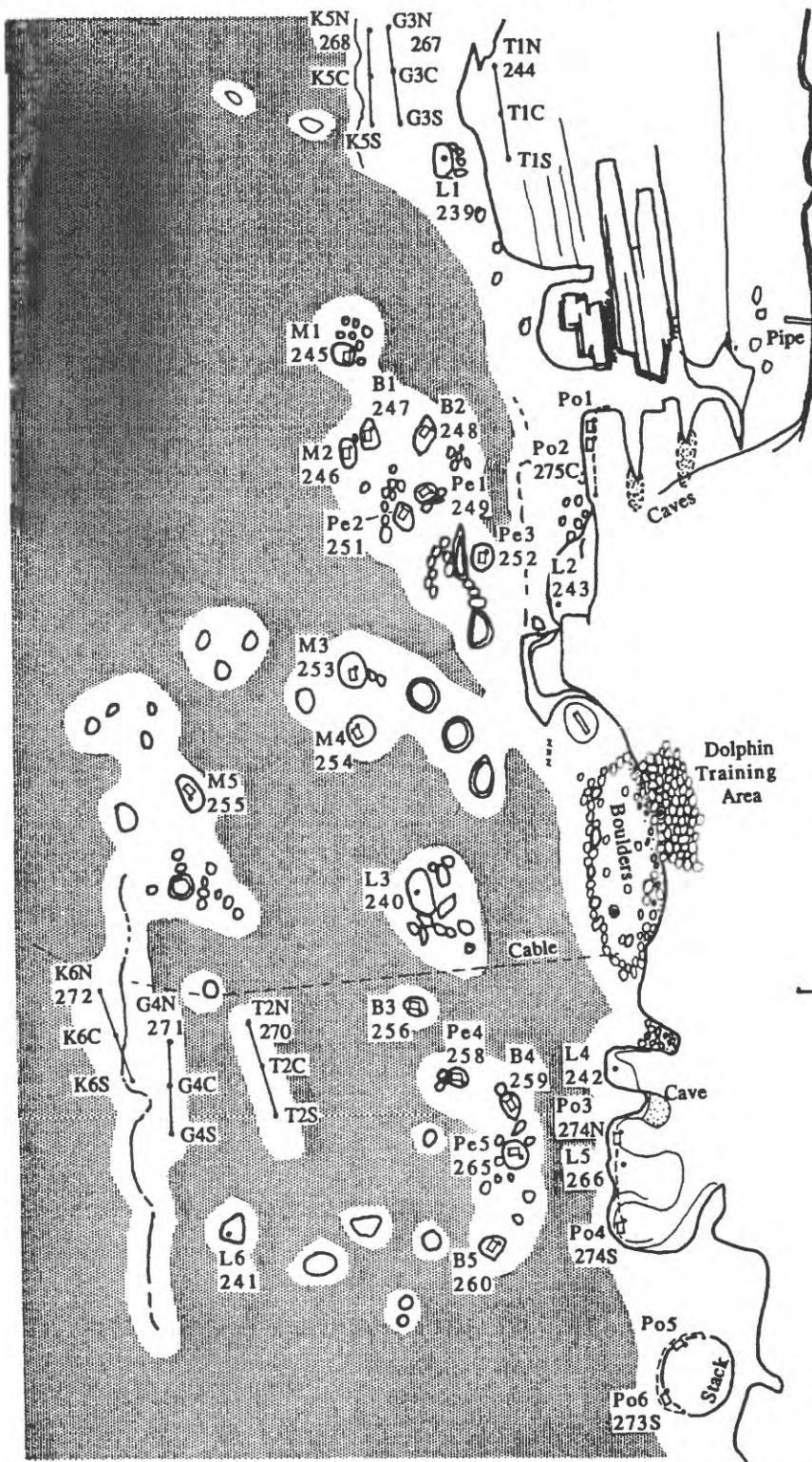


Fig. 5. Cabrillo National Monument Area III North Map.

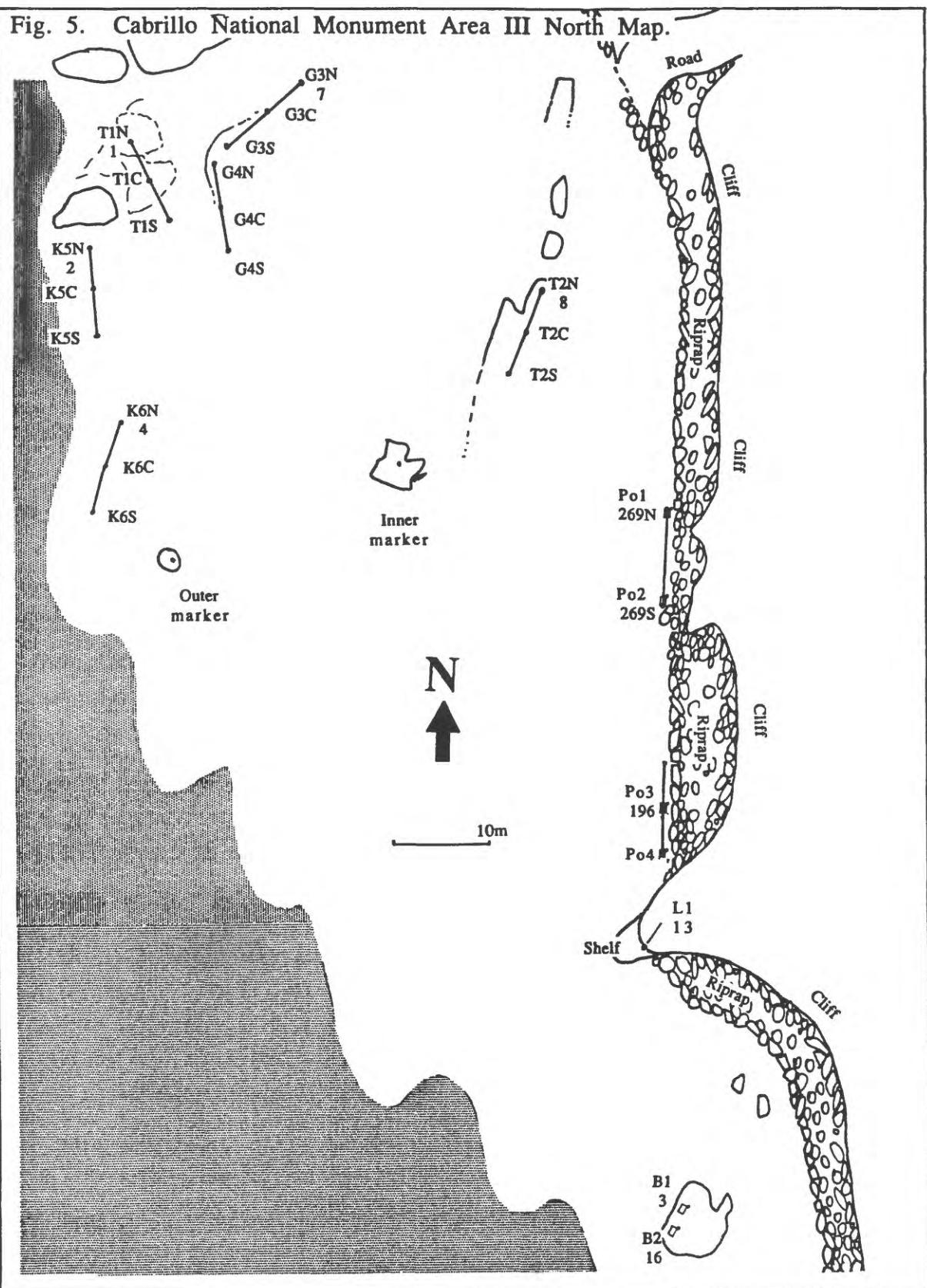


Fig. 6. Cabrillo National Monument Area III South Map.

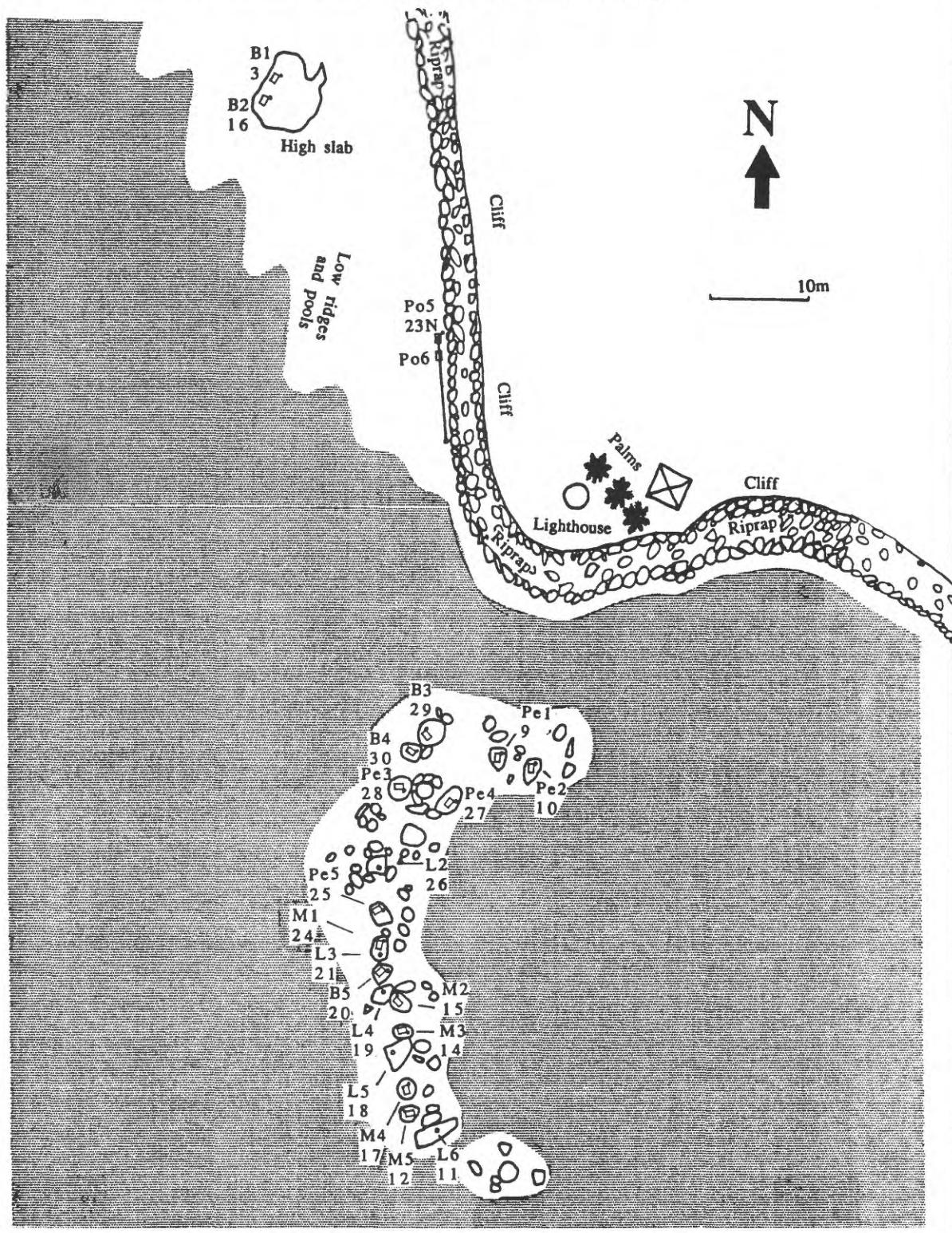


Figure 7. Seawater Temperatures at the Scripps Pier from 1989 to 1995.

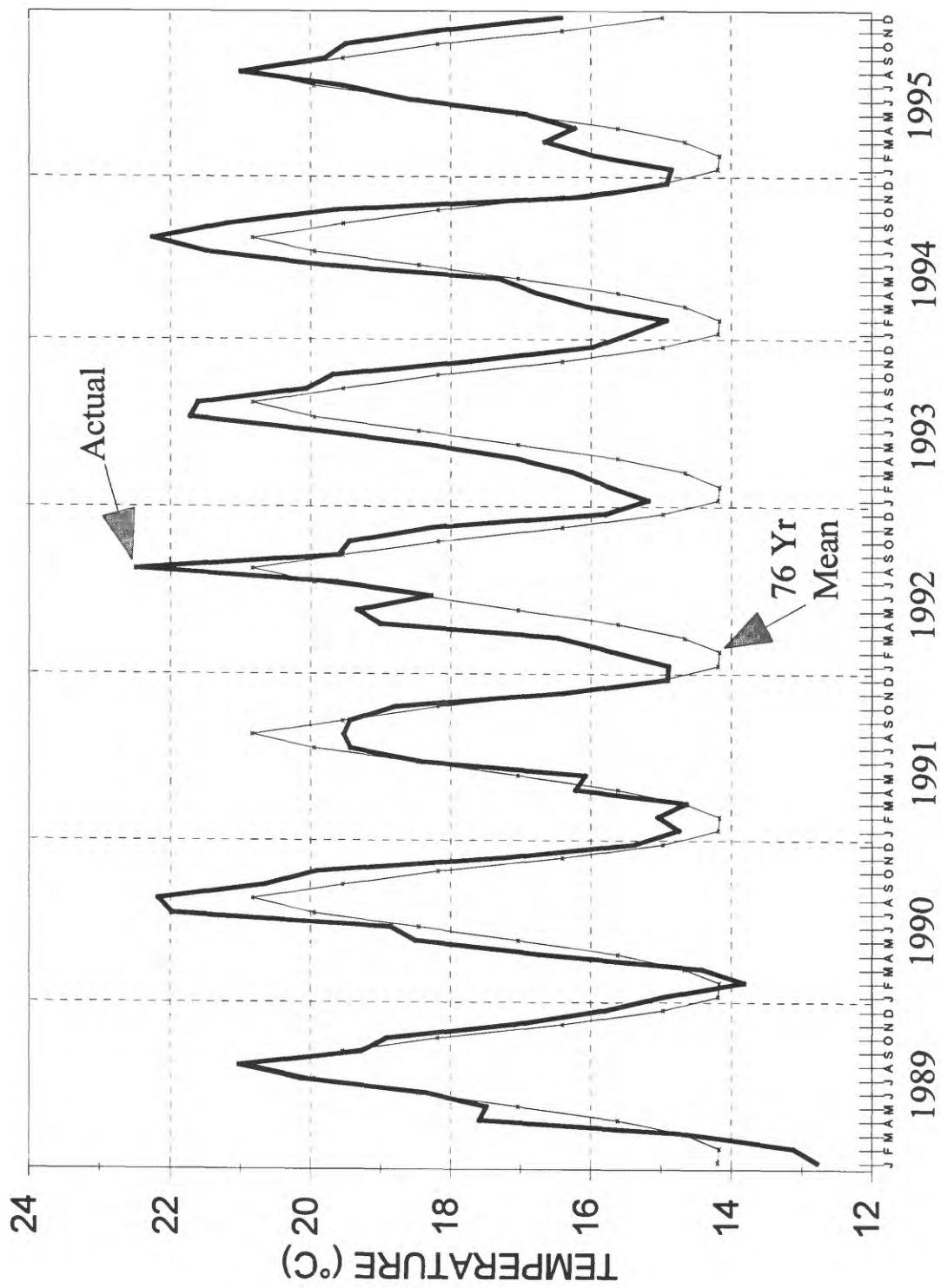


Figure 8. Seawater Temperature Anomalies at the Scripps Pier from 1920 to 1995.

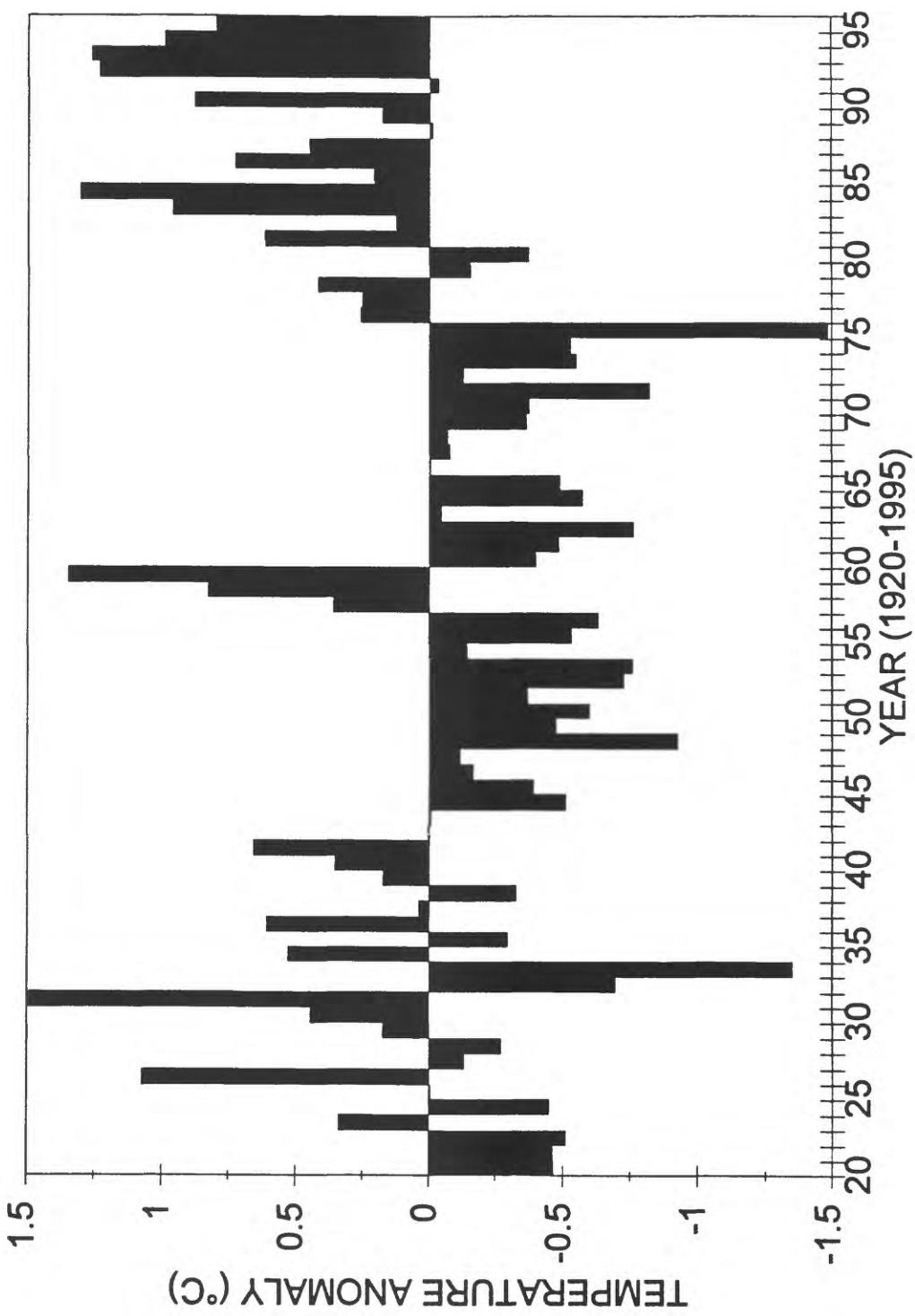


Fig. 9. Mean Cover of Photoplot Species at Cabrillo NM.

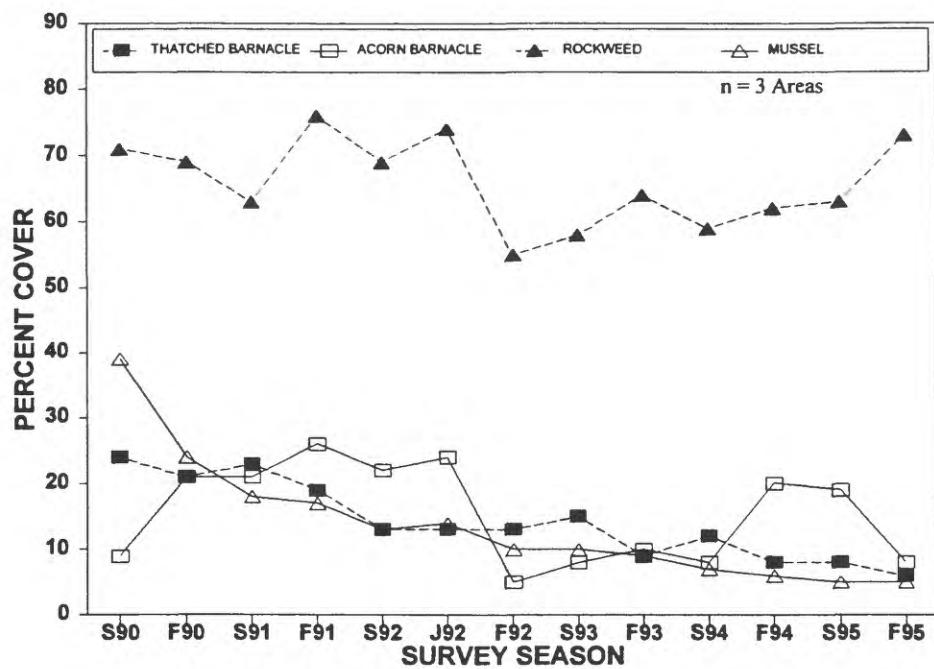


Fig. 10. Mean Cover of Line-Transect Species at Cabrillo NM.

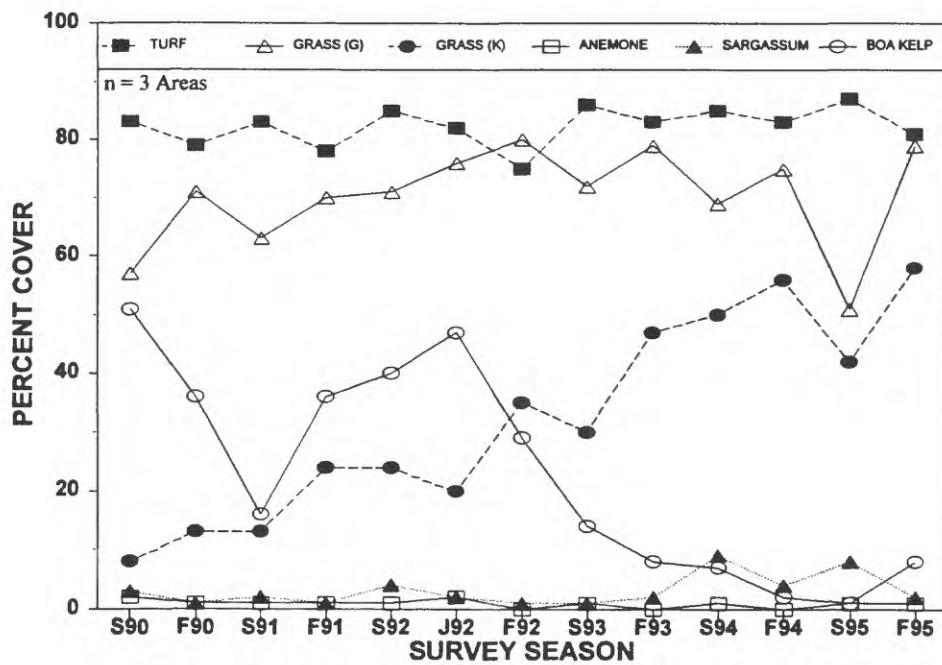


Fig. 11. Mean Cover and Clump Size of Goose Barnacles at Cabrillo NM.

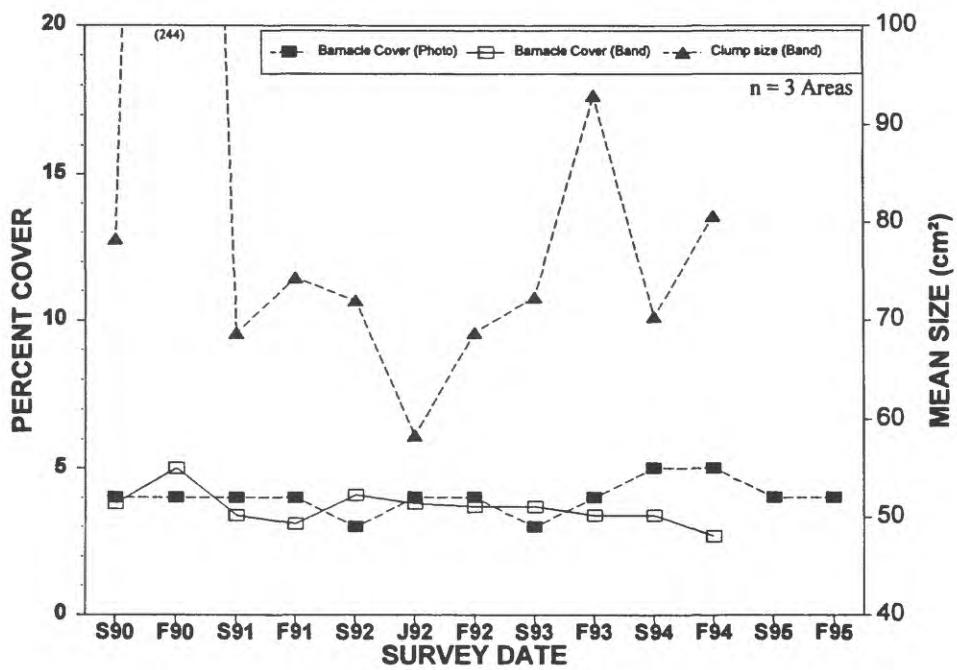


Fig. 12. Mean Number and Size of Owl Limpets at Cabrillo NM.

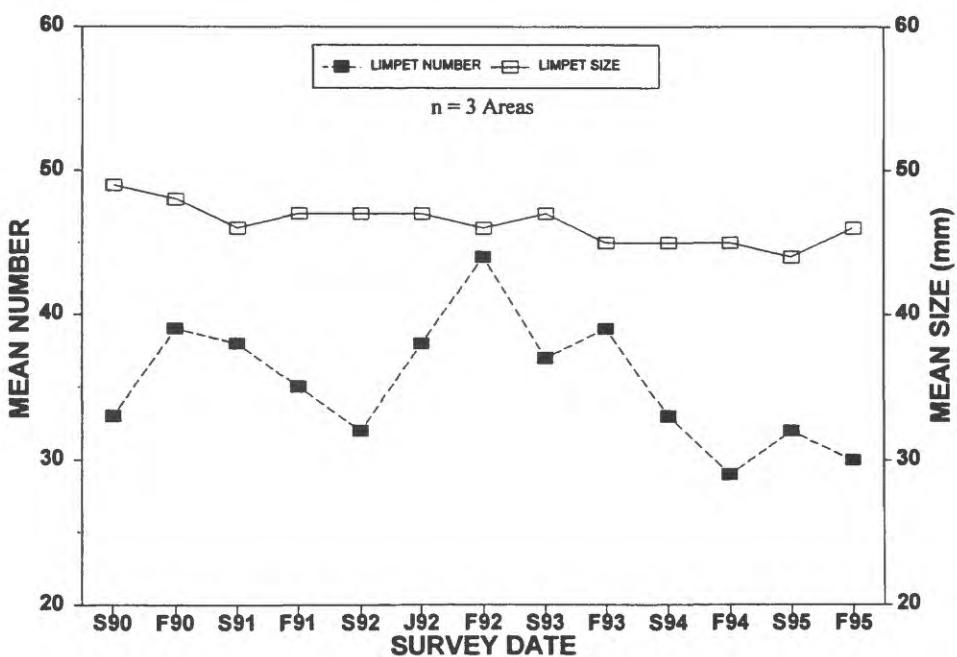


Fig. 13. Mean Abundance of People in the Intertidal Zone by Season.

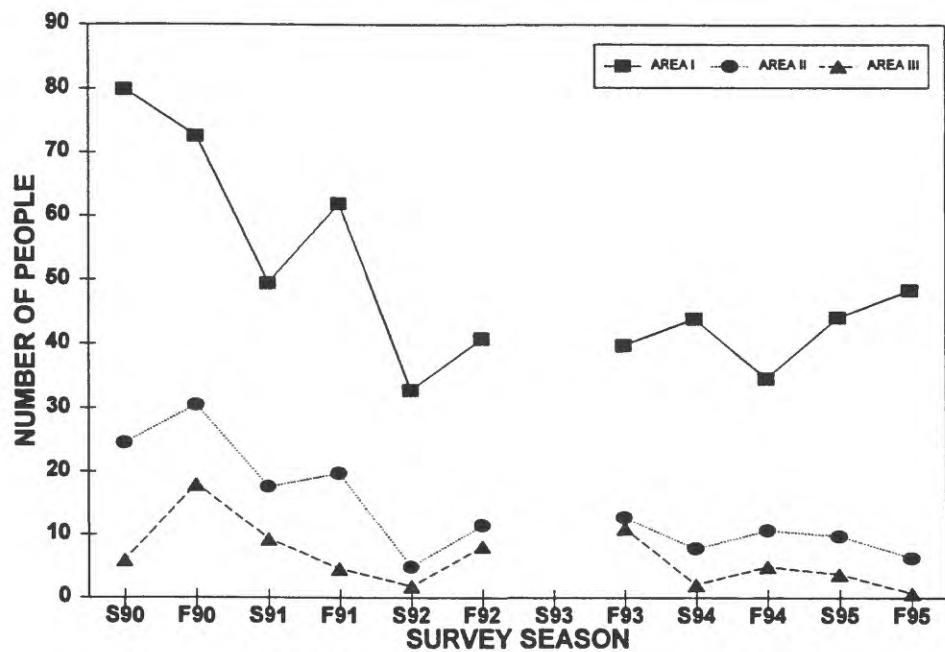


Fig. 14. Mean Abundance of People in the Intertidal Zone by Year.

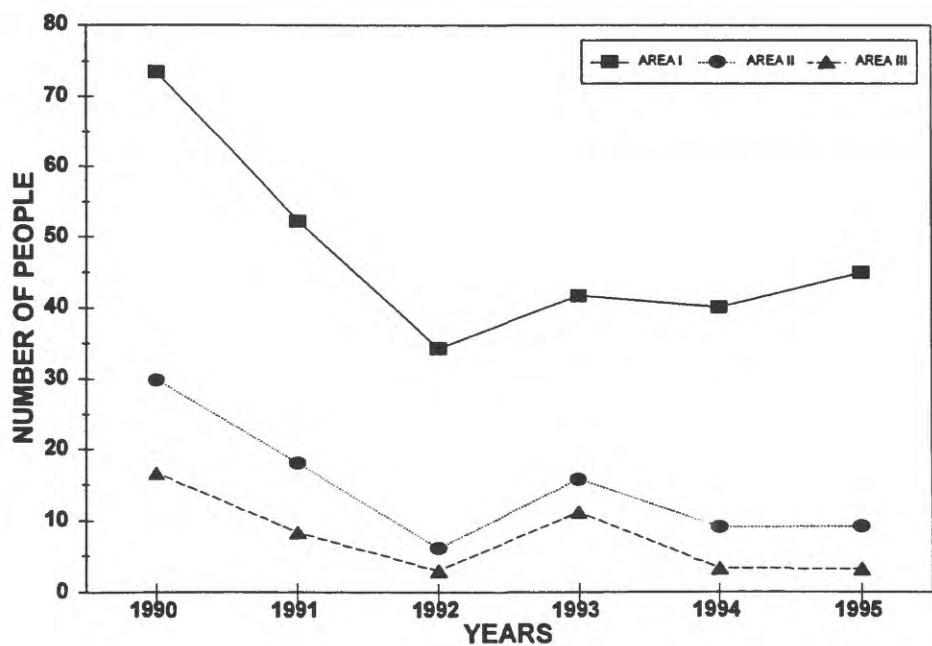


Fig. 15. Relative Abundance of People in the Intertidal Zone by Year.

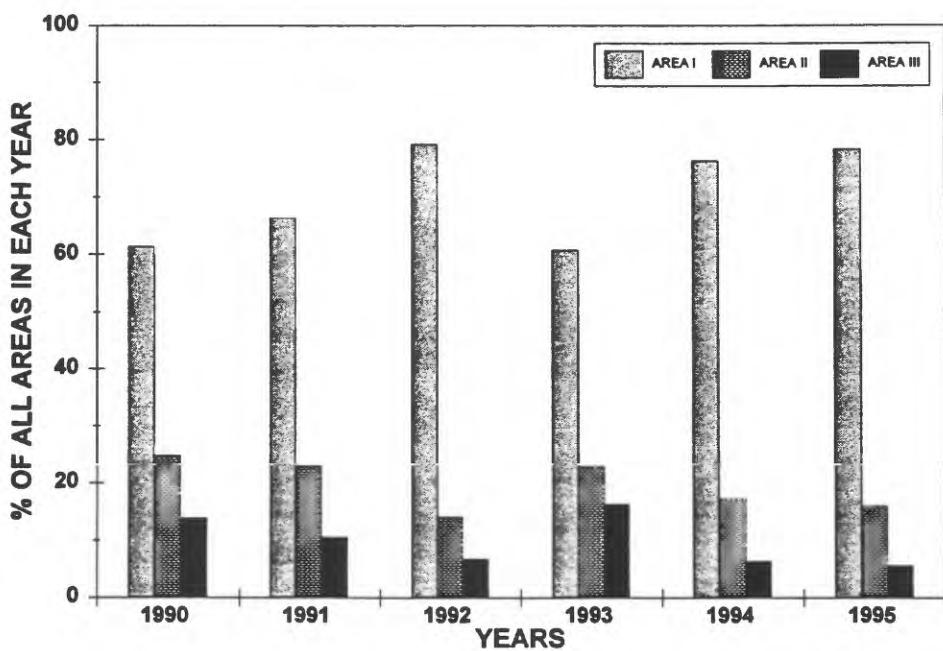


Fig. 16. Relative Abundance of People in the Intertidal Zone at Cabrillo NM.

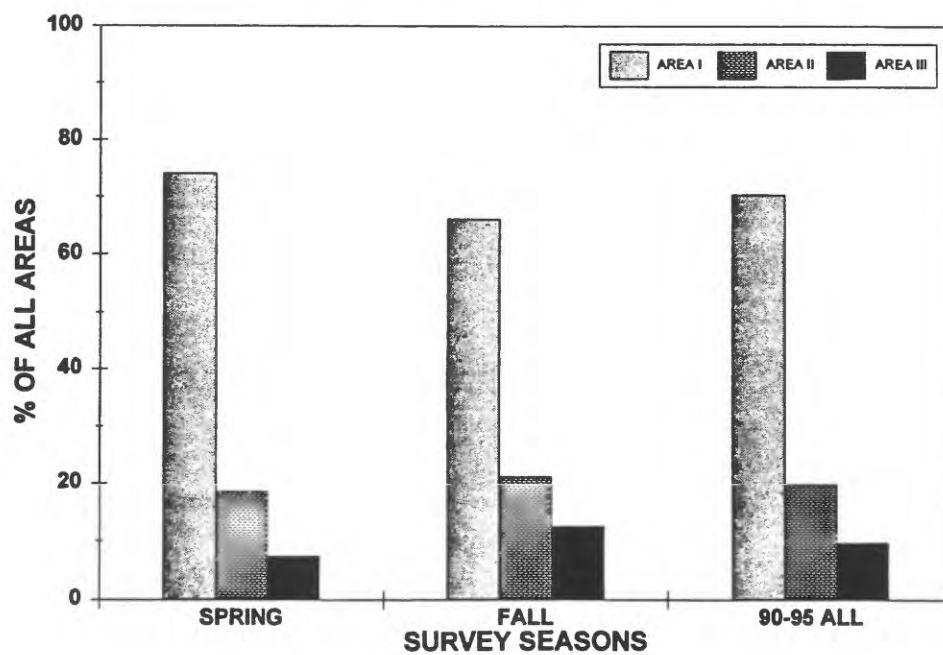


Fig. 17. Mean Abundance of Birds in Area I by Season.

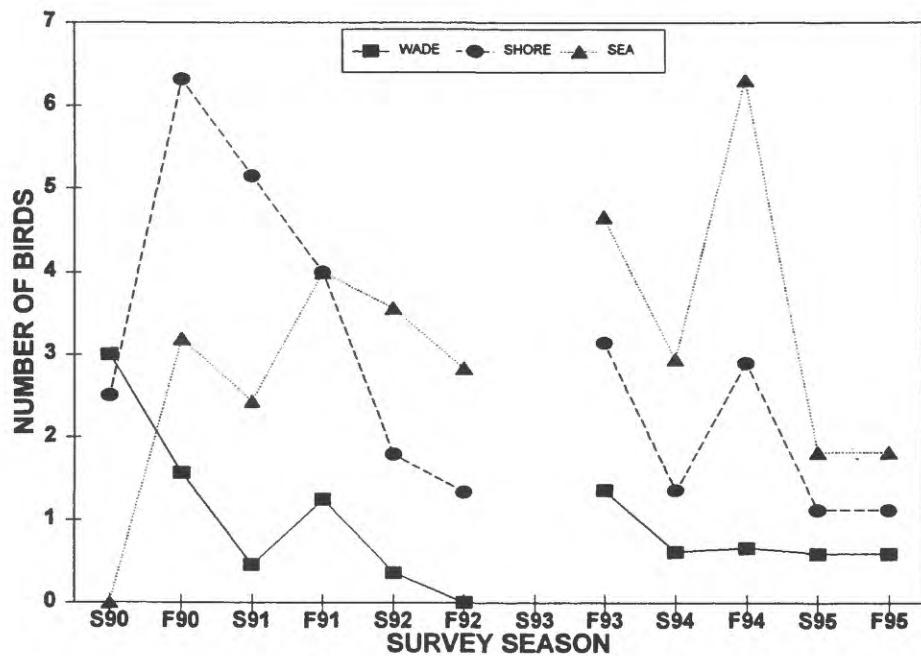


Fig. 18. Mean Abundance of Birds in Area II by Season.

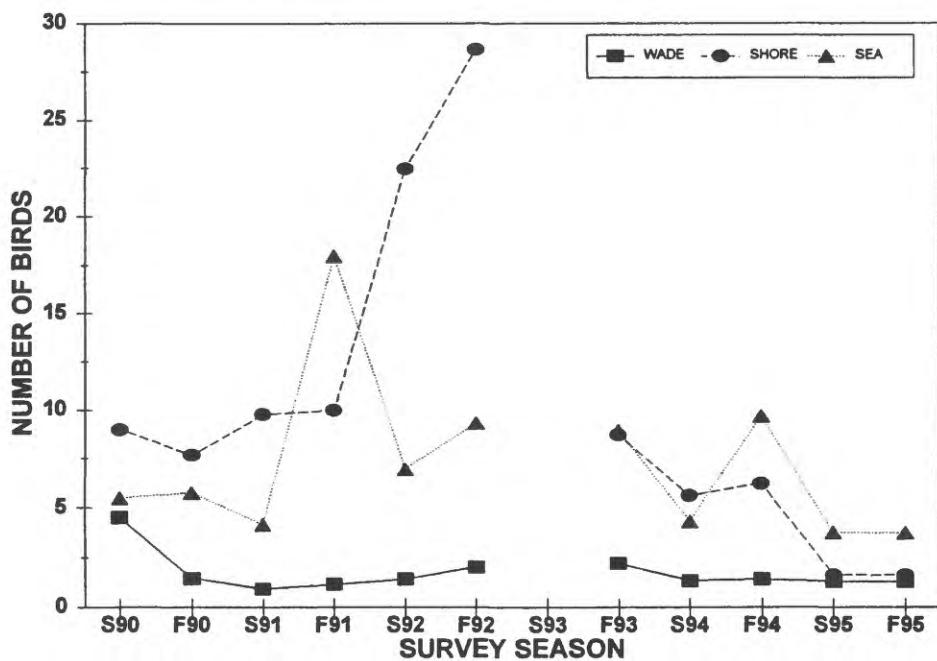


Fig. 19. Mean Abundance of Birds in Area III by Season.

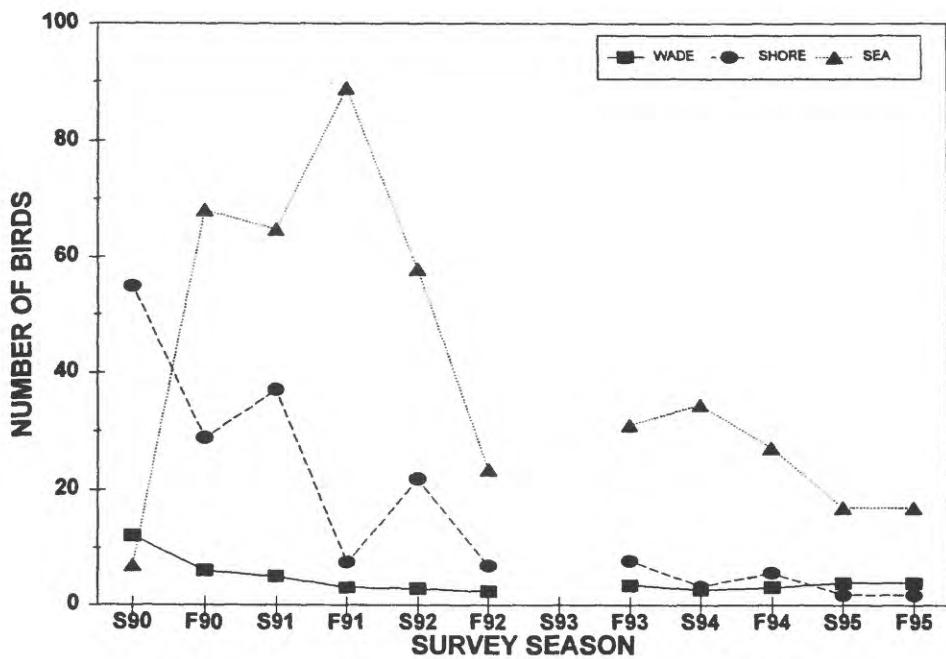


Fig. 20. Mean Abundance of Birds in All Areas by Season.

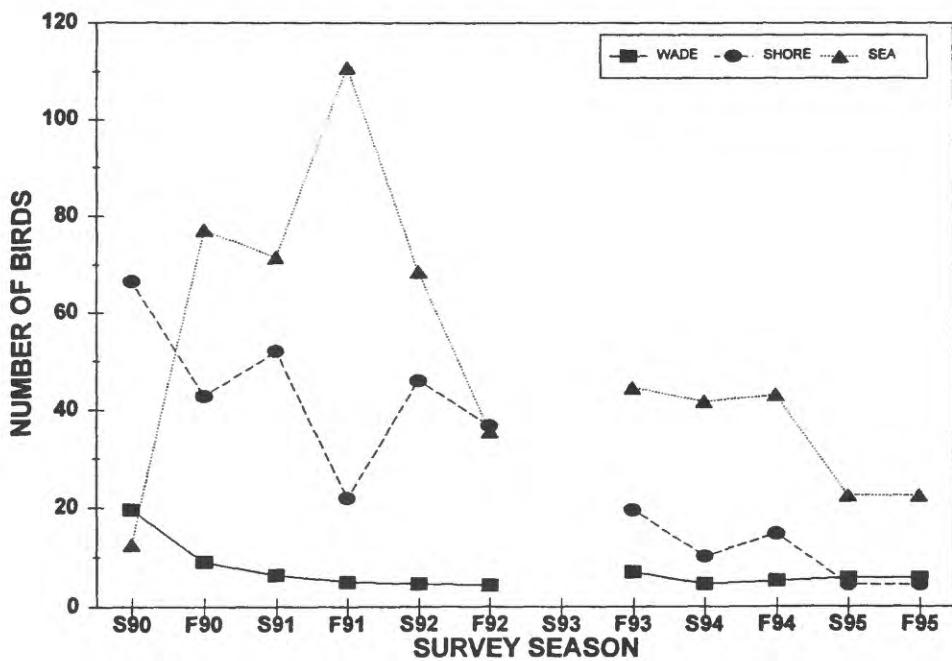


Fig. 21. Mean Abundance of Birds in the Intertidal Zone by Season.

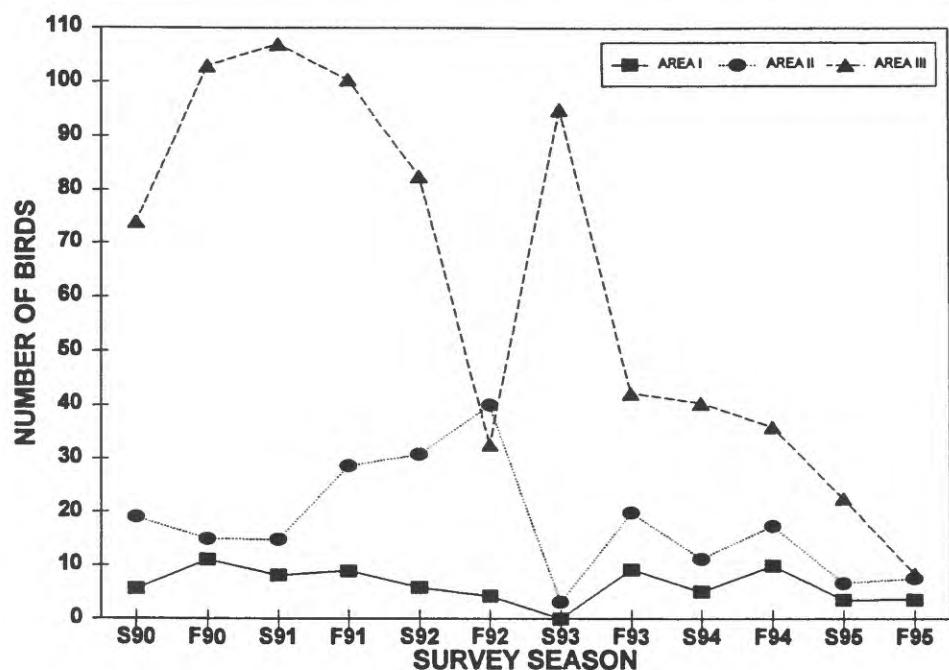


Fig. 22. Mean Abundance of Birds in the Intertidal Zone by Year.

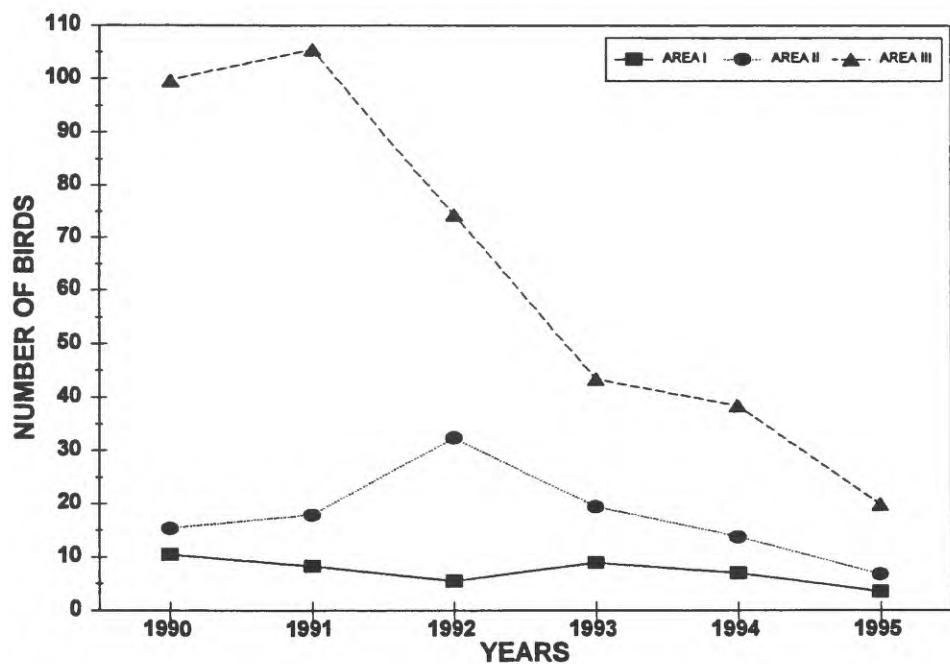


Fig. 23. Relative Abundance of Birds in the Intertidal Zone by Year.

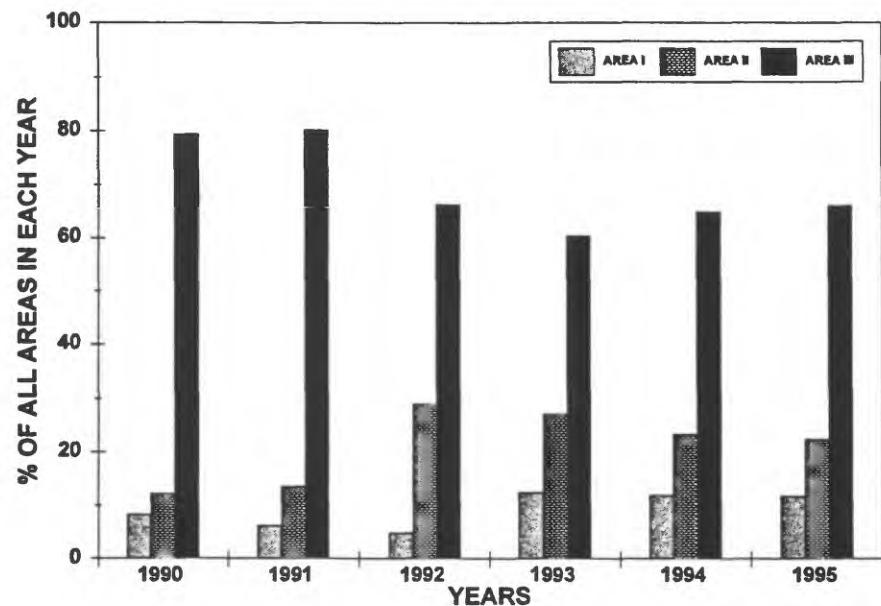


Fig. 24. Relative Abundance of Birds in the Intertidal Zone at Cabrillo NM.

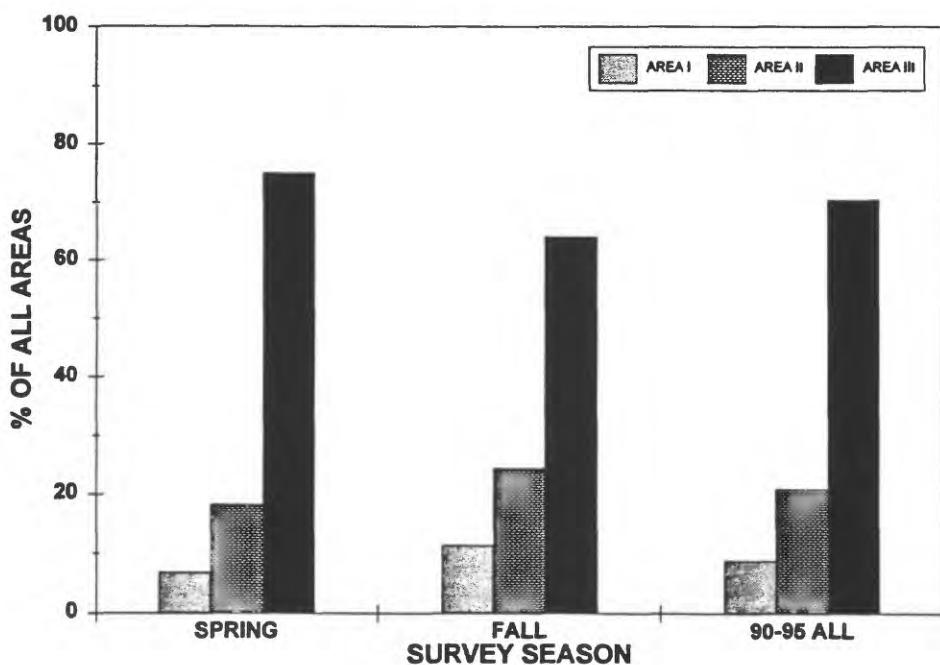


Fig. 25. Relationship of Birds Versus People Abundance in Area I.

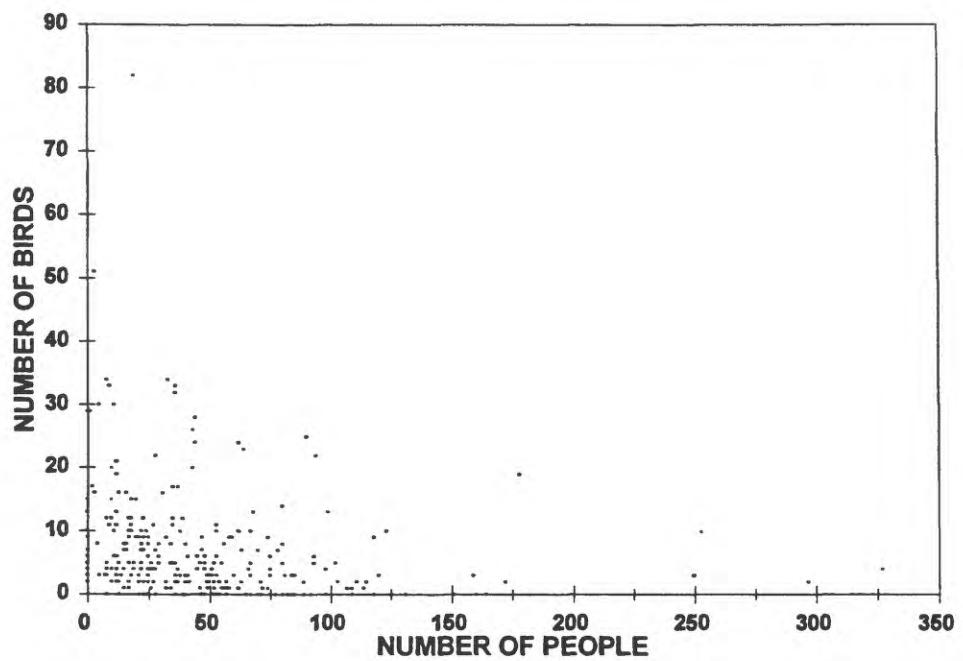


Fig. 26. Relationship of Birds Versus People Abundance in Area II.

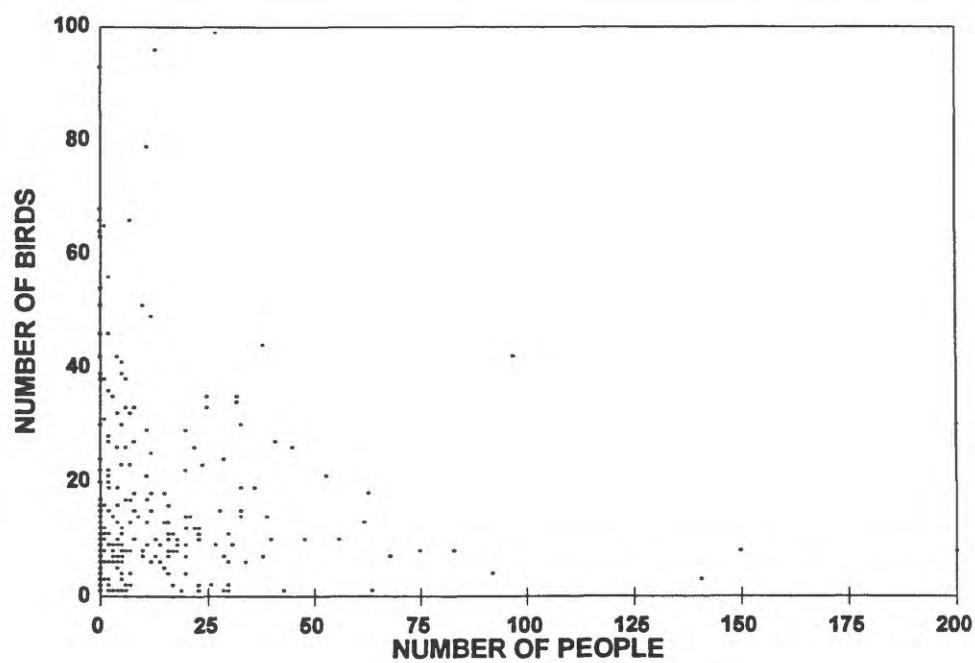


Fig. 27. Relationship of Birds Versus People Abundance in Area III.

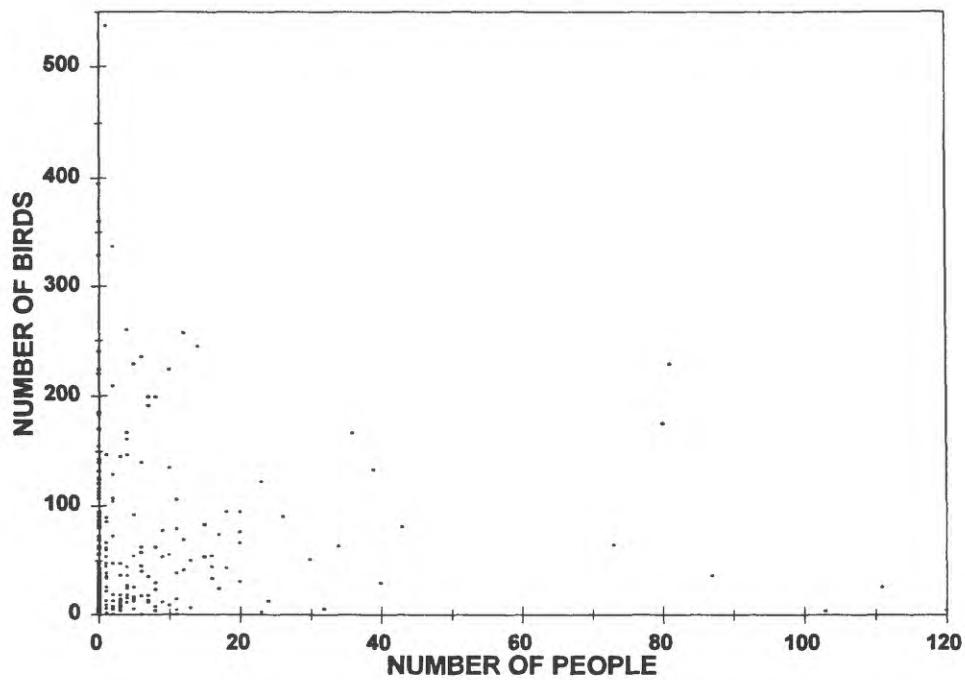


Fig. 28. Relationship of Birds Versus People Abundance in All Areas.

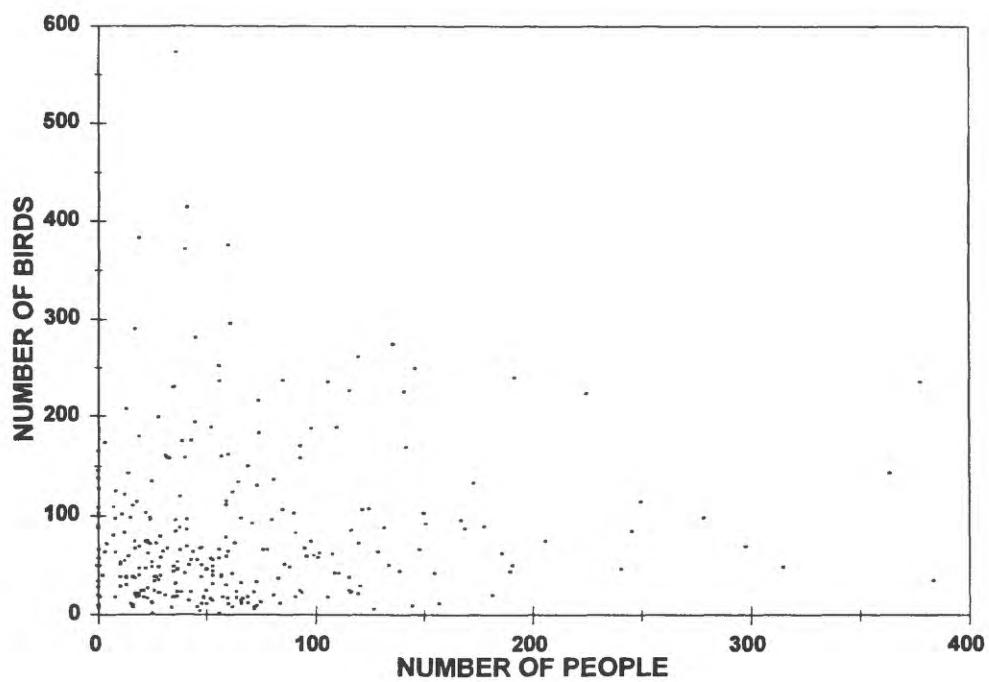


Fig. 29. Mean Cover of Acorn Barnacles Surveyed by Barnacle Photoplots.

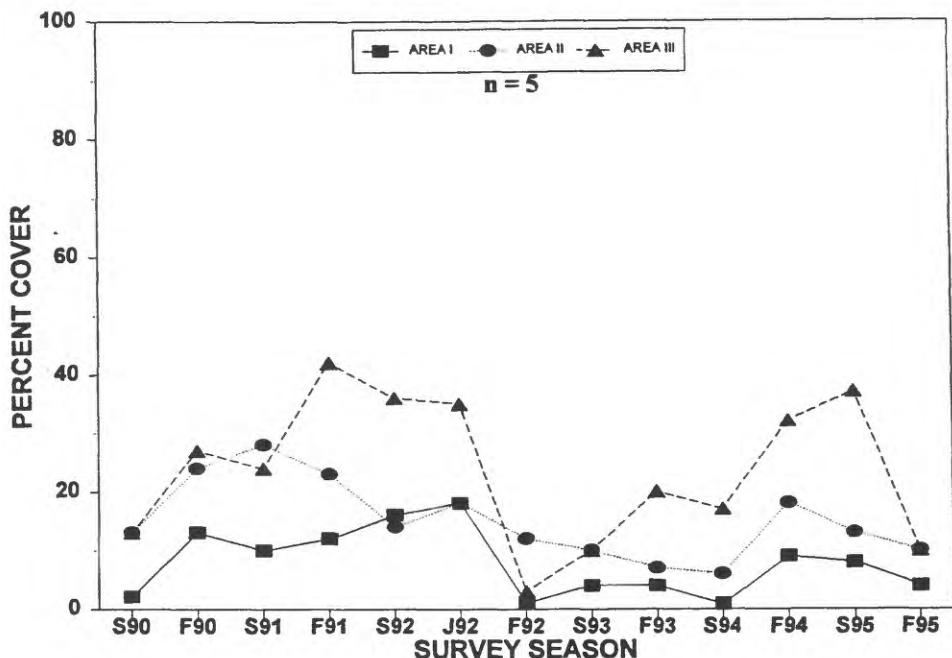


Fig. 30. Mean Cover of Thatched Barnacles Surveyed by Barnacle Photoplots.

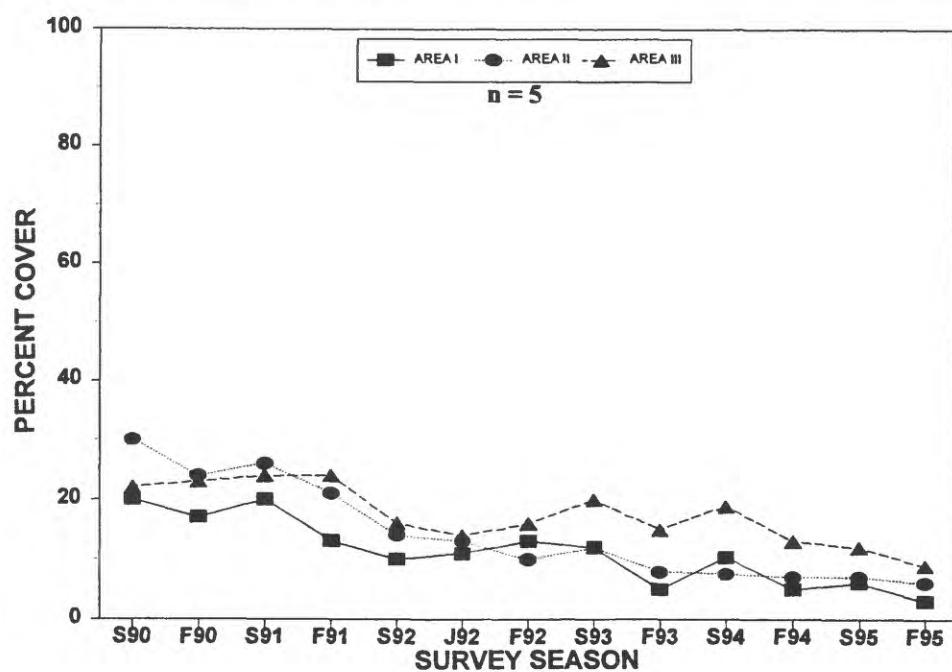


Fig. 31. Mean Cover of Other Plants Surveyed by Barnacle Photoplots.

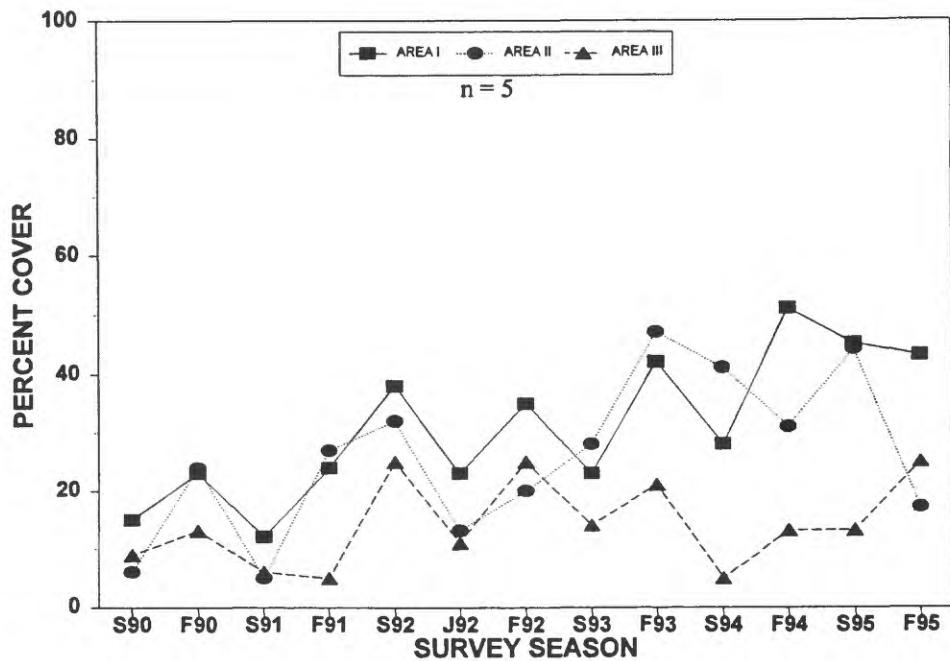


Fig. 32. Mean Cover of Goose Barnacles Surveyed by Mussel Photoplots.

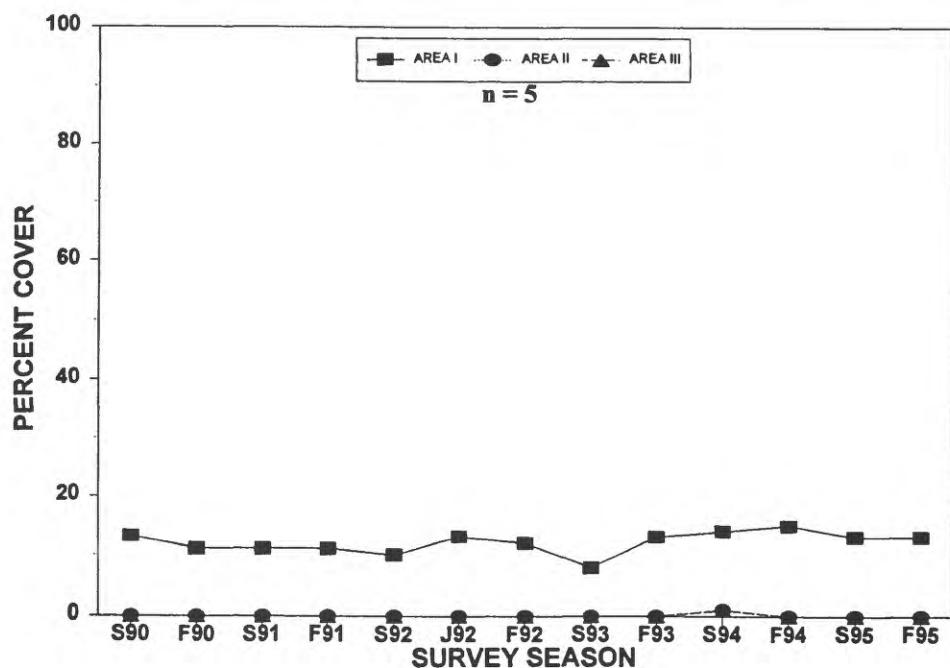


Fig. 33. Mean Cover of Rockweed Surveyed by Rockweed Photoplots.

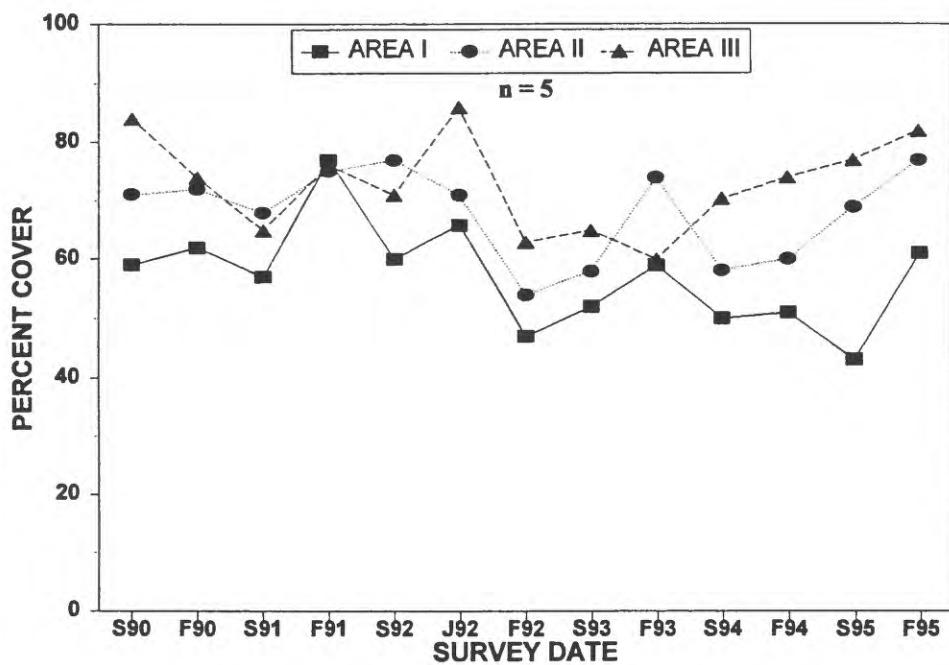


Fig. 34. Mean Cover of Other Plants Surveyed by Rockweed Photoplots.

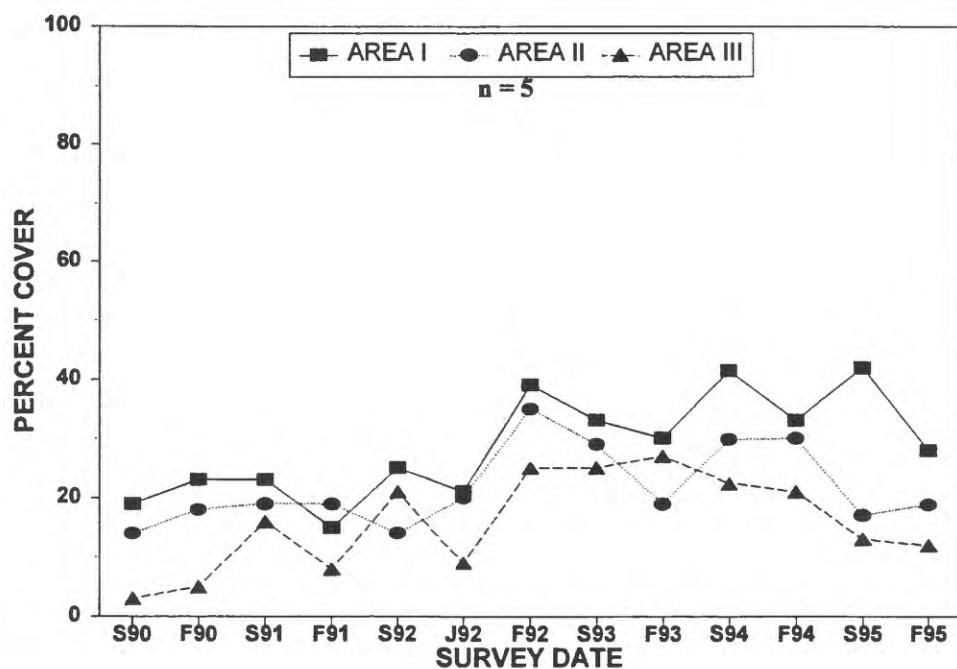


Fig. 35. Mean Cover of California Mussels Surveyed by Mussel Photoplots.

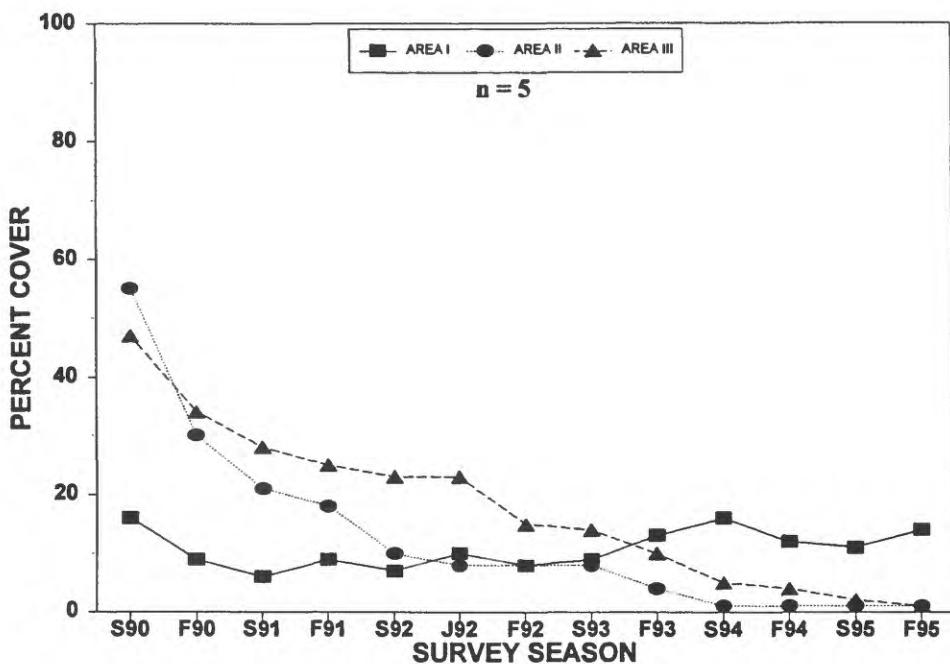


Fig. 36. Mean Cover of Other Plants Surveyed by Mussel Photoplots.

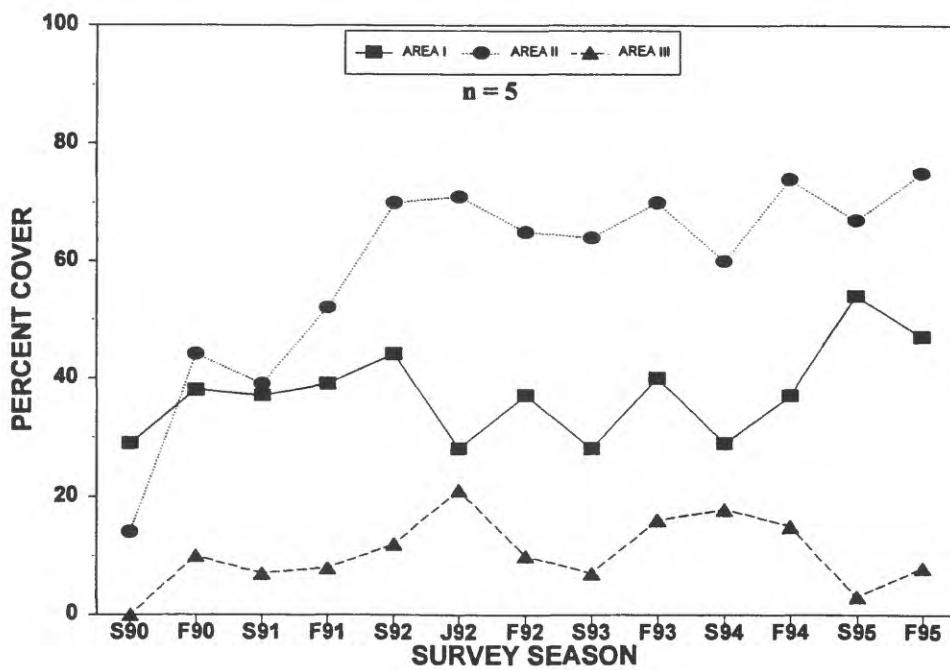


Fig. 37. Total Area of Goose Barnacle Clumps Surveyed by Band Transects.

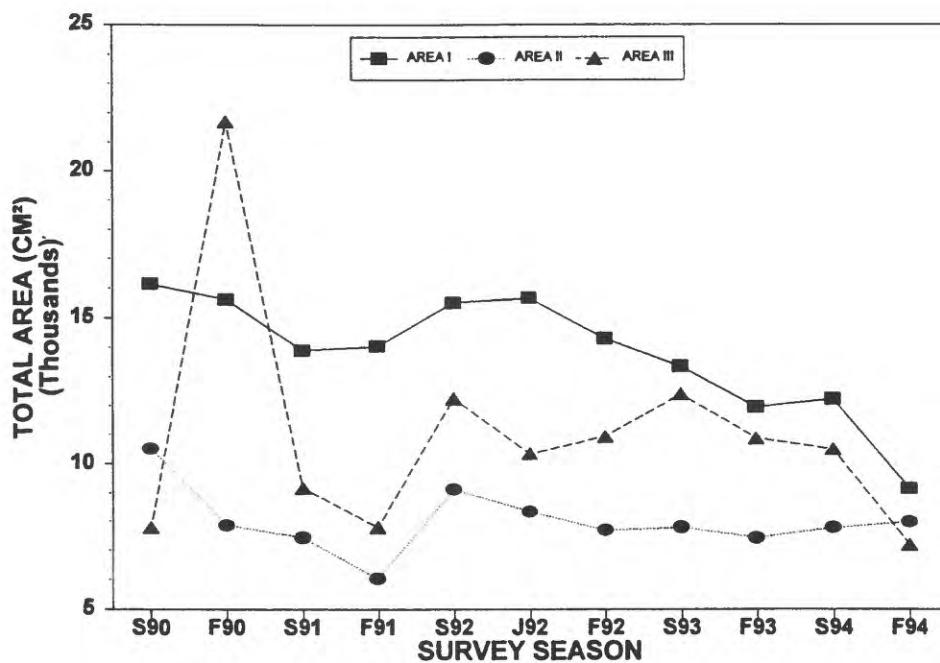


Fig. 38. Mean Size of Goose Barnacle Clumps Surveyed by Band Transects.

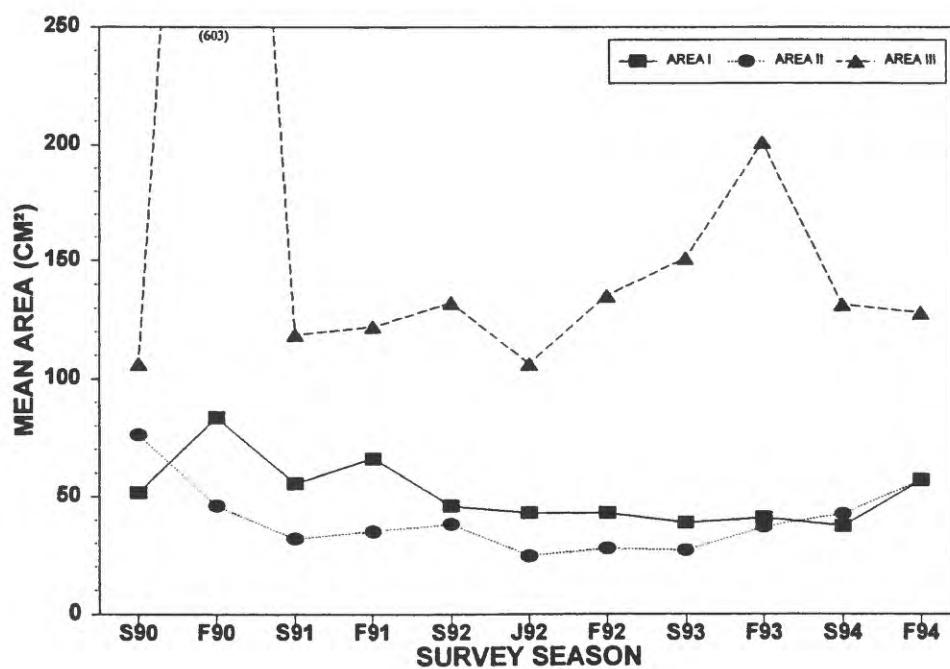


Fig. 39. Total Number of Goose Barnacle Clumps Surveyed by Band Transects.

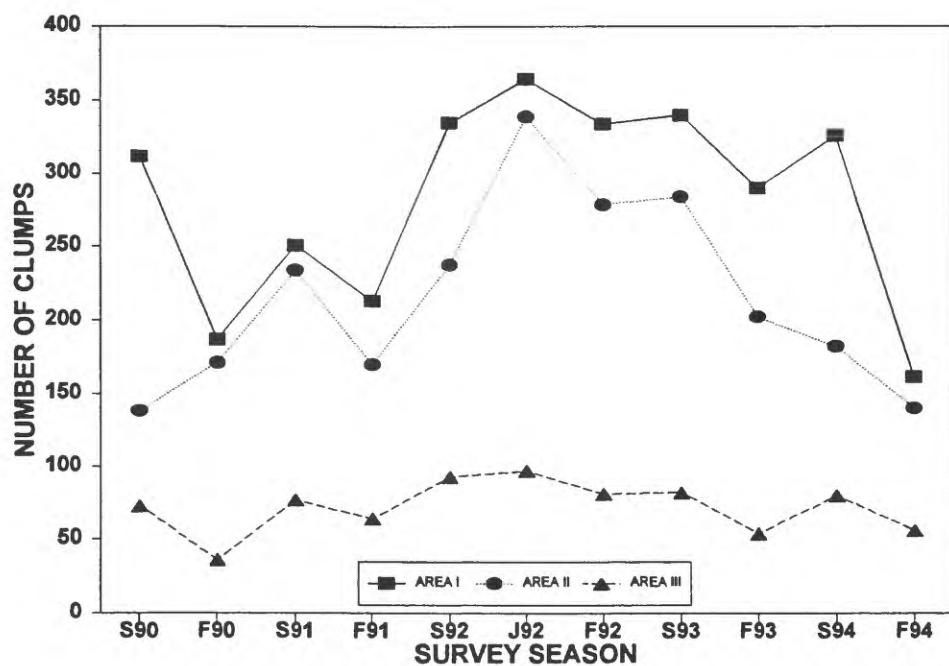


Fig. 40. Number of Small & Large Goose Barnacle Clumps Surveyed by Band Transects.

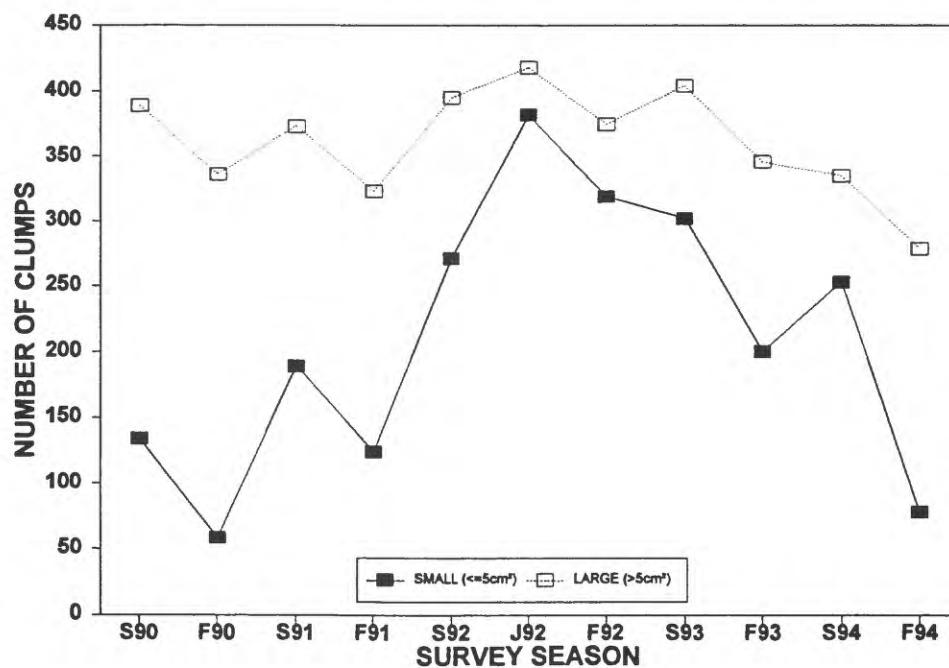


Fig. 41. Goose Barnacle Clump Size Frequencies for 1990.

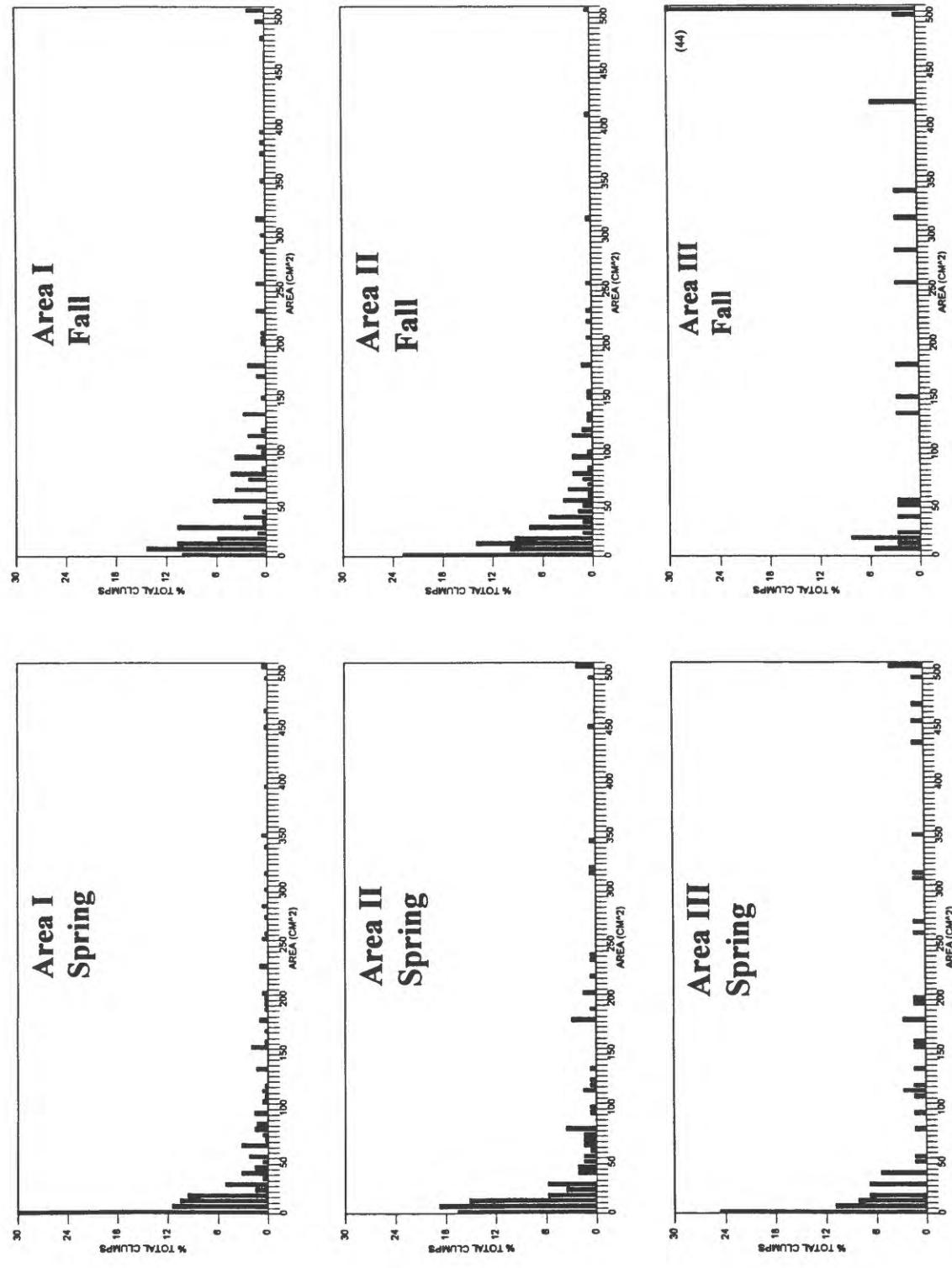


Fig. 42. Goose Barnacle Clump Size Frequencies for 1991.

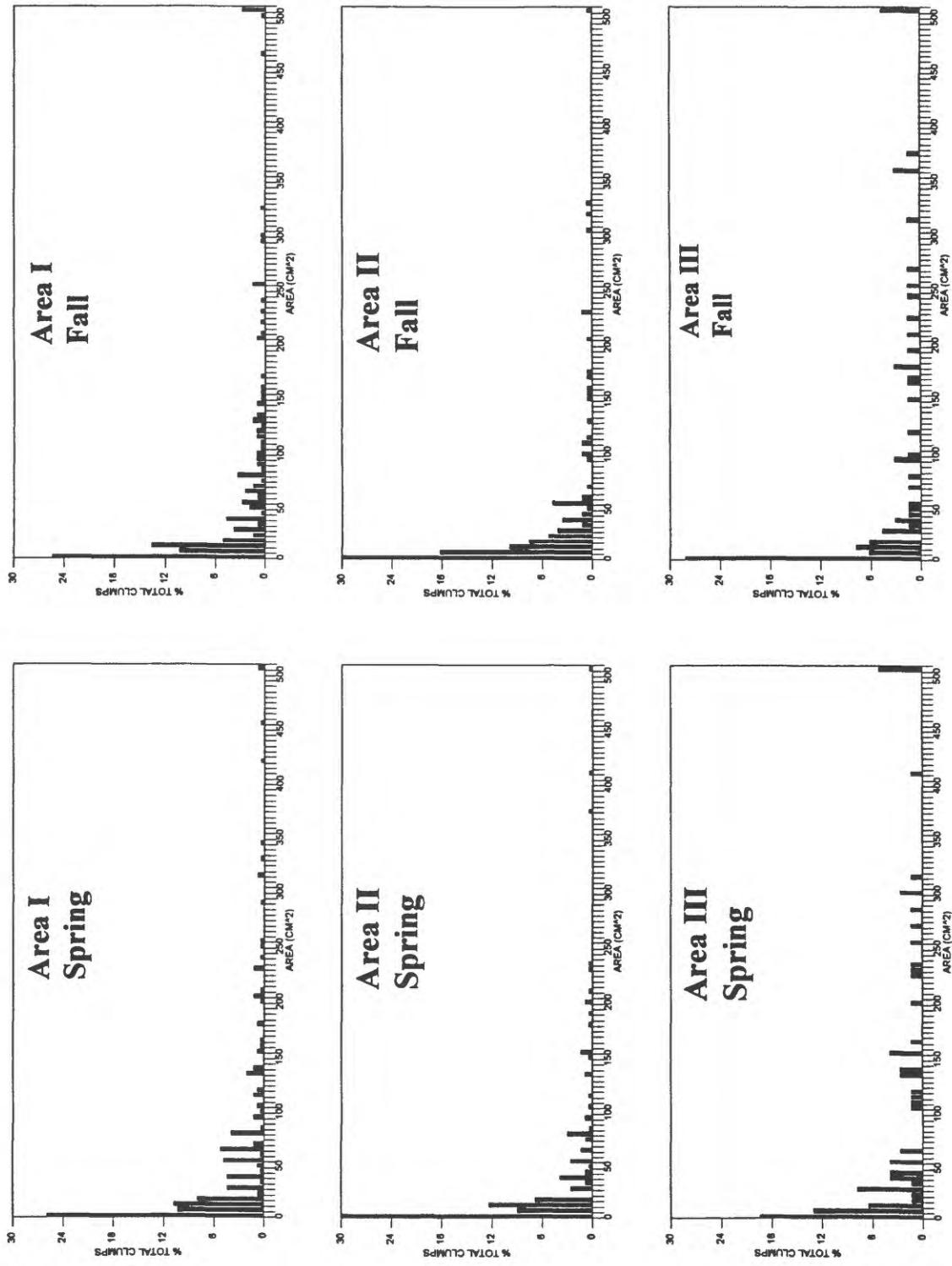


Fig. 43. Goose Barnacle Clump Size Frequencies for 1992.

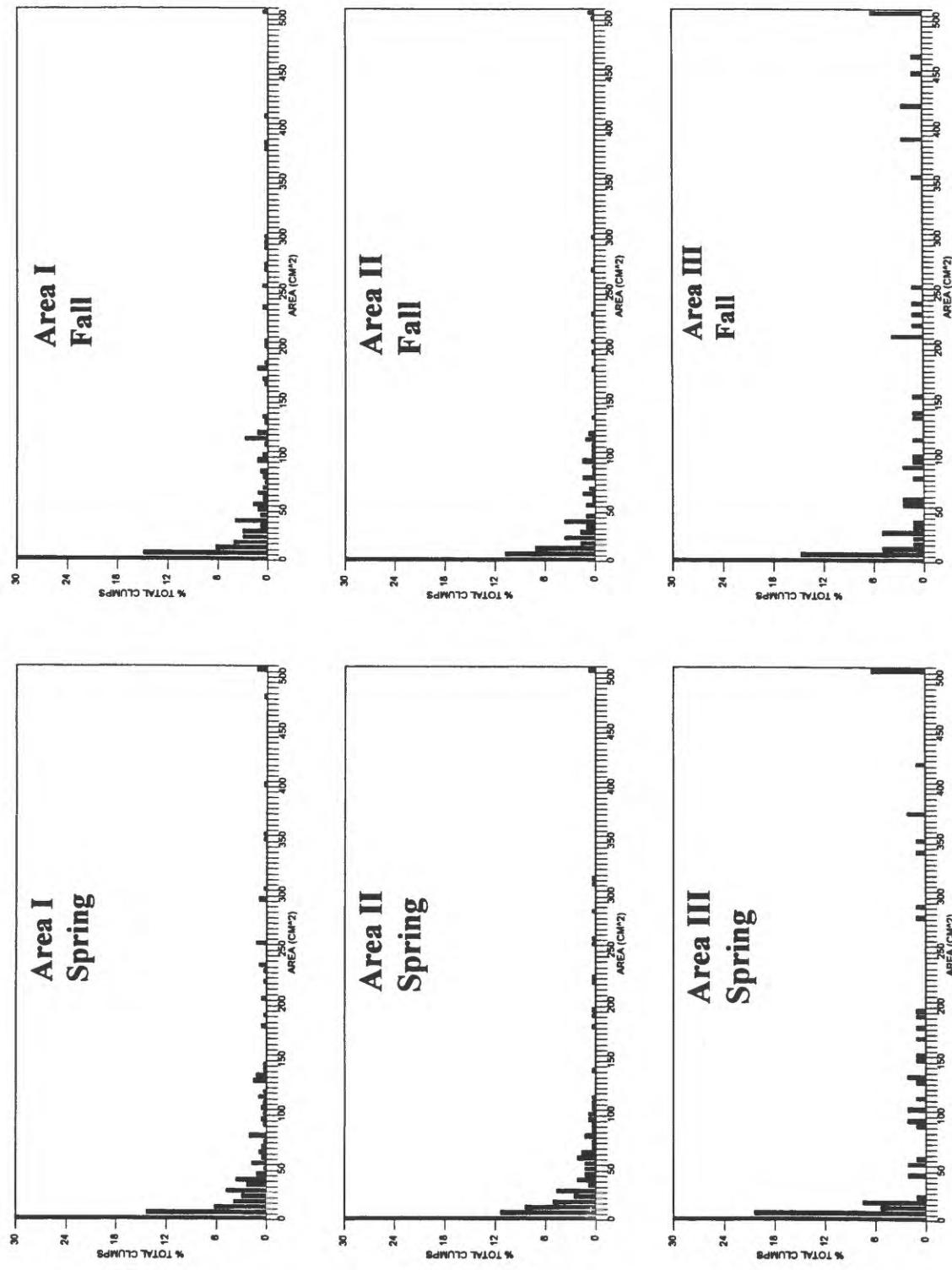


Fig. 44. Goose Barnacle Clump Size Frequencies for June 1992.

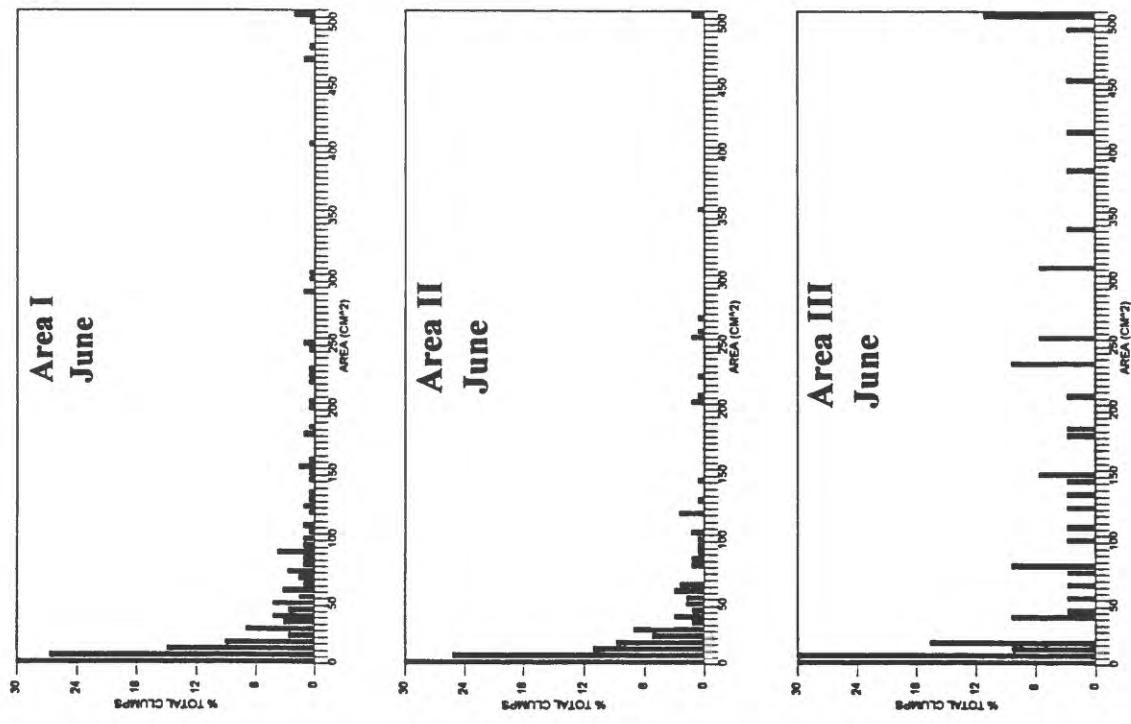


Fig. 45. Goose Barnacle Clump Size Frequencies for 1993.

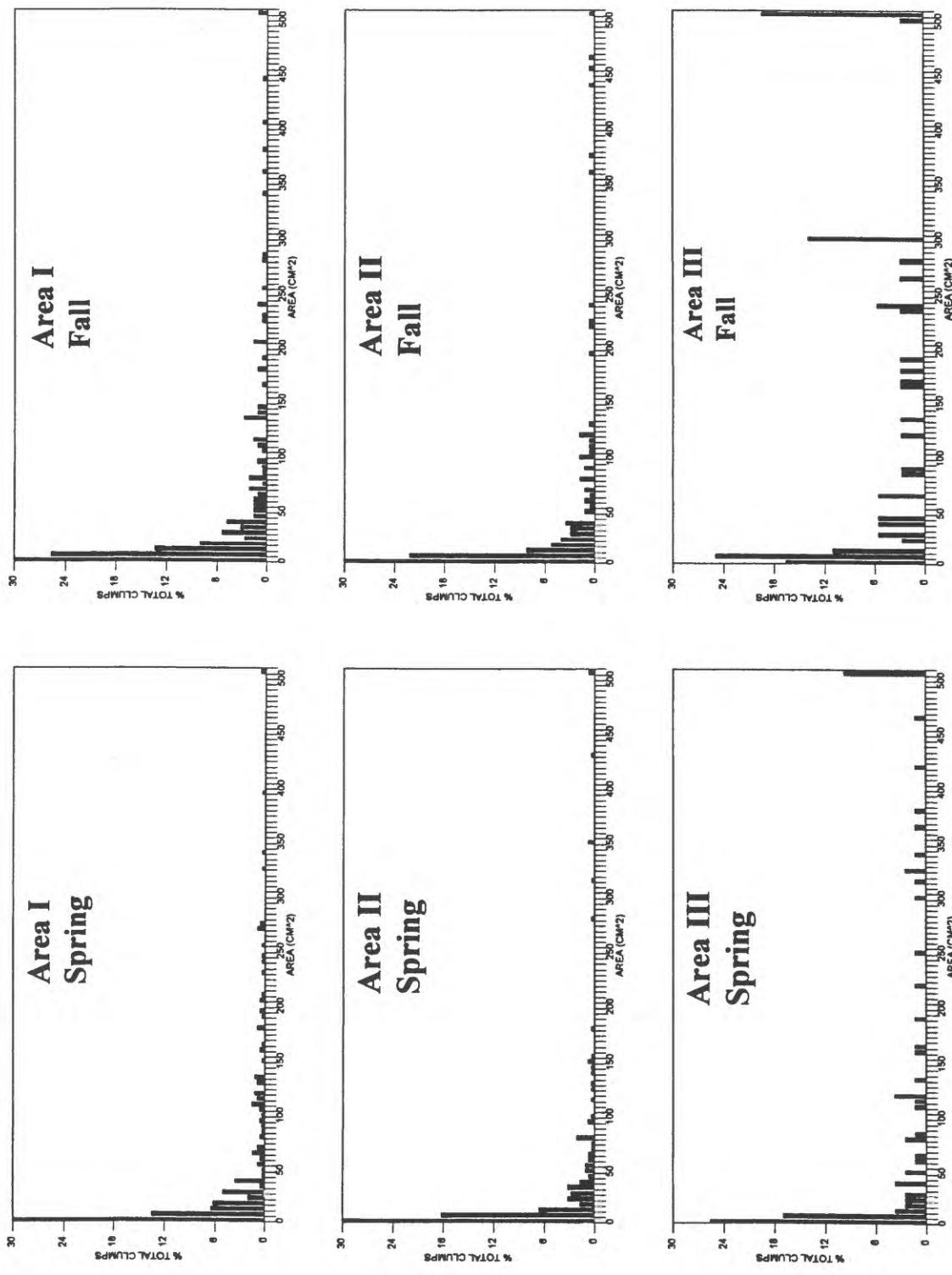


Fig. 46. Goose Barnacle Clump Size Frequencies for 1994.

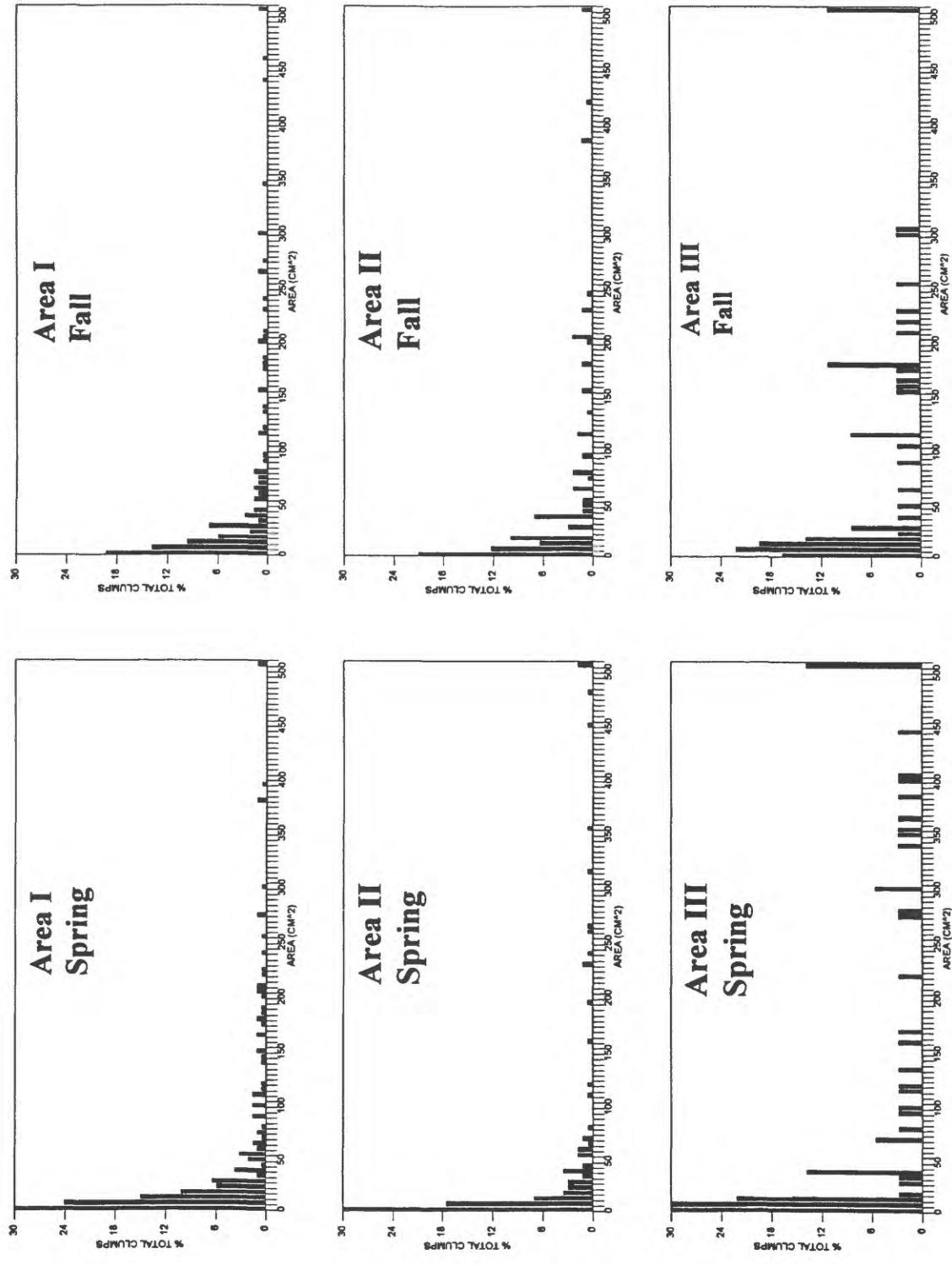


Fig. 47. Total Number of Owl Limpets Surveyed by Circular Plots.

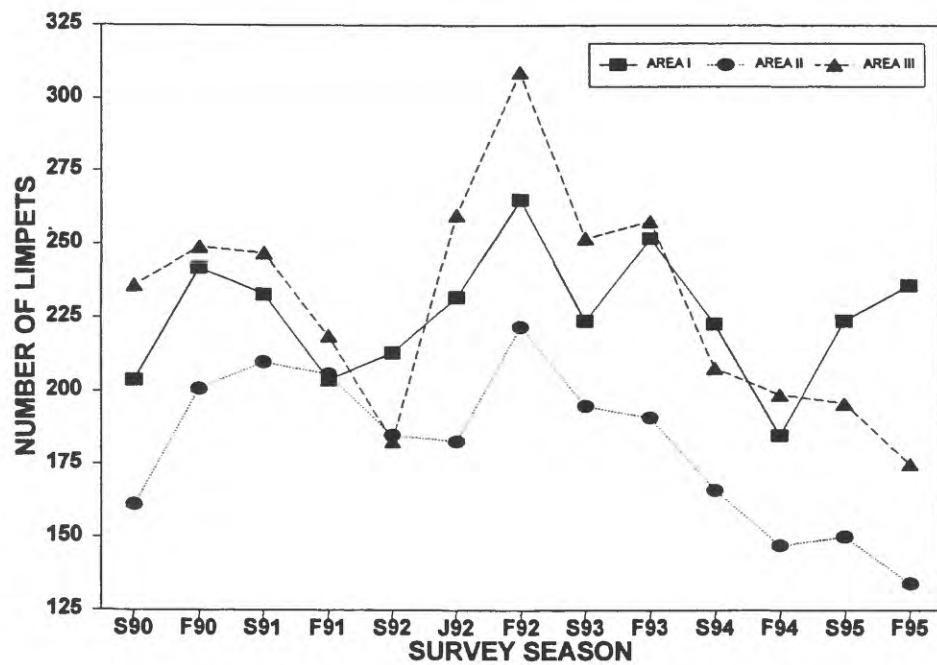


Fig. 48. Mean Size of Owl Limpets Surveyed by Circular Plots.

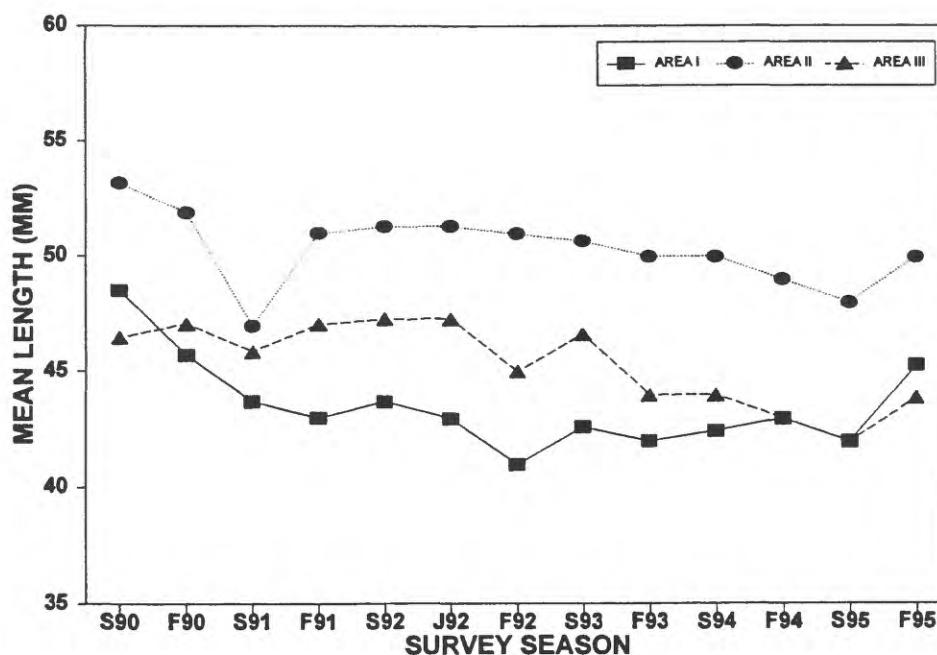


Fig. 49. Number of Small and Large Owl Limpets Surveyed by Circular Plots.

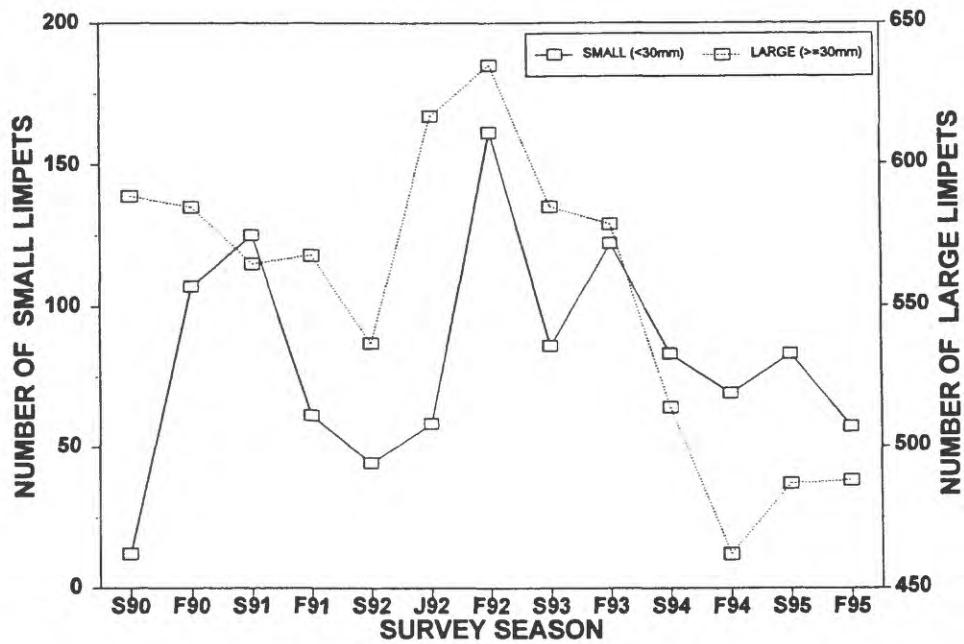


Fig. 50. Number of Small and Large Owl Limpets Surveyed by Circular Plots.

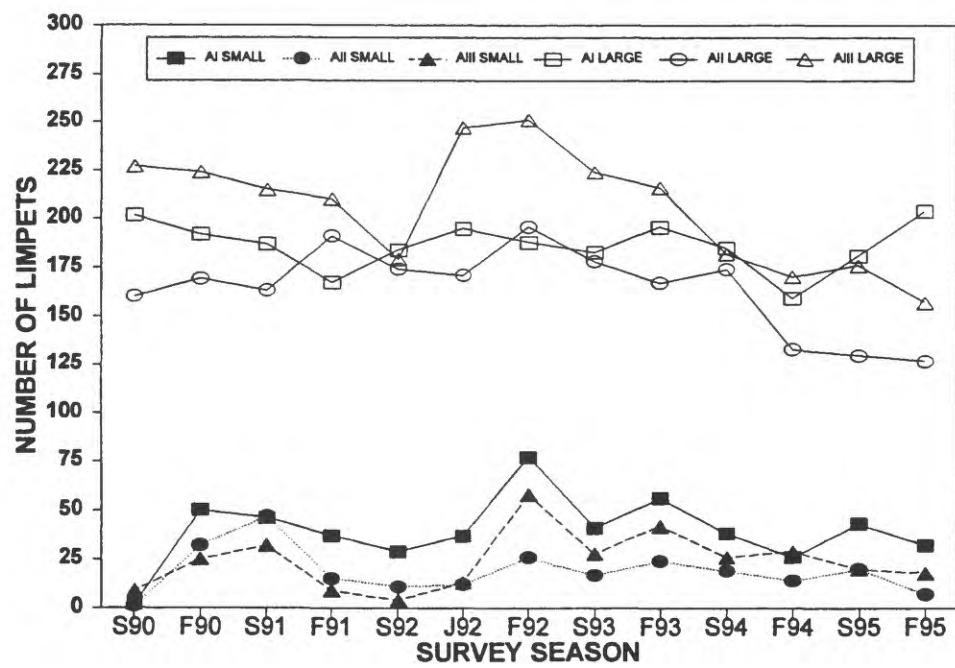


Fig. 51. Owl Limpet Length Frequencies for 1990.

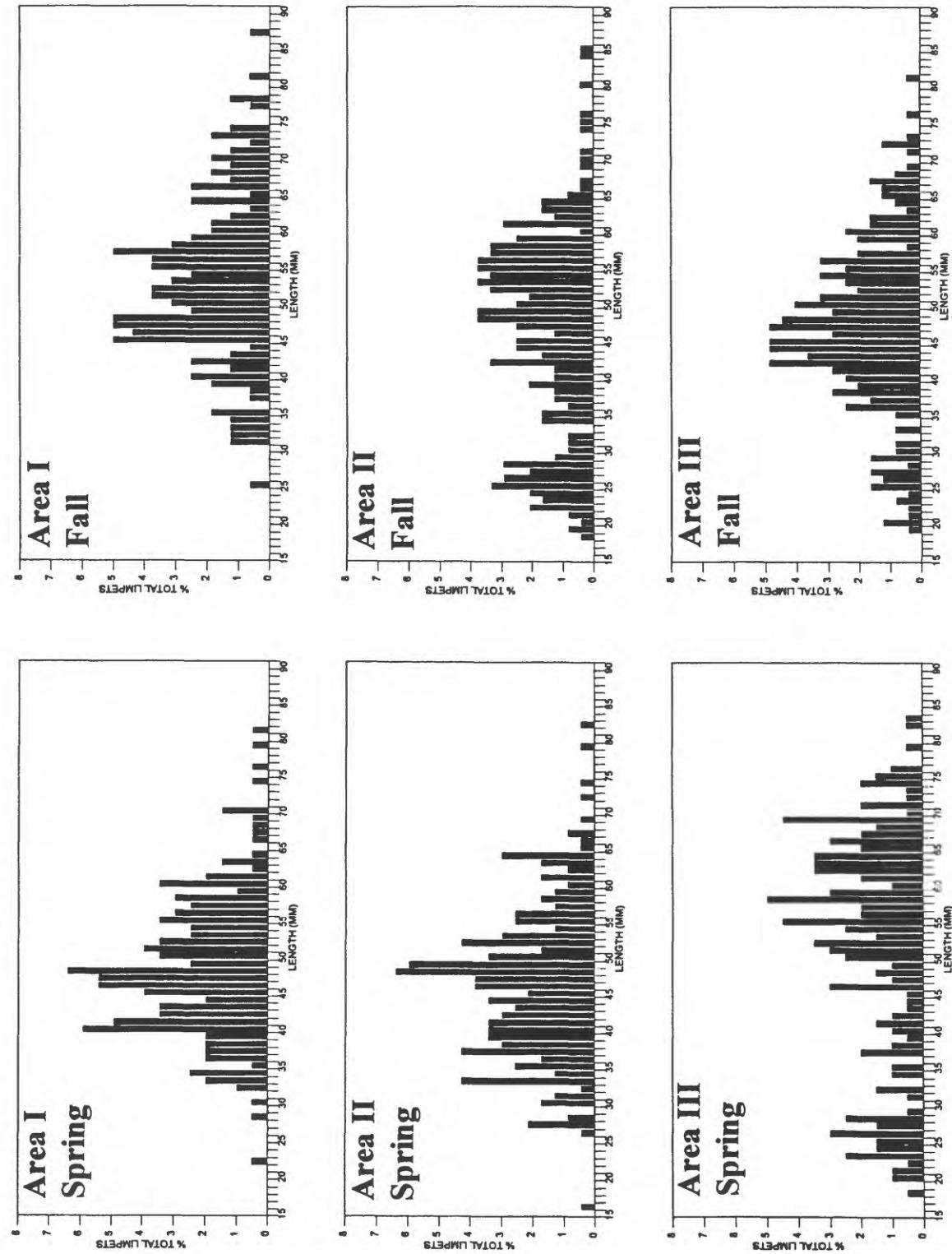


Fig. 52. Owl Limpet Length Frequencies for 1991.

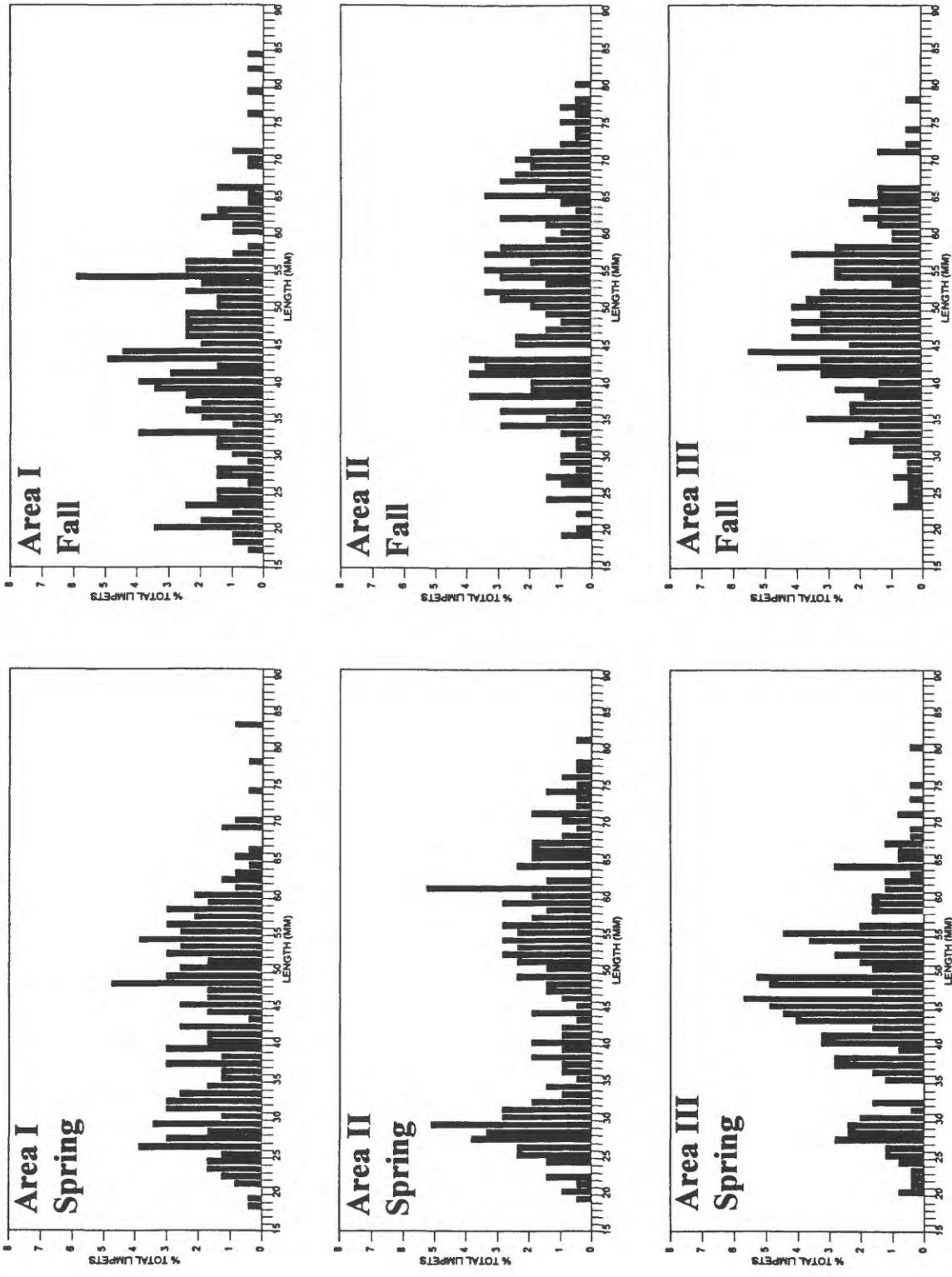


Fig. 53. Owl Limpet Length Frequencies for 1992.

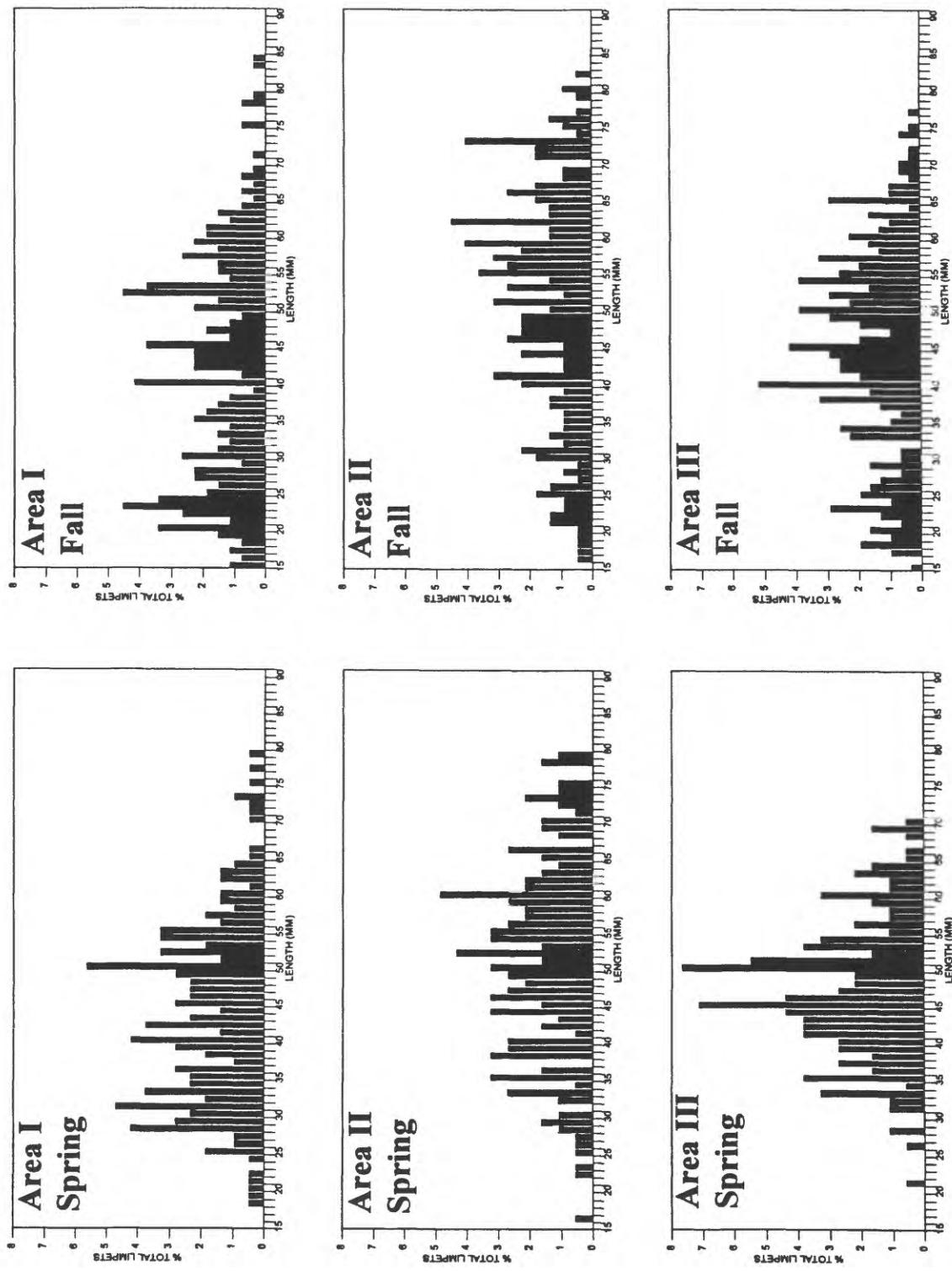


Fig. 54. Owl Limpet Length Frequencies in June, 1992.

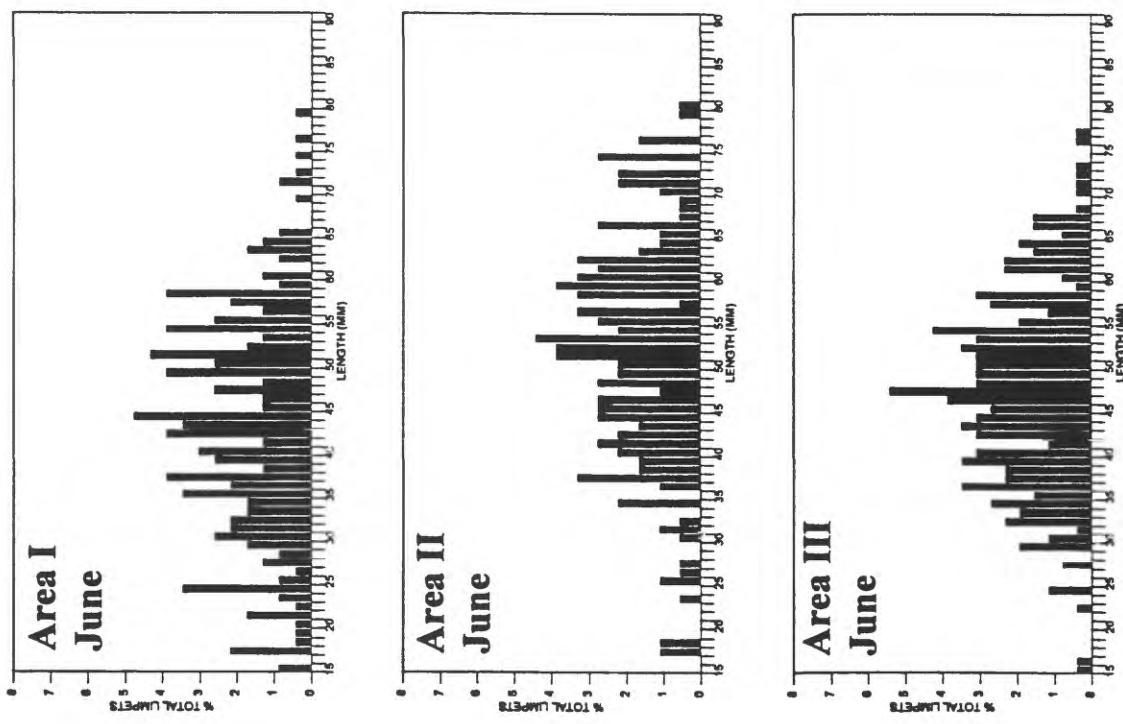


Fig. 55. Owl Limpet Length Frequencies for 1993.

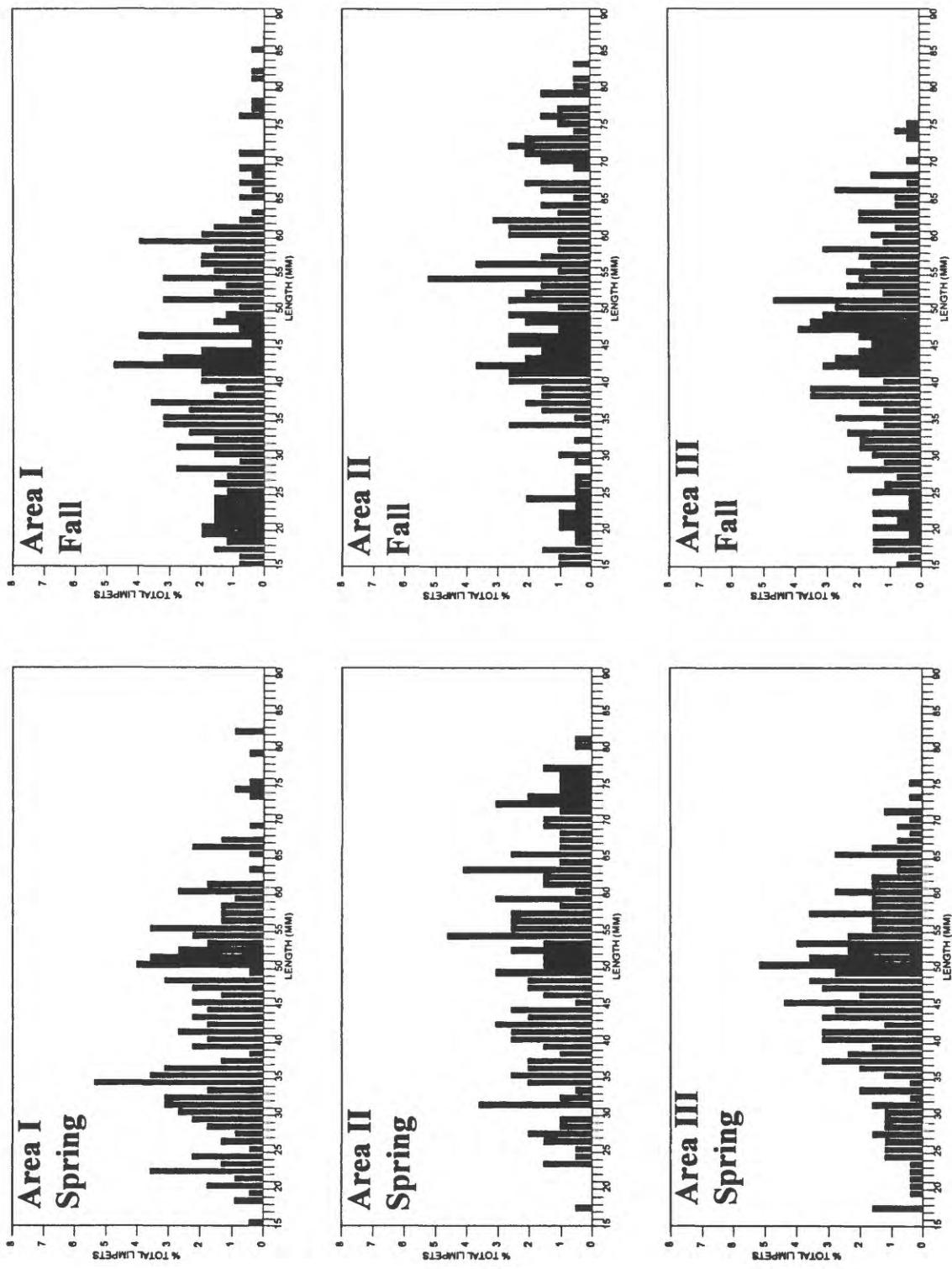


Fig. 56. Owl Limpet Length Frequencies for 1994.

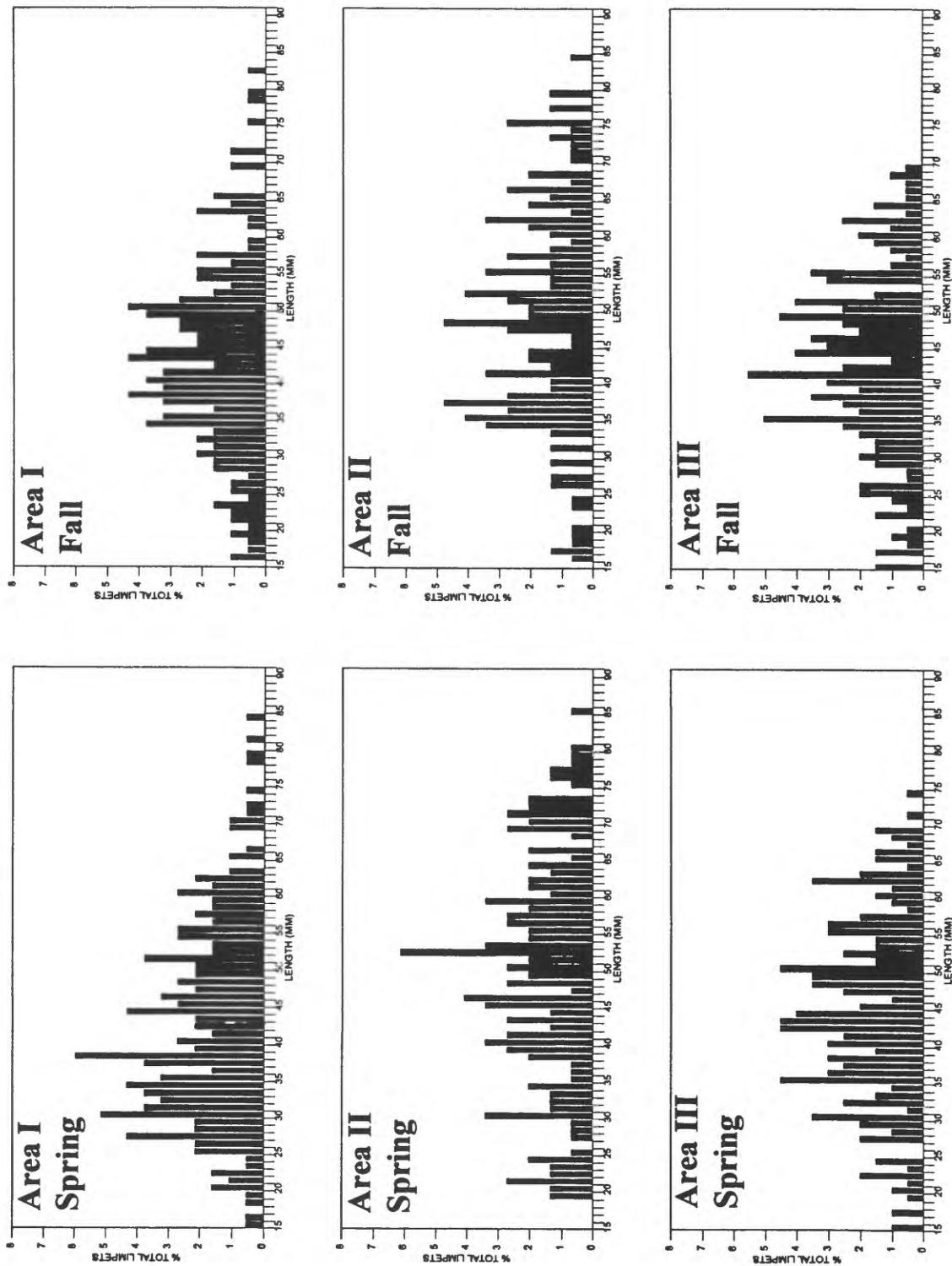


Fig. 57. Owl Limpet Length Frequencies for 1995.

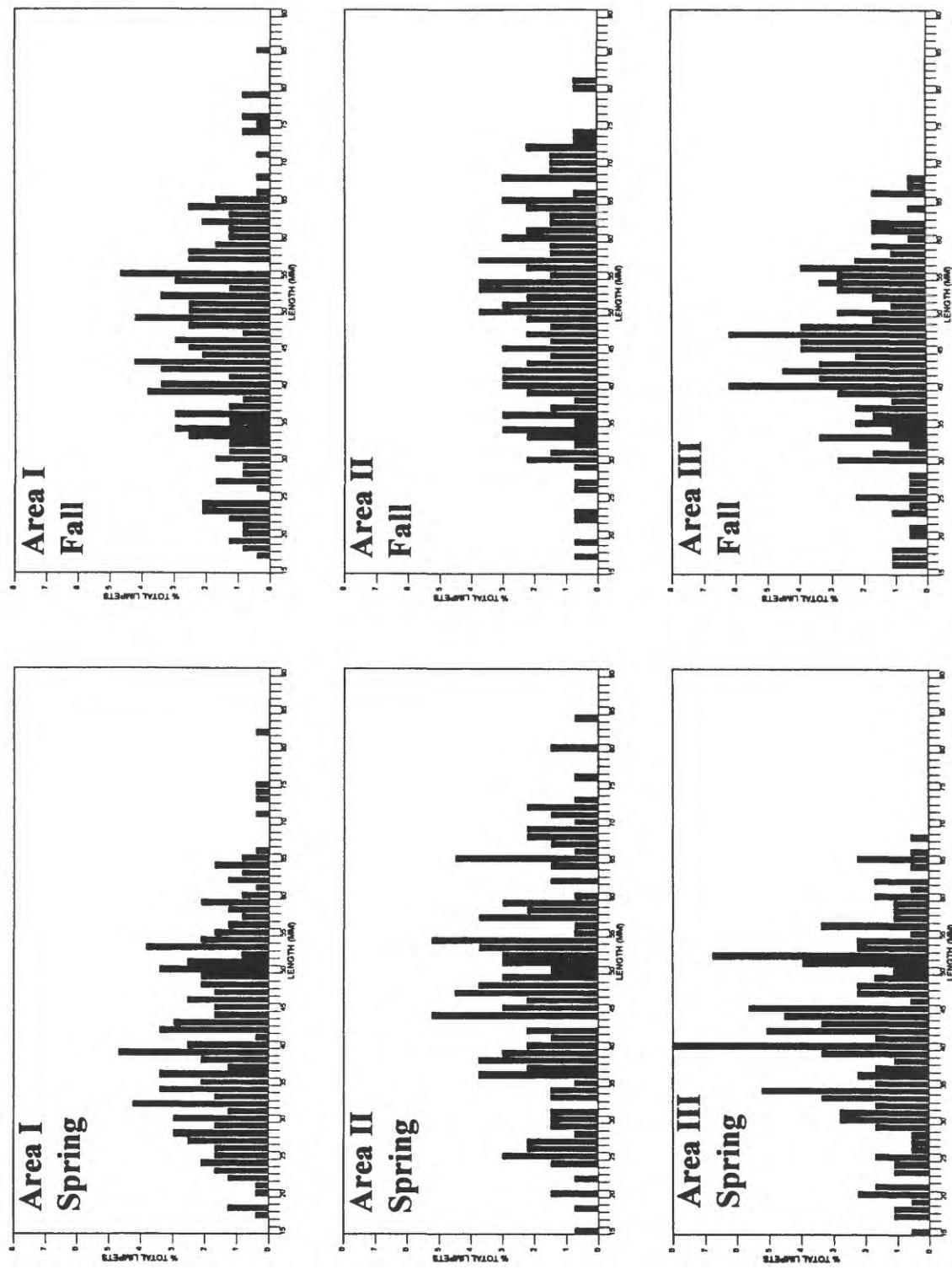


Fig. 58. Mean Cover of Red Algal Turf Surveyed by Turf Line Transects.

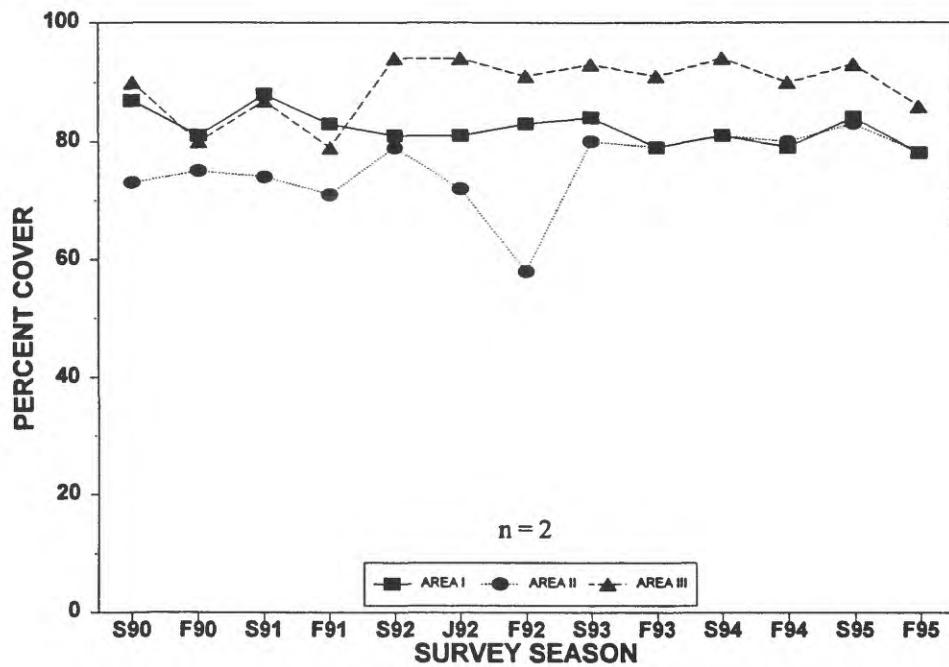


Fig. 59. Mean Cover of Surf Grass Surveyed by Turf Line Transects.

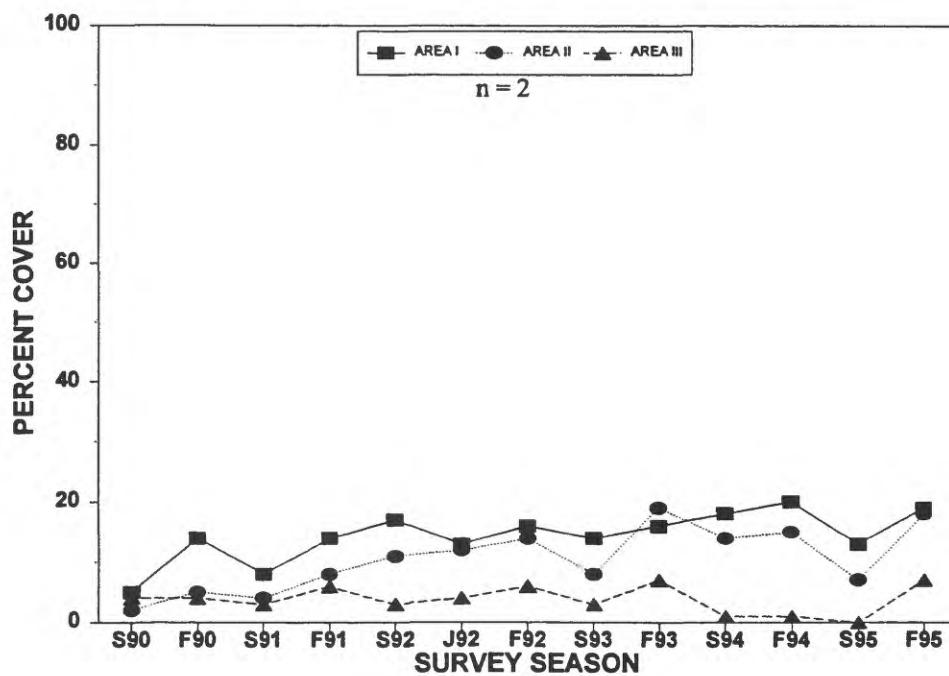


Fig. 60. Mean Cover of Surf Grass Surveyed by Grass Line Transects.

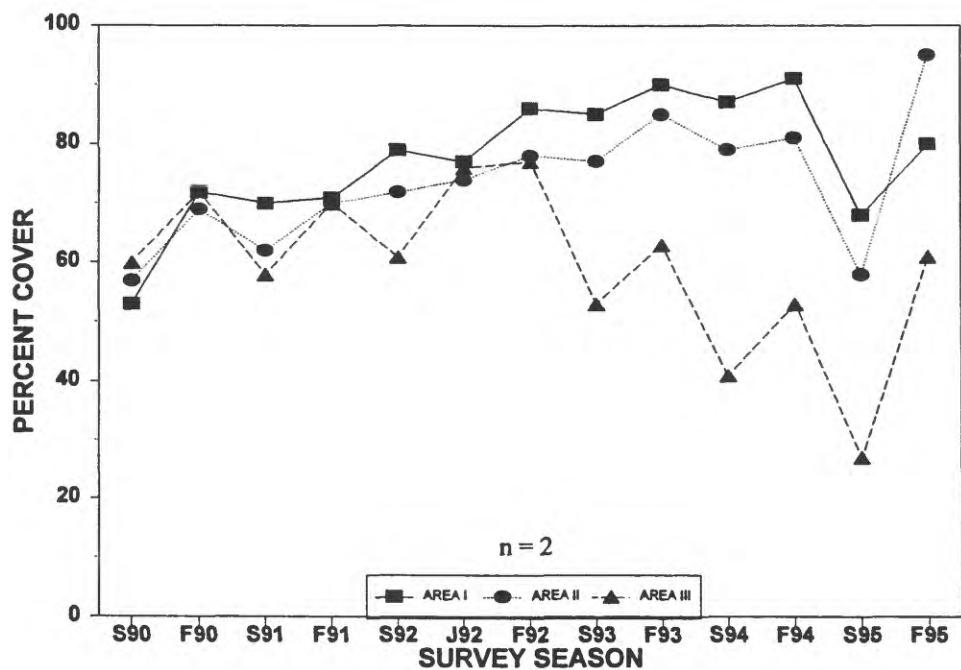


Fig. 61. Mean Cover of Red Algal Turf Surveyed by Grass Line Transects.

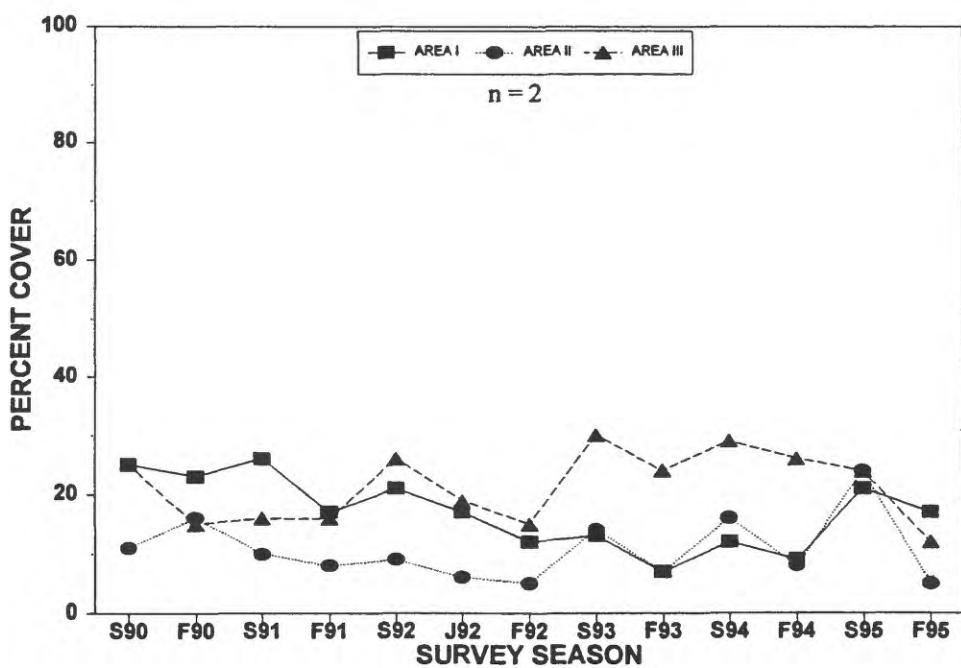


Fig. 62. Mean Cover of Boa Kelp Surveyed by Kelp Line Transects.

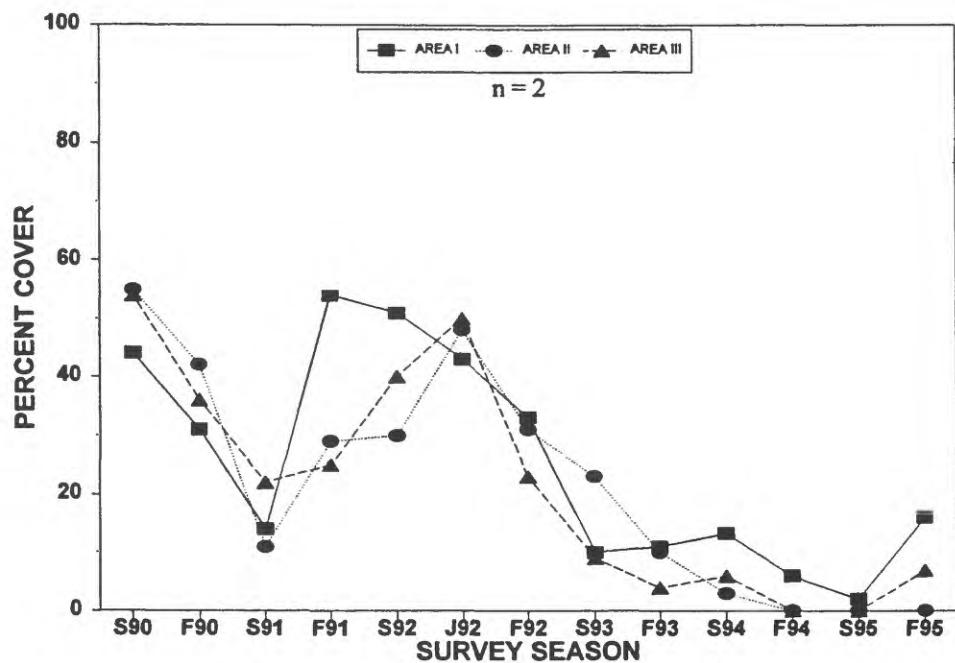
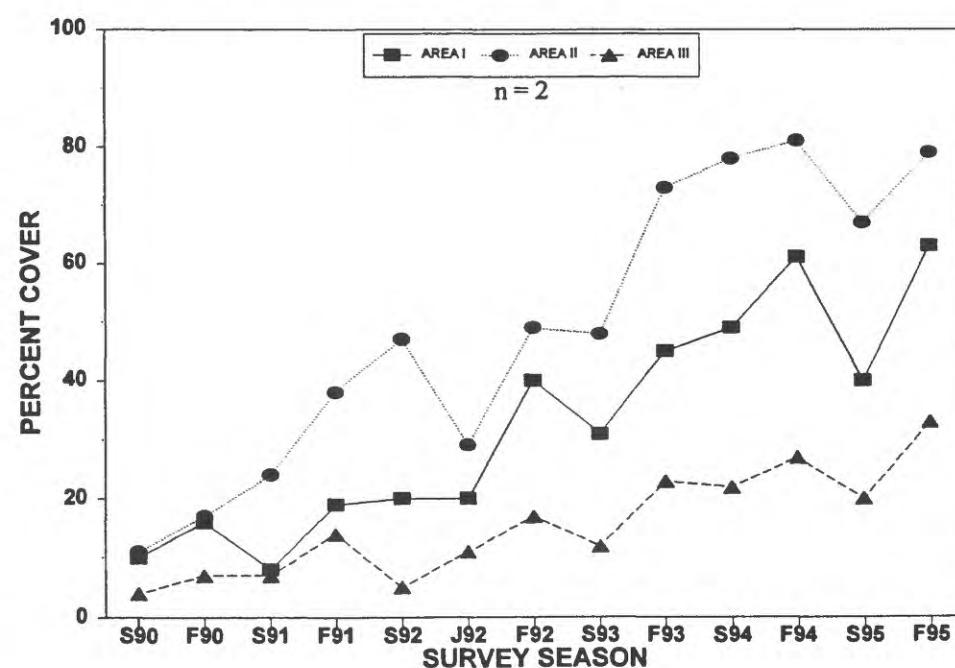


Fig. 63. Mean Cover of Surf Grass Surveyed by Kelp Line Transects.



APPENDIX 1. Key Species Natural History

The following are summary descriptions of the natural history and ecology of the 13 key rocky intertidal species or species groups emphasized in this study:

Rockweed (*Pelvetia fastigiata*)

This conspicuous fucoid alga can be locally abundant in dense patches in upper mid-tidal regions of southern California rocky shores that are partially protected from open surf. The typical mainland form is an olive green or yellowish brown plant about 30 cm long, composed of thick, narrow, dichotomous branches. A finer-branched, lighter-colored form (*P. fastigiata gracilis*) is more typical of the Channel Islands (Abbott and Hollenberg 1976). *Pelvetia* is a dominant perennial whose thick clumps provide shelter and protection from desiccation for many animals that otherwise could not exist so high up on the shore (Hill 1980; Gunnill 1983; Ricketts et al. 1985). *Pelvetia* plants are tough, resilient, and long-lived; however, recruitment is irregular, survivorship low, and individuals slow-growing (Gunnill 1980b; 1985). Rockweeds are vulnerable to oil spills because of their location fairly high on the shore. Specific sensitivity of *Pelvetia* to oiling is unclear, but other fucoids are known to be adversely affected (Foster et al. 1988). Recovery from impacts could take several years or more (Hill 1980; Vesco & Gillard 1980; Engle unpub.).

Sargassum Weed (*Sargassum muticum*)

Sargassum muticum is a non-native species of brown fucoid algae that was introduced to the West Coast in the 1930's or 40's, apparently on the shells of young oysters released in Puget Sound (Scagel 1956). It spread southward from Washington State, established itself in southern California in the 1960's and 70's, and currently ranges to central Baja California. *S. muticum* can be distinguished from the two native species of *Sargassum* in California (*S. agardhianum* and *S. palmeri*) by its larger size (to 10 m, but generally <3 m intertidally) and undivided leaflike blades that occur singly along the main branches (Abbott & Hollenberg 1976). Sargassum weed is widely distributed in sheltered and semi-exposed rocky habitats subtidally (to 10 m depth), along wet low tide zones, and in tidepools at higher zones. Its habitat requirements are generally similar to surf grass. They frequently occur intermixed; however, surf grass is more common in lower surf-swept areas, while sargassum weed dominates the warmer middle intertidal pools. *S. muticum* is an opportunistic "weedy" species that can quickly colonize bare spaces and unstable substrates, but it is a poor competitor for space, thus in time native plants usually take over (Deysher & Norton 1982). *Sargassum* is perennial, but the coarse elongate fronds die back annually (after reproduction in Spring/Summer) to stubby bases (in Summer/Fall) (Gunnill 1980a). Sargassum weed grows rapidly in warm water, but can survive cold conditions, as evidenced by its northern range limit. It is susceptible to desiccation damage and can be dislodged by high surf, but is capable of rapid recovery from disturbance (Gunnill 1985).

Boa Kelp (*Egregia menziesii*)

Boa kelp is one of the largest intertidal plants in California. It is a brown laminarian alga that forms conspicuous bands or patches in lower intertidal and shallow subtidal rocky habitats on exposed shores from central California to central Baja California (though some specimens range as far north as Alaska). Appearing like the feather boa wraps once worn by fashionable

women, this rapidly-growing kelp produces 2-15 m long straplike stipes fringed with gas-filled bladders and numerous small, elongate blades in young plants or hair-like blades in old plants. The largest forms are subtidal. Boa kelp is perennial, but many plants die annually (Black 1974; Gunnill 1980a). Dense, draping fronds of *Egregia* provide protection from desiccation for understory plants and animals, as well as food for grazers such as isopods, kelp crabs, snails, and limpets (Humphrey 1965). One limpet, *Notoacmaea incessa*, is found only on *Egregia*. These short-lived limpets excavate pits or furrows in the kelp stipe which weaken the plant, increasing the likelihood of frond loss (Black 1976). Though tough, boa kelp can be abraded or torn out by wave action. It also is sensitive to desiccation and heat stress. During sunny midday low tides, plants uppermost on the shore may deteriorate, as evidenced first by color changes from brown to green, and later by sloughing of fronds. The 1982-83 El Niño caused catastrophic mortalities, but recruitment continued to occur (Gunnill 1985). *Egregia* was conspicuously absent from rocky habitat at the terminus of a small sewage outfall at San Clemente Island (Littler & Murray 1975). If recruitment is successful, recovery from disturbance can be relatively rapid (0.5-2 yr) due to fast growth rates (Murray & Littler 1979; Vesco & Gillard 1980).

Red Algal Turf (mostly *Corallina* spp.)

Large portions of the middle intertidal zones of rocky shores in southern California are covered by a mixed assemblage of low-growing (<7 cm high) green, brown, and red algal species, of which the reds predominate. This turf is best developed on relatively flat reefs where the algal mat forms a meshwork that traps sand and shell particles. Species composition within the turf assemblage varies geographically. In the San Diego area, as many as 67 species of attached and epiphytic plants are found within a relatively homogeneous and persistent assemblage (Stewart 1982). Two species of red erect coralline algae (*Corallina vancouveriensis* and *C. pinnatifolia*) dominate, together covering >60% of the substrate. By cementing firmly to the rock, these perennial calcareous algae form a low, but highly structured thicket that supports diverse epiphytic plants and infaunal animals. Common epiphytes include *Ceramium eatonianum*, *C. floccideum*, *Centroceras clavulatum*, *Hypnea valentiae*, *Lithothrix aspergillum*, and *Laurencia pacifica*. The sea anemone, *Anthopleura elegantissima*, is the most conspicuous invertebrate within the turf assemblage. The turf may also enhance recruitment of mussels by providing attachment surfaces and a relatively sheltered micro-environment. Typically, the algal turf zone is located just above the surf grass zone, because algal turf is better able to withstand desiccation (Stewart 1989a). The *Corallina* species dominating the turf can bleach and die-back during daytime exposures to dry air (especially during the October-February low tides), or filaments may be broken off by storm waves, but erect portions easily grow back from the crusts that persist after such disturbances (Stewart 1989b). They also are highly resistant to the sand abrasion and burial which commonly occurs on low-sloping reefs. *Corallina* crusts can survive more than a year under sand; once re-exposed, they regain pink color and start growing erect portions within two weeks (Stewart 1989b). Turf algae species may bleach or die in response to oil, municipal wastes, or other pollutants (Foster et al. 1988). Recovery of *Corallina*-dominated turf after complete clearings can take about 2 yr (Stewart 1989b).

Surf Grass (*Phyllospadix* spp.)

Surf grass is one of only two types of marine flowering plants on the West Coast. Unlike the eelgrass *Zostera* (often confused with surf grass) that grows in quiet-water mud or sand habitats, surf grass attaches by short roots to rock on surf-swept shores from the low intertidal down to 10-15 m depths. The 0.5-2 m tall, emerald green grass commonly occurs in dense perennial beds formed primarily by vegetative growth from spreading rhizomes. Two species (*P. torreyi* & *P. scouleri*) overlap in geographical distribution and morphological characteristics (Dawson & Foster 1982). *P. torreyi* generally has longer (1-2 m), narrower (1-2 mm) leaves, longer flower stems with several spadices, and occurs more in semi-protected habitats as well as at deeper depths. *P. scouleri* tends to have shorter (<50 cm), broader (2-4 mm) leaves, shorter flower stems with 1-2 spadices, and is found more often in wave-swept intertidal areas. Surf grass meadows are highly productive ecosystems, providing structurally complex microhabitats for a rich variety of epiphytes, epibenthos, and infauna. Stewart and Myers (1980) identified 71 species of algae and 90 species of invertebrates associated with surf grass habitats in San Diego. Some organisms, such as the red algae *Smithora naiadum* and *Melobesia mediocris*, are exclusive epiphytes on surf grass (or eelgrass) (Abbott & Hollenberg 1976). Also, *Phyllospadix* beds provide nursery habitat for various fishes and invertebrates, including the California spiny lobster *Panulirus interruptus* (Engle 1979). Green lobster juveniles shelter in the thicket of leaves and forage on a variety of tiny gastropods and bivalves. Surf grass beds are persistent (Turner 1985) and can preempt space from other plants, including boa kelp (Black 1974) and sargassum weed (Deysher & Norton 1982). Surf grass cannot tolerate much heat or drying; the leaves will bleach quickly when midday low tides occur during hot, calm-water periods. Surf grass can be particularly sensitive to sewage discharge (Littler & Murray 1975) and oil pollution (Foster et al. 1988). Recovery can be relatively rapid if the rhizome systems remain functional, but might take many years if entire beds are lost, because recruitment is irregular and must be facilitated by the presence of perennial turf algae to which surf grass seeds attach (Turner 1983, 1985). Transplant projects undertaken to speed recovery of *Phyllospadix* beds destroyed by shoreline construction have been largely unsuccessful.

Aggregating Anemone (*Anthopleura elegantissima*)

Anthopleura elegantissima is abundant throughout semi-protected rocky shores of the Pacific Coast. This greenish anemone can exist as large (to 25 cm) solitary individuals in tidepools and subtidally, or as small (to 8 cm) densely aggregated clones in middle intertidal zones, especially sand-influenced habitats (Morris et al. 1980). Solitary *A. elegantissima* often are confused with *A. xanthogrammica*, a larger relative uncommon south of Point Conception. The green color of all of these *Anthopleura* comes from symbiotic unicellular plants. *A. elegantissima* are able to persist practically indefinitely under normal conditions because genetically-identical individuals are periodically produced by longitudinal fission (Sebens 1982). Extensive carpets of these clones may occur, but often go unrecognized under low tide conditions because the anemones contract to small sand or shell-covered blobs which provide protection from desiccation. Anemone mats create a moist microenvironment that allows the development of some other species, such as coralline algae and sand tube worms (*Phragmatopoma californica*) at higher intertidal levels than they would normally occur (Taylor & Littler 1982). Adjacent anemone clones are separated by a narrow bare corridor caused by the

withdrawal of non-clonemates following aggressive stinging encounters. *A. elegantissima* are quite resistant to disturbances from shifting sands. They not only withstand moderate sand abrasion, but can resist shallow sand burial by extending their columns to re-expose the tentacles and oral disk. If buried deeper, they can survive for at least 3 months by metabolizing body tissue (Sebens 1980). Aggregating anemones are not known to be unusually sensitive to oiling. Recovery from major disturbances may take 1-2 years or more (Vesco & Gillard 1980).

White Acorn Barnacles (*Chthamalus fissus/dalli*)

White acorn barnacles typically dominate high intertidal zones along the West Coast. *C. dalli* and *Balanus* are most common in the colder waters north of Point Conception, but all three species overlap in southern California. Acorn barnacle species can be difficult to distinguish, especially in photographic monitoring. Tiny (to 8 mm) *C. fissus* and *C. dalli* require dissection and microscopic examination of scutal plates. *Balanus glandula* can be field identified in most cases by its larger size (to 22 mm), whiter color, and differing shell plate arrangements. It is rare at Point Loma. Acorn barnacles spawn often, at variable times throughout the year (Hines 1978), and settle in incredible densities (to 70,000/m²), forming distinct white bands along the upper intertidal that contain few other invertebrates except littorines and the hardiest limpets. *Balanus* can out compete *Chthamalus* by crowding or smothering, but *Chthamalus* can occupy higher tide levels than *Balanus*, because it is more resistant to desiccation. Slightly lower down, acorn barnacles mix in with the *Endocladia* assemblage, and are common on mussel shells. *Chthamalus* species grow rapidly, but only survive a few months to a few years. *Balanus* can live longer (to 10 years), but its larger size and lower tidal position subject it to higher levels of mortality from predatory gastropods and ochre sea stars. White acorn barnacles are highly vulnerable to smothering from oil spills because floating oil often sticks along the uppermost tidal levels. Significant, widespread barnacle impacts were reported after the 1969 Santa Barbara oil platform blow-out (Foster et al. (1971) and the 1971 collision of two tankers off San Francisco (Chan 1973). However, high recruitment rates may promote relatively rapid recovery of acorn barnacles; disturbance recovery times ranging from several months to several years have been reported (Vesco & Gillard 1980).

Pink Thatched Barnacle (*Tetraclita rubescens*)

The pink thatched barnacle is the largest (to 50 mm) acorn barnacle commonly occurring in middle to low rocky intertidal habitats in southern California. This prominent, volcano-shaped barnacle ranges from Oregon to the southern tip of Baja California (Kozloff 1993). Unlike the aggregated white barnacles, *Tetraclita* tend to occur as solitary individuals scattered on rock surfaces and mussel shells. Pink thatched barnacles are effective competitors for space and likely influence the local distribution of mussels and other associated species (Foster et al. 1988). Adult *Tetraclita* are distinctive light pink to brick red in color, with tests composed of four plates whose outer surface is uniformly roughened by vertical grooves and ridges. Juveniles are white. Sexual maturity is reached in about 2 yr (18 mm dia), and individuals may live as long as 10-15 yr (Hines 1978). A related form, *Tetraclita rubescens* var. *elegans*, is a smaller white variety more common in lower intertidal and subtidal water. Pink barnacles may be sensitive to sewage pollution; they were less common in the vicinity of a small sewage outfall at San Clemente Island than in nearby unpolluted areas (Littler & Murray 1975). Recovery from major disturbance may take more than 2 yr (Murray & Littler 1979).

Goose Barnacles (*Pollicipes polymerus*)

Goose barnacles are conspicuous in high to middle intertidal zones on surf-swept rocky shores all along the US Pacific Coast. Young goose barnacles settle preferentially among other *Pollicipes*, forming tight clusters on exposed outcrops, ridges, and walls, just above or intermixed with mussel beds. This distinctive black and white barnacle is firmly attached to the rock by a muscular (edible) stalk that holds the cirral net up to 8 cm high to filter-feed, primarily from wave backwash. Unlike white acorn barnacles, goose barnacles are relatively slow-growing and long-lived. Sexual maturity is reached in approximately 5 years, and large adults may be 20 years old (Morris et al. 1980). *Pollicipes* is very resistant to desiccation and can tolerate all but the highest wave exposures. Mortality has been reported from oil spills (Foster et al. 1971; Chan 1973), and recovery could be slow. Populations have been reduced in accessible areas where goose barnacles are collected for food.

Owl Limpet (*Lottia gigantea*)

Owl limpets are common in high and middle tide zones of exposed rocky shores from Washington south to Baja California. Adult *Lottia* are relatively easy to identify because of their large size (5-10 cm), oval shape with low rounded profile, and color patterns of brown, white, and black on the often eroded shell. Accessory gills on the mantle increase surface area for aerial respiration during low tide periods. Owl limpet habitats extend from the barnacle and *Endocladia* zones down to the mussel beds. Here they maintain feeding territories on relatively smooth rock surfaces which they keep free (by rasping and bulldozing) of most macroalgae and invertebrates, including turfweed, sea anemones, barnacles, mussels, and other limpets (Stimpson 1970; Wright 1982). By removing most competitors for space and grazers, they promote the growth of algal films upon which they systematically graze. These “clearings” vary in appearance with *Lottia* size and structural features of the substrate, creating a patchwork of differing microhabitats. *Lottia* tend to occupy one or more characteristic “home scars” within their territories. Here the shell margin conforms to the rock surface, making a tight seal to hold moisture during low tides. The limpets also may tuck into crevices and under mussels for protection from heat, desiccation, and high surf. *Lottia* grow slowly, taking up to 10-15 years to reach maximum size (Morris et al. 1980). As an ecological dominant, any change in *Lottia* populations greatly affects abundances of other species. The limpets and their feeding territories are vulnerable to oiling, but oil impacts are unclear. For example, they were not obviously affected by the 1971 San Francisco oil spill (Chan 1973). Recovery from any major disturbance likely would be lengthy. Larger owl limpets are collected for food, tasting much like abalone. Since the largest individuals are nearly always females (because *Lottia* are protandrous hermaphrodites) (Wright & Lindberg 1982), collecting may impair reproductive capabilities within owl limpet populations.

Black Abalone (*Haliotis cracherodii*)

Black abalone inhabit mid-low intertidal levels down to shallow subtidal depths (to 6 m) from Oregon to southern Baja California (Morris et al. 1980). They are readily identified by dark, bluish-black coloration, a smooth shell with 5-7 open respiratory holes, and relatively small size (5-20 cm as adults). Black abalone are relatively sedentary, and are typically found clustered in wet crevices, under boulders, or on the walls of surge channels along exposed shores. Juveniles graze on diatom films and coralline algae, while adults primarily eat drift algae, especially brown kelps. *H. cracherodii* compete with sea urchins and other crevice-dwellers for

space and food (Taylor & Littler 1979; Miller & Lawrence-Miller 1993). Where abundant, abalone may be stacked on top of each other, reaching densities of more than 100/m² (Dourous 1987; Richards & Davis 1993). Black abalone are slow-growing and long-lived, with recruitment apparently being low and variable (Morris et al. 1980; VanBlaricom 1993). Growth rates depend on animal size, location, food availability, reproductive condition, and other factors. Absolute longevity has not been determined, but ages greater than 30 years appear likely based on tagging and other population studies (e.g., VanBlaricom 1993). A large fishery exists, of which the black abalone has become increasingly harvested as stocks of other abalone declined (Leet et al. 1992). *H. cracherodii* populations in southern California suffered catastrophic declines since the mid-1980's that have resulted in nearly complete disappearance of black abalone along mainland shores south of Point Conception (Miller & Lawrence-Miller 1993), as well as at many of the Channel Islands (Lafferty & Kuris 1993; Richards & Davis 1993). Mortality is associated with "withering syndrome", in which the foot shrinks and weakened individuals lose their grip on rock surfaces. Abalone also may be subject to smothering by sand burial, dislodgment by storm waves, and predation by octopus, sea stars, fishes, and sea otters (Morris et al. 1980; VanBlaricom 1993). Impacts from oil are little known, but North et al. (1965) reported black abalone mortality following a spill in Baja California. Because of low recruitment, slow growth, and already decimated reproductive populations, additional mortality from oil spills would be devastating, and recovery prospects long-term at best.

California Mussel (*Mytilus californianus*)

California mussels are abundant at middle to low levels of exposed rocky shores along the entire Pacific Coast. These 10-20 cm black/blue/gray mussels firmly attach to rocks or other mussels by tough byssal threads, forming dense patches or beds. The literature on *Mytilus californianus* is extensive, including key ecological studies on the effects of predation, grazing, and disturbance on succession and community structure (see for discussion Morris et al. 1980; Ricketts et al. 1985; Kinnetics 1992). The bay mussel, *M. edulis*, can co-occur with *M. californianus*, but is most common in sheltered habitats. Thick (≥ 20 cm) beds of California mussels trap water, sediment, and detritus that provide food and shelter for an incredible diversity of plants and animals, including cryptic forms inhabiting spaces between mussels as well as biota attached to mussel shells (Paine 1966; MacGinitie & MacGinitie 1968; Suchanek 1979; Kanter 1980). For example, MacGinitie & MacGinitie (1968) counted 625 mussels and 4,096 other invertebrates in a single 25 cm² clump, and Kanter (1980) identified 610 species of animals and 141 species of algae from mussel beds at the Channel Islands. Kinnetics (1992) documented locational differences in the composition and abundance of mussel bed species. Northern sites had densely-packed, multi-layered beds, but the more open southern sites had higher species diversity. Mussels feed on suspended detritus and plankton. Young mussels settle preferentially into existing beds at irregular intervals, grow at variable rates depending on environmental conditions, and eventually reach ages of 8 years or more (Morris et al. 1980, Ricketts et al. 1985). Mussels can tolerate typical rigors of intertidal life quite successfully. However, desiccation likely limits the upper extent of mussel beds, storms tear out various-sized mussel patches, and sea stars prey especially on lower zone mussels. *Mytilus* are adversely affected by oil spills (Chan 1973; Foster et al. 1971). Recovery from disturbance varies from fairly rapid (if clearings are small and surrounded by mussels that can move in) to periods greater than 10 years (if clearings are large and recruitment is necessary for recolonization)(Vesco & Gillard 1980; Kinnetics 1992).

Ochre Sea Star (*Pisaster ochraceus*)

Ochre sea stars are found on middle and low tide levels of wave-swept rocky coasts from Alaska to Baja California, but are much less common south of Point Conception. Their relatively large size (to 45 cm diameter), variety of colors (yellow, orange, purple, brown), and ability to withstand air exposure (at least 8 hours) attract considerable attention from visitors exploring the shore at low tide. The ochre sea star typically is associated with mussels, which constitute its chief food, but barnacles, limpets, snails, and chitons also may be taken (Morris et al. 1980). Predator-prey interactions involving ochre sea stars have been intensely studied, especially the role of *P. ochraceus* in determining the lower limit of northern mussel beds (Paine 1966, 1974; Dayton 1971). Like black abalone, ochre sea stars are relatively slow-growing, long-lived, and apparently variable in recruitment success. They are tolerant of high surf, using their numerous tube feet to remain firmly in place, often in cracks and crevices. They have few predators, except for curious tidepool visitors. However, in southern California, *P. ochraceus* populations have been decimated by a widespread wasting disease caused by a warm-water bacterium of the genus *Vibrio* (Schroeter & Dixon pers. comm.). Sensitivity to oil spills is not well known; Chan (1973) saw no obvious effects from a San Francisco oil spill. Recovery time from any major population loss likely would be very long.

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Table 1. Public Use of the Cabrillo National Monument Intertidal Zone in 1990.

Date were collected whenever possible within 30 minutes of daytime (esp. 1000-1600 hrs)

low tides (esp. < 15cm MLLW) at 3 sites.

DATE	DAY OF WEEK	LOW TIDE TIME	TIDE HT (cm) MLLW	CLOUD COVER (%)	AIR TEMP (°C)	SEA COND (BEAUFORT)	WIN DIR	WAVE HT (m)	PEOPLE COUNTS			
									AREA I #	AREA II #	AREA III #	ALL #
02/08/90	TH	1459	-46	10	17	3	W	1	53	20	0	73
02/10/90	SA	1558	-30	0	18	3	NW	2	107	29	12	148
11/28/90	WE	1230	+9	0	21	2	NW	1	4	6	0	10
11/29/90	TH	1315	-18	5	19	2	N	<1	9	4	4	17
11/30/90	FR	1403	-40	0	21	2	W	<1	36	33	16	85
12/01/90	SA	1449	-55	10	22	3	N	1	172	92	34	298
12/02/90	SU	1537	-61	0	0	0	NW	1	250	75	39	364
12/11/90	TU	1122	+55	30	0	2	W	1	27	56	8	91
12/12/90	WE	1307	+6	30	0	0	W	1	16	2	0	18
12/13/90	TH	1345	-6	50	0	2	NW	1	5	0	2	7
12/14/90	FR	1421	-15	30	12	2	W	1	17	2	0	19
12/15/90	SA	1453	-21	50	15	1	W	1	98	0	0	98
12/17/90	MO	1556	-24	-	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	4
12/18/90	TU	1630	-21	1	0	1	W	1	1	0	2	3
12/27/90	TH	1221	-3	90	16	1	E	1	41	3	0	44
12/28/90	FR	1313	-27	20	15	2	W	<1	159	14	13	186
12/30/90	SU	1446	-61	0	18	1	W	1	297	0	81	378
12/31/90	MO	1529	-67	100	23	0	NW	1	28	200	87	315

BEAUFORT SCALE OF WIND/SEA CONDITIONS

Beaufort Scale	Wind Scale (knots)	Sea Conditions
0	0-1	Smooth; mirror-like
1	1-3	Small ripples w/o foam crests
2	4-6	Sm wavelets w/o breaking crests
3	7-10	Lg wavelets w/ breaking crests
4	11-16	Sm waves w/ white foam crests
5	17-21	Mod waves w/ many foam crests
6	22-27	Lg waves with extensive white foam crests and some spray
7	28-33	Sea heaps up; white foam from breaking waves blown in streaks
8	34-40	Highest waves of greater length; crest edges break into spindrift

SPRING	# OF COUNTS	2	2	2
MINIMUM #	53	20	0	73
MAXIMUM #	107	29	12	148
MEAN #	80.0	24.5	6.0	110.5
ST DEV	38.2	6.4	8.5	53.0
TOTAL #	160	49	12	221
% ALL AREA	72.4	22.2	5.4	100.0

FALL	# OF COUNTS	16	16	16
MINIMUM #	1	0	0	3
MAXIMUM #	297	200	87	378
MEAN #	72.6	30.5	17.9	121.1
ST DEV	95.2	54.0	28.5	139.5
TOTAL #	1162	488	287	1937
% ALL AREA	60.0	25.2	14.8	100.0

ALL	# OF COUNTS	18	18	18
MINIMUM #	1	0	0	3
MAXIMUM #	297	200	87	378
MEAN #	73.4	29.8	16.6	119.9
ST DEV	89.9	50.8	27.1	131.7
TOTAL #	1322	537	299	2158
% ALL AREA	61.3	24.9	13.9	100.0

Table 2. Public Use of the Cabrillo National Monument Intertidal Zone in 1991.

Date were collected whenever possible within 30 minutes of daytime (esp. 1000-1600 hrs)
low tides (esp. < 15cm MLLW) at 3 sites.

DATE	DAY OF WEEK	LOW TIDE HT (cm) MLLW	CLOUD COVER (%)	AIR TEMP (°C)	SEA COND (BEAUFORT)	WIND DIR	WAVE HT (m)	PEOPLE COUNTS			
								AREA I #	AREA II #	AREA III #	ALL #
01/01/91	TU	1611	-61	70	22	0	W <1	23	150	73	246
01/09/91	WE	1209	21	100	13	2	SE <1	3	0	0	3
01/10/91	WE	1258	6	30	14	1	NW <1	18	10	2	30
01/11/91	TH	1336	-6	70	20	4	NW <1	0	24	4	28
01/12/91	FR	1410	-6	10	15	2	WNW <1	93	30	11	134
01/13/91	SA	1440	-21	5	19	2	NW >1	151	23	16	190
01/14/91	SU	1509	-27	50	26	3	NNW >1	8	41	7	56
01/15/91	MO	1536	-27	60	26	1	S >1	10	32	3	45
01/16/91	TU	1602	-24					18	5	0	23
01/17/91	WE	1628	-21	15		1	N >1	35	0	1	36
01/25/91	TH	1215	-9	100	23	2	N <1	0	6	7	13
01/26/91	FR	1307	-34	50	16	2	NW >1	114	17	10	141
01/27/91	SA	1352	-49	0	16	2	NW <1	125	7	14	146
01/28/91	SU	1433	-58	80	22	2	NW <1	12	25	2	39
01/29/91	MO	1511	-58					25	8	17	50
01/30/91	TU	1548	-52					13	2	4	19
01/31/91	WE	1622	-40		14	4	NW <1	35	4	4	43
02/07/91	WE	1145	24	0	14	2	W <1	11	0	1	12
02/08/91	TH	1239	9	0		2	W <1	43	2	0	45
02/09/91	FR	1317	-3	0	20	2	WNW >1	99	15	6	120
02/10/91	SA	1348	-12					98	33	8	139
02/11/91	SU	1415	-21		20	3	N <1	90	12	4	106
02/13/91	TU	1504	-24					40	2	0	42
02/21/91	WE	915	21	50	24	2	NNW <1	22	1	1	24
02/22/91	TH	1054	3	30	14	1	NW <1	8	0	0	8
02/24/91	SA	1251	-30	5	26	2	N <1	48	97	80	225
03/02/91	FR	1612	0	0	16	2	NW >1	59	0	0	59
03/09/91	FR	1158	24	60	17	1	W >1	67	5	6	78
03/10/91	SA	1237	3	100	24	1	NW <1	53	5	1	59
03/16/91	FR	1511	0					82	20	7	109
03/17/91	SA	1537	12	10	26	1	W <1	75	23	10	108
03/23/91	FR	1028	-6					22	0	0	22
03/24/91	SA	1133	-15	100	23	2	NW <1	74	30	18	122
03/28/91	WE	1409	-15	0	16	2	W >1	78	6	15	99
03/31/91	SA	1530	24	25	17	2	NW >1	81	8	1	90
04/08/91	SU	1235	12					21	7	0	28
04/10/91	TU	1340	3					27	0	0	27
04/14/91	SA	1532	21	0		2	W <1	98	16	2	116
04/21/91	SA	1049	-9	80	22	1	NW <1	51	20	30	101
09/02/91	SU	932	24	95	17	4	WSW <1	60	11	3	74
10/20/91	SA	1422	24	100	17	5	S <1	75	6	0	81
11/03/91	SU	1324	-3	0	19	3	NW <1	80	10	8	98
11/04/91	SU	1405	-15	0	26	4	N >1	22	18	16	56
11/05/91	MO	1444	-24					26	32	2	60
11/21/91	TH	1504	-40	65	20	3	E <1	39	6	8	53
11/22/91	FR	1548	-46					21	2	1	24
12/05/91	TH	1515	-27					25	16	0	41
12/07/91	SA	1623	-21	100	13	0	W <1	36	23	4	63
12/21/91	SA	1540	-61					178	63	9	250
12/22/91	SU	1624	-58	25		1	W <1	120	30	0	150

BEAUFORT SCALE OF WIND/SEA CONDITIONS

Beaufort Scale	Wind (knots)	Sea Conditions
0	0-1	Smooth; mirror-like
1	1-3	Small ripples w/o foam crests
2	4-6	Sm wavelets w/o breaking crests
3	7-10	Lg wavelets w/ breaking crests
4	11-16	Sm waves w/ white foam crests
5	17-21	Mod waves w/ many foam crests
6	22-27	Lg waves with extensive white foam crests and some spray
7	28-33	Sea heaps up; white foam from breaking waves blown in streaks
8	34-40	Highest waves of greater length; crest edges break into spindrift

SPRING	# OF COUNTS	39	39	39	39
MINIMUM #	0	0	0	0	3
MAXIMUM #	151	150	80	246	
MEAN #	49.5	17.6	9.4	76.4	
ST DEV	39.2	28.1	17.2	60.3	
TOTAL #	1930	686	365	2981	
% ALL AREAS	64.7	23.0	12.2	100.0	

FALL	# OF COUNTS	11	11	11	11
MINIMUM #	21	2	0	24	
MAXIMUM #	80	32	16	98	
MEAN #	62.0	19.7	4.6	86.4	
ST DEV	49.5	17.4	5.1	63.5	
TOTAL #	682	217	51	950	
% ALL AREAS	71.8	22.8	5.4	100.0	

ALL	# OF COUNTS	50	50	50	50
MINIMUM #	0	0	0	0	3
MAXIMUM #	178	150	80	250	
MEAN #	52.2	18.1	8.3	78.6	
ST DEV	41.4	25.9	15.4	60.5	
TOTAL #	2612	903	416	3931	
% ALL AREAS	66.4	23.0	10.6	100.0	

Table 3. Public Use of the Cabrillo National Monument Intertidal Zone in 1992.

Date were collected whenever possible within 30 minutes of daytime (esp. 1000-1600 hrs)

low tides (esp. < 15cm MLLW) at 3 sites.

DATE	DAY OF WEEK	LOW TIDE TIME	TIDE HT (cm) MLLW	CLOUD COVER (%)	AIR TEMP (°C)	SEA COND (BEAUFORT)	WIND DIR	WAVE HT (m)	PEOPLE COUNTS			
	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	AREA I #	AREA II #	AREA III #	ALL #
01/03/92	FR	1505	-27	85	14	3	SSE	>1	40	7	1	48
01/17/92	FR	1403	-21	40	20	2	W	<1	39	1	0	40
01/18/92	SA	1443	-58	50	16	3	W	>1	327	33	24	384
01/19/92	SU	1523	-61	0	18		W	<1	85	39	12	136
01/20/92	MO	1602	-58	0	19		W	<1	164	23	5	192
01/29/92	WE	1308	-6					<1	15	0	0	15
01/30/92	TH	1345	-15	0	21	3	NW	>1	17	0	0	17
02/02/92	SU	1510	-24	75	16		W	>1	75	12	6	93
02/04/92	TU	1556	-15	0	21		W	<1	17	2	0	19
02/05/92	WE	1618	-6	100	16		WSW	<1	14	0	0	14
02/13/92	TH	1216	-9	78	16	3	W	>1	0	0	0	0
02/14/92	FR	1302	-30	97	16	3	S	>1	0	0	0	0
02/16/92	SU	1420	-52	60	16	3	W	<1	0	0	0	0
02/17/92	MO	1457	-52	10	14		W	<1	0	0	0	0
02/19/92	WE	1607	-27	0				<1	0	0	0	0
02/27/92	TH	1241	0	0	24	2	W	<1	0	0	0	0
02/28/92	FR	1317	-9	30	23	2	W	<1	0	0	0	0
02/29/92	SA	1346	122	90					10	2	0	12
03/01/92	SU	1411	-15	100	17	4	S	<1	0	0	0	0
03/13/92	FR	1145	-12	0	21	2	W	<1	0	0	0	0
03/14/92	SA	1232	-24	60	16	4	WNW	<1	0	0	0	0
03/15/92	SU	1312	-30	10	21	3	W	<1	0	0	0	0
03/17/92	TU	1425	-27	0	18		W	<1	8	0	0	8
03/19/92	TH	1531	0	20	18	3	SW	<1	0	0	0	0
04/03/92	FR	1458	-6	65	19	3	W	<1	0	0	0	0
04/04/92	SA	1523	-12	85	19	3	W	<1	0	0	0	0
04/11/92	SA	1204	-6						57	12	0	69
04/12/92	SU	1253	-12	5	21		W	<1	40	13	8	61
04/13/92	MO	1335	-12	10	21		W	<1	55	5	0	60
05/09/92	SA	1017	-3	100	20	3	SW	>1	23	0	0	23
11/09/92	MO	1449	-15	5	21	2	W	<1	92	14	11	117
11/10/92	TU	1525	-21	0	21	3	WNW	<1	24	11	0	35
11/11/92	WE	1604	-24	0	20	4	WNW	<1	50	0	9	59
11/20/92	FR	1237	0	10	18	4	W	>1	25	0	0	25
11/21/92	SA	1325	-21	75	20	3	W	>1	29	27	6	62
11/23/92	MO	1452	-30	5		1	W	<1	25	17	23	65

BEAUFORT SCALE OF WIND/SEA CONDITIONS

Beaufort Scale	Wind (knots)	Sea Conditions
0	0-1	Smooth; mirror-like
1	1-3	Small ripples w/o foam crests
2	4-6	Sm wavelets w/o breaking crests
3	7-10	Lg wavelets w/ breaking crests
4	11-16	Sm waves w/ white foam crests
5	17-21	Mod waves w/ many foam crests
6	22-27	Lg waves with extensive white foam crests and some spray
7	28-33	Sea heaps up; white foam from breaking waves blown in streaks
8	34-40	Highest waves of greater length; crest edges break into spindrift

SPRING	# OF COUNT	30	30	30
MINIMUM #	0	0	0	0
MAXIMUM #	327	39	24	384
MEAN #	32.9	5.0	1.9	39.7
ST DEV	66.2	10.1	5.1	79.2
TOTAL #	986	149	56	1191
% ALL AREA	82.8	12.5	4.7	100.0

FALL	# OF COUNT	6	6	6
MINIMUM #	24	0	0	25
MAXIMUM #	92	27	23	117
MEAN #	40.8	11.5	8.2	60.5
ST DEV	26.9	10.4	8.6	32.0
TOTAL #	245	69	49	363
% ALL AREA	67.5	19.0	13.5	100.0

ALL	# OF COUNT	36	36	36
MINIMUM #	0	0	0	0
MAXIMUM #	327	39	24	384
MEAN #	34.2	6.1	2.9	43.2
ST DEV	61.2	10.3	6.1	73.5
TOTAL #	1231	218	105	1554
% ALL AREA	79.2	14.0	6.8	100.0

Table 4. Public Use of the Cabrillo National Monument Intertidal Zone in 1993.

Date were collected whenever possible within 30 minutes of daytime (esp. 1000-1600 hrs)
low tides (esp. < 15cm MLLW) at 3 sites.

DATE	DAY OF WEEK	LOW TIDE TIME	TIDE HT (cm) MLLW	CLOUD COVER (%)	AIR TEMP (°C)	SEA COND (BEAUFORT)	WIND DIR	WAVE HT (m)	PEOPLE COUNTS			
	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#
03/06/93	SA	1406	-30	0		3	W	>1	118	141	20	279
09/15/93	WE	1528	-12	0	22				36	2	0	38
09/18/93	SA	1755	-12	0	24	1	W	<1	21	0	0	21
09/29/93	WE	1528	18	0	23	2	NNW	<1	18	0	0	18
09/30/93	TH	1558	15	0	22	2	NNW	<1	28	0	0	28
10/12/93	TU	1348	18	5		4	NW	>1	34	0	0	34
10/13/93	WE	1434	-6		19	3	W	>1	62	25	1	88
10/14/93	TH	1519	-24		20	3			63	45	17	125
10/15/93	FR	1606	-34	60	20	3	W	>1	22	16	9	47
10/16/93	SA	1654	-37	75	20	1	W	>1	37	22	3	62
10/17/93	SU	1745	-30	55	18	3	SW	<1	70	5	0	75
10/27/93	WE	1444	15	100	26	3	W	>1	36	4	0	40
10/28/93	TH	1515	3	20	22	3	NNW	<1	7	0	0	7
10/29/93	FR	1545	-3	65	21	1	W	>1	47	5	0	52
10/30/93	SA	1617	-6	60	19	4	NW	<1	51	18	0	69
10/31/93	SU	1550	-6	80		3	SW	<1	53	0	4	57
11/02/93	TU	1705	0	0	23	3	W	<1	8	0	0	8
11/11/93	TH	1328	-24	70	18	5	W	>1	50	11	11	72
11/13/93	SA	1500	-49	25	21	4	W	<1	9	62	120	191
11/15/93	MO	1634	-43	0	17	4	NW	>1	0	27	4	31
11/16/93	TU	1723	-30	10	13	4	NW		33	0	0	33
11/25/93	TH	1330	6	0	21		W	<1	63	11	0	74
11/26/93	FR	1403	-3	0	21	2	W	<1	89	20	2	111
11/28/93	SU	1507	-18		19				56	7	10	73
11/29/93	MO	1540	-21	10	21		W	<1	28	4	0	32
11/30/93	TU	1615	-21	10		3	W	>1	12	6	1	19
12/01/93	WE	1652	-18	10			W	<1	12	0	0	12
12/02/93	TH	1732	-15	0	21	3	W	>1	10	0	0	10
12/09/93	TH	1236	-9	0	18	4	W	>1	10	0	0	10
12/10/93	FR	1325	-30	70	16	1	W	>1	37	3	3	43
12/11/93	SA	1411	-46	100	14	4	W	>1	25	8	4	37
12/12/93	SU	1456	-52	25	14	3	N	>1	52	83	43	178
12/13/93	MO	1538	-52	0	15	3	NW	>1	35	15	0	50
12/14/93	TU	1620	-46	90	13	3	WSW	>1	23	0	2	25
12/15/93	WE	1701	-34	45	14	4	W	>1	10	0	0	10
12/16/93	TH	1742	-18	30	20	2	W		0	2	0	2
12/24/93	FR	1316	6	50	21	3	W	>1	68	4	4	76
12/26/93	SU	1422	-18	60	16	2	NW	<1	62	38	10	110
12/27/93	MO	1454	-27	0	24		W	<1	102	30	0	132
12/28/93	TU	1526	-34	0	20	4	W	<1	19	29	103	151
12/29/93	WE	1559	-34	0	26		W	<1	85	8	0	93
12/30/93	TH	1632	-34	0	17	4	SW	>1	115	15	111	241
12/31/93	FR	1708	-24	10	18	3	W	>1	75	11	0	86

BEAUFORT SCALE OF WIND/SEA CONDITIONS

Beaufort Scale	Wind (knots)	Sea Conditions
0	0-1	Smooth; mirror-like
1	1-3	Small ripples w/o foam crests
2	4-6	Sm wavelets w/o breaking crests
3	7-10	Lg wavelets w/ breaking crests
4	11-16	Sm waves w/ white foam crests
5	17-21	Mod waves w/ many foam crests
6	22-27	Lg waves with extensive white foam crests and some spray
7	28-33	Sea heaps up; white foam from breaking waves blown in streaks
8	34-40	Highest waves of greater length; crest edges break into spindrift

SPRING	# OF COUNTS	1	1	1
MINIMUM #	118	141	20	279
MAXIMUM #	118	141	20	279
MEAN #	118.0	141.0	20.0	279.0
ST DEV				
TOTAL #	118	141	20	279
% ALL AREAS	42.3	50.5	7.2	100.0

FALL	# OF COUNTS	42	42	42
MINIMUM #	0	0	0	2
MAXIMUM #	115	83	120	241
MEAN #	39.8	12.8	11.0	63.6
ST DEV	28.3	17.8	29.2	54.3
TOTAL #	1673	536	462	2671
% ALL AREAS	62.6	20.1	17.3	100.0

ALL	# OF COUNTS	43	43	43
MINIMUM #	0	0	0	2
MAXIMUM #	118	141	120	279
MEAN #	41.7	15.7	11.2	68.6
ST DEV	30.4	26.3	28.9	62.9
TOTAL #	1791	677	482	2950
% ALL AREAS	60.7	22.9	16.3	100.0

Table 5. Public Use of the Cabrillo National Monument Intertidal Zone in 1994.

Date were collected whenever possible within 30 minutes of daytime (esp. 1000-1600 hrs)

low tides (esp. < 15cm MLLW) at 3 sites.

DATE	DAY OF WEEK	LOW TIDE TIME	TIDE HT (cm) MLLW	CLOUD COVER (%)	AIR TEMP (°C)	SEA COND (BEAUFORT)	WIND DIR	WAVE HT (m)	PEOPLE COUNTS			
	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	AREA I	AREA II	AREA III
01/07/94	FR	1234	-12	5	17	4	NW	<1	26	3	7	36
01/08/94	SA	1323	-30	10				<1	89	17	36	142
01/09/94	SU	1407	-43	10	20		W	<1	52	4	0	56
01/10/94	MO	1447	-49	0	20		W	<1	80	5	0	85
01/11/94	TU	1525	-46	0	21	3	NW	<1	18	17	0	35
01/12/94	WE	1559	-40	0	20	2	W	<1	38	6	2	46
01/13/94	TH	1632	-30	20	18	3	W	<1	20	2	0	22
01/14/94	FR	1703	-15	0	21		W	<1	15	0	0	15
01/23/94	SU	1330	-6	0	26		W	<1	45	7	0	52
01/24/94	MO	1401	-21		21		W	<1	40	0	0	40
01/25/94	TU	1432	-30		15	5	W	>1	71	0	0	71
01/27/94	TH	1534	-40		20	3	W	<1	32	11	0	43
01/28/94	FR	1606	-34	0	14	3	WNW	<1	41	0	0	41
01/29/94	SA	1639	-24	0	13	3	W	<1	45	11	1	57
01/30/94	SU	1714	-9	0	20	1	W	<1	54	5	5	64
02/05/94	SA	1226	-15	3	20	3	W	<1	46	6	0	52
02/06/94	SU	1314	-27	0	21	0	>1		74	16	3	93
02/07/94	MO	1355	-34	100		7	WNW	<1	0	0	0	0
02/08/94	TU	1430	-37	75	16	4	W	>1	22	1	1	24
02/09/94	WE	1502	-34		16	3	W	>1	20	4	2	26
02/11/94	FR	1558	-15		16	3	W	<1	53	0	0	53
02/13/94	SU	1647	9	50	20	3	W	<1	111	5	5	121
02/22/94	TU	1328	-18	25	21	3	W	>1	46	21	0	67
02/24/94	TH	1430	-34	0	20	3	W	>1	32	16	11	59
02/26/94	SA	1535	-24	50	21	3	W	<1	52	64	0	116
02/28/94	MO	1643	3	0	20	4	W	<1	17	3	0	20
03/05/94	SA	1103	0	100	17	1	W	<1	49	8	0	57
03/06/94	SU	1204	-9	99	18	3	SW	>1	43	5	0	48
03/07/94	MO	1252	-18	100	18	3	S	>1	0	9	8	17
03/08/94	TU	1330	-21	98	21	2	W	>1	17	0	1	18
03/09/94	WE	1403	-21	0	19	4	WNW	<1	32	5	1	38
03/10/94	TH	1431	-15	80	17	3	NW	<1	25	17	0	42
03/11/94	FR	1457	-9	10	20	3	WNW	>1	25	0	0	25
03/12/94	SA	1520	0	0	21	3	NW	>1	58	33	3	94
03/13/94	SU	1543	0	0	26	1	W	>1	131	20	6	157
03/14/94	MO	1605	24	0	24	5	W	>1	36	0	0	36
03/21/94	MO	1125	12	0	18	4	WNW	<1	72	0	0	72
03/22/94	TU	1208	0	75	18	7	W	>1	37	0	0	37
03/23/94	WE	1245	-9	10	20	2	W	<1	47	3	0	50
03/24/94	TH	1319	-15		17	4	>1		58	2	0	60
03/26/94	SA	1427	-15	0	16	3	WSW	>1	109	14	6	129
03/27/94	SU	1503	-6	0	16	3	W	>1	123	48	11	182
03/28/94	MO	1530	6	90	17	3	W	<1	52	14	0	66
04/02/94	SA	0907	0	98	17	1	N	<1	41	0	0	41
04/03/94	SU	1125	0	90		3	W	>1	37	0	0	37
04/07/94	TH	1325	3	99	18	2	WNW	<1	17	0	3	20
04/09/94	SA	1514	15	20	17	6	W	>1	48	2	0	50
04/23/94	SA	1313	-6	30	20	3	W	>1	67	5	0	72
04/24/94	SU	1453	9	7.5	19	6	W	>1	23	2	0	25
04/25/94	MO	1532	15	100	16	5	W	>1	0	0	0	0
05/01/94	SU	0926	-6	100	21	0	<1		12	1	0	13
05/02/94	MO	1035	3	25		2	W	<1	19	0	0	19
06/13/94	MO	1831	76	20	18	4	NW	<1	12	4	0	16
09/06/94	TU	1627	9	0	22	3	W	<1	10	0	0	10
09/19/94	MO	1554	15	35	21	3	W	<1	3	1	4	8
09/20/94	TU	1628	15	0	25	3	W	<1	0	0	1	1
10/03/94	MO	1451	6	100	21	2	W	<1	12	0	0	12
10/04/94	TU	1533	-9	95	20	4	S	<1	22	7	0	29
10/05/94	WE	1617	-21	10	22	3	W	<1	27	0	5	32
10/06/94	TH	1705	-24	0		3	W	<1	37	12	0	49
10/17/94	MO	1510	6	0					17	7	1	25
10/18/94	TU	1542	0		22	3	WNW	<1	8	0	5	13
10/19/94	WE	1619	0	0	18	4	W	<1	25	4	2	31
11/01/94	YU	1339	-15	40			N	>1	62	1	3	66

Table 5. Public Use of the Cabrillo National Monument Intertidal Zone in 1994.

Date were collected whenever possible within 30 minutes of daytime (esp. 1000-1600 hrs)

low tides (esp. < 15cm MLLW) at 3 sites.

DATE	DAY OF WEEK	LOW TIDE TIME	TIDE HT (cm) MLLW	CLOUD COVER (%)	AIR TEMP (°C)	SEA COND (BEAUFORT)	WIND DIR	WAVE HT (m)	PEOPLE COUNTS			
									AREA I #	AREA II #	AREA III #	ALL #
11/02/94	WE	1424	-30	18	2	SE	<1	44	1	3	48	
11/03/94	TH	1509	-43	50	21	4	WNW	>1	44	36	40	120
11/04/94	FR	1557	-46	25	21	3	WNW	>1	49	4	0	53
11/05/94	SA	1648	-43	2	22	3	W	<1	55	10	15	80
11/13/94	SU	1247	21	0	19	3	WNW	<1	34	2	0	36
11/14/94	MO	1325	9	0	20	3	W	<1	12	1	1	14
11/16/94	WE	1431	9	35	22	4	NW	<1	17	0	0	17
11/17/94	TH	1503	-12	70	16	4	W	>1	11	20	5	36
11/18/94	FR	1534	-12	25	17	4	WNW	>1	35	0	0	35
11/19/94	SA	1606	-12	0	16	3	W	<1	50	2	1	53
11/20/94	SU	1640	-6	5	18	2	WNW	<1	67	22	6	95
11/29/94	TU	1245	-34	0	28	2	NW	<1	15	13	1	29
11/30/94	WE	1331	-40	0	25	4	NW	<1	34	6	1	41
12/01/94	TH	1417	-46	0	19	1	W	<1	19	3	0	22
12/02/94	FR	1503	-58	20	21	2	SW	<1	70	43	7	120
12/03/94	SA	1550	-58	75				<1	67	68	20	155
12/04/94	SU	1637	-52						94	53	26	173
12/05/94	MO	1725	-40	50	19	2	NW	<1	18	5	3	26
12/13/94	TU	1314	6	75	16	3	W	>1	5	3	0	8
12/15/94	TH	1421	-12	20	16	3	WNW	<1	11	0	0	11
12/16/94	FR	1453	-18	10	17	4	NW	>1	23	0	0	23
12/17/94	SA	1522	-21	20	16	2	WNW	>1	71	28	3	102
12/18/94	SU	1553	-21	2	14	2	W	>1	29	8	0	37
12/19/94	MO	1625	-18	20	17	4	NW	>1	19	0	0	19
12/20/94	TU	1655	-30	90	18	1	NW	>1	16	0	0	16
12/27/94	TU	1142	15	40	16	1	SW	>1	34	2	1	37
12/29/94	TH	1326	-34	35	17	3	WNW	<1	80	17	20	117
12/31/94	SA	1455	-58	80	20	3	NW	<1	109	40	20	169

BEAUFORT SCALE OF WIND/SEA CONDITIONS

Beaufort Wind Sea Conditions
Scale (knots)

- | | | |
|---|-------|---|
| 0 | 0-1 | Smooth; mirror-like |
| 1 | 1-3 | Small ripples w/o foam crests |
| 2 | 4-6 | Sm wavelets w/o breaking crests |
| 3 | 7-10 | Lg wavelets w/ breaking crests |
| 4 | 11-16 | Sm waves w/ white foam crests |
| 5 | 17-21 | Mod waves w/ many foam crests |
| 6 | 22-27 | Lg waves with extensive white foam crests and some spray |
| 7 | 28-33 | Sea heaps up; white foam from breaking waves blown in streaks |
| 8 | 34-40 | Highest waves of greater length; crest edges break into spindrift |

SPRING	# OF COUNT	53	53	53
	MINIMUM #	0	0	0
MAXIMUM #	131	64	36	182
MEAN #		43.9	7.8	2.1
ST DEV	29.6	12.1	5.5	38.7
TOTAL #	2329	416	112	2857
% ALL AREA	81.5	14.6	3.9	100.0

FALL	# OF COUNT	39	39	39
	MINIMUM #	0	0	1
MAXIMUM #	109	68	40	173
MEAN #		34.7	10.7	5.0
ST DEV	26.5	16.5	8.8	46.5
TOTAL #	1355	419	194	1968
% ALL AREA	68.9	21.3	9.9	100.0

ALL	# OF COUNT	92	92	92
	MINIMUM #	0	0	0
MAXIMUM #	131	68	40	182
MEAN #		40.0	9.1	3.3
ST DEV	28.6	14.1	7.2	42.0
TOTAL #	3684	835	306	4825
% ALL AREA	76.4	17.3	6.3	100.0

Table 6. Public Use of the Cabrillo National Monument Intertidal Zone in 1995.

Date were collected whenever possible within 30 minutes of daytime (esp. 1000-1600 hrs)
low tides (esp. < 15cm MLLW) at 3 sites.

DATE	DAY OF WEEK	LOW	TIDE	CLOUD	AIR TEMP	SEA COND	WIND DIR	WAVE HT	PEOPLE COUNTS			
		TIME	HT (cm)	COVER (%)	(°C)	(BEAUFORT)		(m)	AREA I #	AREA II #	AREA III #	ALL #
01/01/95	SU	1538	-58	0	18	1	WNW	>1	160	34	12	206
01/02/95	MO	1619	-52	60	17	3	WSW	>1	118	38	11	167
01/14/95	SA	1436	-18	96	18	3	WNW	>1	48	2	3	53
01/16/95	MO	1532	-24	90	11	4	W	>1	48	18	0	66
01/17/95	TU	1600	-24	55	18	5	NW	>1	17	5	1	23
01/18/95	WE	1628	-18	5	20	4	W	>1	13	0	0	13
01/27/95	FR	1318	-34	80			W		47	31	18	96
01/29/95	SU	1441	-52	100	19	4	W	>1	31	19	6	56
01/30/95	MO	1519	-49	20	21	1	W		21	12	5	38
01/31/95	TU	1555	-43	0	24	4	NW	>1	26	6	3	35
02/10/95	FR	1309	3	25			W	>1	29	0	0	29
02/11/95	SA	1340	-6	40	18	3	SW	>1	84	7	0	91
02/13/95	MO	1435	-21	100	15	1	W	<1	13	8	0	21
02/14/95	TU	1502	-24	100	16	3	W	<1	12	11	3	26
02/15/95	WE	1529	-21	0	18	3	W	<1	38	5	23	66
02/16/95	TH	1557	-15	90	18	0		<1	46	0	0	46
02/23/95	TH	1113	0					>1	36	3	0	39
02/24/95	FR	1213	15	100	18	3	W	<1	13	1	2	16
02/25/95	SA	1301	-27	85	16	3	WNW	<1	64	16	3	83
02/26/95	SU	1342	-34	95		2	W	>1	103	29	13	145
02/27/95	MO	1419	-37	100	18	2	W	>1	77	4	0	81
02/28/95	TU	1453	-34	40	18	2	W	<1	21	7	0	28
03/01/95	WE	1524	-21	20	17	3	W	>1	27	2	0	29
03/02/95	TH	1554	-9	100	16	4	S	<1	16	5	2	23
03/13/95	MO	1328	-9	10	17	3	WNW	>1	57	1	0	58
03/14/95	TU	1357	-12	0	17	5	NW	>1	57	5	0	62
03/15/95	WE	1425	0	1	19	5	W	>1	28	20	0	48
03/16/95	TH	1453	-12	85	21	0	W	<1	51	13	0	64
03/17/95	FR	1524	-3	0	20	3	W	<1	57	2	0	59
03/24/95	FR	1045	-12	60		5	W	>1	53	0	0	53
03/26/95	SU	1234	-12	0	19				56	4	0	60
03/28/95	TU	1349	-15	0	19	2		<1	65	30	32	127
03/29/95	WE	1421	-9	10	20	4	W	<1	24	23	0	47
03/30/95	TH	245	0	25	24	3	NW	<1	42	16	2	60
04/12/95	WE	1411	0	25	22	3	NW	>1	54	10	5	69
04/21/95	FR	954	0						8	5	4	17
05/20/95	SA	917	-9	100	15	0		>1	13	1	2	16
05/21/95	SU	1020	3		19				36	0	0	36
05/22/95	MO	1119	12	95	17	2	WSW	<1	56	0	0	56
06/18/95	SU	833	0	0	22	1	NNW	>1	0	0	0	0
09/09/95	SA	1616	-9	0	23	4	W	<1	84	0	0	64
09/10/95	SU	1657	9	5	27	4	NW	<1	49	0	0	49
09/24/95	SU	1554	9	0	23	4	WNW	>1	66	7	0	73
09/25/95	MO	1633	3	15	22	5	WNW	>1	25	0	0	25
10/05/95	TH	1403	24	0	24		S	>1	0	0	0	0
10/06/95	FR	1446	9	40	24	3	WSW	<1	15	4	0	19
10/08/95	SU	1604	-6	40	21	4	W	<1	80	26	0	106
10/09/95	MO	1641	-6	20				>1	23	4	0	27
10/22/95	SU	1503	0	0	22	2	NW	<1	93	16	7	116

BEAUFORT SCALE OF WIND/SEA CONDITIONS

Beaufort Scale	Wind (knots)	Sea Conditions
0	0-1	Smooth; mirror-like
1	1-3	Small ripples w/o foam crests
2	4-6	Sm wavelets w/o breaking crests
3	7-10	Lg wavelets w/ breaking crests
4	11-16	Sm waves w/ white foam crests
5	17-21	Mod waves w/ many foam crests
6	22-27	Lg waves with extensive white foam crests and some spray
7	28-33	Sea heaps up; white foam from breaking waves blown in streaks
8	34-40	Highest waves of greater length; crest edges break into spindrift

SPRING	# OF COUNTS	40	40	40	40
	MINIMUM #	0	0	0	0
	MAXIMUM #	160	38	32	206
	MEAN #	44.1	9.8	3.8	57.7
	ST DEV	31.8	10.7	7.0	42.5
	TOTAL #	1765	393	150	2308
% ALL AREAS		76.5	17.0	6.5	100.0
FALL	# OF COUNTS	9	9	9	9
	MINIMUM #	0	0	0	0
	MAXIMUM #	93	26	7	116
	MEAN #	48.3	6.3	0.8	55.4
	ST DEV	33.9	9.0	2.3	41.1
	TOTAL #	435	57	7	499
% ALL AREAS		87.2	11.4	1.4	100.0
ALL	# OF COUNTS	49	49	49	49
	MINIMUM #	0	0	0	0
	MAXIMUM #	160	38	32	206
	MEAN #	44.9	9.2	3.2	57.3
	ST DEV	31.9	10.4	6.5	41.6
	TOTAL #	2200	450	157	2807
% ALL AREAS		78.4	16.0	5.6	100.0

Table 7. Bird Abundance in the Cabrillo National Monument Intertidal Zone in 1990.

Data were collected whenever possible within 30 min of daytime (esp. 1000-1600 hrs) low tides (esp. < 15cm MLLW) at 3 sites.

DATE	CABR AREA I			CABR AREA II			CABR AREA III			WADE SHORE SEA ALL			WADE SHORE SEA ALL			WADE SHORE SEA ALL				
	WADE	WADE	SHORE	SEA	ALL	WADE	WADE	SHORE	SEA	ALL	WADE	WADE	SHORE	SEA	ALL	WADE	WADE	SHORE	SEA	ALL
02/08	6	4	0	0	10	3	11	0	14	15	92	0	107	24	107	0	131			
02/10	0	1	0	1	2	6	7	11	24	9	18	14	41	15	26	25	66			
11/28	2	3	3	8	17	2	19	5	26	0	4	0	4	4	26	8	38			
11/29	5	5	1	11	14	1	14	4	19	9	51	200	260	15	70	205	290			
11/30	1	14	17	32	5	10	15	30	3	19	22	44	9	43	54	106				
12/01	0	0	2	2	2	0	0	4	4	0	0	56	7	63	0	56	13	69		
12/02	0	2	1	3	0	0	0	8	8	6	27	100	133	6	29	109	144			
12/11	0	10	1	11	1	2	7	10	8	17	37	62	9	29	45	83				
12/12	0	3	4	7	0	19	3	22	8	61	16	85	8	83	23	114				
12/13	1	24	5	30	2	2	3	7	9	50	13	72	12	76	21	109				
12/14	3	7	2	12	1	1	9	11	6	48	306	360	10	56	317	383				
12/15	0	0	0	0	2	3	6	11	8	19	36	63	10	22	42	74				
12/17	5	7	5	17	2	10	4	16	6	7	25	38	13	24	34	71				
12/18	8	19	2	29	6	24	8	38	13	20	74	107	27	63	84	174				
12/27	0	6	0	6	0	11	3	14	5	23	15	43	5	40	18	63				
12/28	0	0	3	3	1	6	2	9	10	27	13	50	11	33	18	62				
12/30	0	0	2	2	0	0	5	5	4	15	210	229	4	15	217	236				
12/31	0	1	3	4	0	2	6	8	1	18	17	36	1	21	26	48				
SPRING																				
# COUNTS	2	2	2	2	2	3	7	0	14	9	18	0	41	2	2	2	2	2	2	
MIN #	0	1	0	1	0	6	11	11	24	15	92	14	107	15	26	0	66			
MAX #	6	4	0	10	5.5	4.5	9.0	5.5	19.0	12.0	55.0	7.0	74.0	24	107	25	131			
MEAN #	3.0	2.5	0.0	5.5	2.1	2.1	2.8	7.8	7.1	4.2	52.3	9.9	46.7	19.5	66.5	12.5	98.5			
ST DEV	4.2	2.1	0.0	6.4	0.0	11	9	18	11	24	110	14	148	6.4	57.3	17.7	46.0			
TOTAL #	6	5	0	11	23.7	47.4	28.9	100.0	16.2	74.3	9.5	100.0	19.8	133	25	197				
% ALL AREA	54.5	45.5	0.0	100.0																
FALL																				
# COUNTS	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	2	4	0	4	0	4	16	16	16	16	16	16	
MIN #	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	0	13	61	306	360	0	15	8	38		
MAX #	8	24	17	32	6	24	15	38	38	13	60	28.9	68.2	103.1	27	83	317	383		
MEAN #	1.6	6.3	3.2	11.1	1.4	7.7	5.8	14.9	3.7	18.1	90.8	97.3	6.4	42.9	9.0	77.1	129.0			
ST DEV	2.4	7.2	4.0	10.6	1.8	7.9	3.2	9.7	9.2	3.7	462	1091	1649	144	686	21.6	90.8	97.0		
TOTAL #	25	101	51	177	23	123	92	238	97.3	58	280	66.2	100.0	7.0	144	686	1234	2064		
% ALL AREA	14.1	57.1	28.8	100.0	9.7	51.7	38.7	100.0												
ALL																				
# COUNTS	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	
MIN #	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	4	0	4	0	0	15	0	38		
MAX #	8	24	17	32	6	24	15	38	38	15	92	306	360	27	107	317	383			
MEAN #	1.7	5.9	2.8	10.4	1.8	7.8	5.7	15.3	6.7	31.8	61.4	99.8	10.2	45.5	69.9	125.6				
ST DEV	2.6	6.9	3.9	10.2	2.0	7.4	3.6	9.4	4.1	22.9	87.6	92.6	7.1	25.8	87.9	92.3				
TOTAL #	31	106	51	188	32	141	103	276	11.6	51.1	37.3	100.0	6.7	1797	183	819	1259	2261		
% ALL AREA	16.5	56.4	27.1	100.0																

Table 8. Bird Abundance in the Cabrillo National Monument Intertidal Zone in 1991.

Data were collected whenever possible within 30 min of daytime (esp. 1000-1600 hrs) low tides (esp. < 15cm MLLW) at 3 sites.

DATE	CABR AREA I			CABR AREA II			CABR AREA III			AREAS I, II, III		
	WADE	SHORE	SEA	WADE	SHORE	SEA	WADE	SHORE	SEA	WADE	SHORE	SEA
	ALL	ALL	ALL	ALL	ALL	ALL	ALL	ALL	ALL	ALL	ALL	ALL
01/01	0	6	6	12	4	8	2	29	33	64	38	43
01/09	1	11	4	16	4	20	1	22	4	27	49	12
01/10	2	8	0	10	1	3	9	23	15	47	12	34
01/11	2	0	7	9	3	8	15	70	82	167	20	78
01/12	1	3	2	6	1	3	2	6	7	14	38	9
01/13	0	0	0	4	0	7	11	6	15	12	33	10
01/14	0	27	7	34	1	15	11	27	17	74	100	191
01/15	4	4	7	15	5	21	8	34	19	74	52	145
01/16	1	8	2	11	0	5	2	7	6	8	30	44
01/17	0	11	1	12	2	16	6	24	5	28	504	537
01/25	0	6	0	6	0	0	0	2	0	49	150	199
01/26	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	2	19	203
01/27	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	4	9	36	200	245
01/28	0	6	0	6	2	19	12	33	18	86	25	129
01/29	3	6	2	13	1	5	9	15	1	5	18	24
01/30	1	3	1	5	0	6	5	11	1	3	20	24
01/31	1	2	2	2	1	6	3	10	5	6	150	161
02/07	0	3	3	6	0	13	0	13	0	26	9	35
02/08	1	17	2	20	5	13	3	3	6	33	201	240
02/09	0	12	0	13	0	11	2	13	1	30	204	235
02/10	0	0	0	0	0	9	6	15	11	7	29	11
02/11	2	14	9	25	2	35	12	49	11	113	37	161
02/13	0	3	0	3	0	17	2	19	5	19	4	28
02/21	5	3	3	8	0	1	2	3	0	66	19	85
02/22	10	4	4	12	0	18	4	22	1	24	4	29
02/24	2	6	0	30	0	12	42	42	5	95	75	175
03/02	9	0	9	0	7	0	7	0	2	9	3	14
03/09	2	1	3	0	0	1	37	3	3	55	4	62
03/10	3	0	3	6	1	1	39	6	6	48	12	66
03/16	0	4	0	4	0	1	5	5	8	47	8	55
03/17	0	4	0	4	0	2	0	2	0	1	37	51
03/23	2	10	2	16	2	4	4	22	3	31	8	42
03/24	7	7	2	9	7	7	0	0	2	2	21	95
03/28	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	37	12	53
03/31	2	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	1	1	22	59
04/08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	209
04/10	1	0	3	3	3	0	0	0	1	1	28	51
04/14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	14
04/21	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	1	24
09/02	0	2	1	3	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	34
10/20	5	1	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11/03	14	0	4	4	1	2	4	0	0	6	1	51
11/04	0	4	4	4	1	2	5	8	9	7	38	54
11/05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	47
11/21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11/22	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
12/05	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Table 8. Bird Abundance in the Cabrillo National Monument Intertidal Zone in 1991.

Data were collected whenever possible within 30 min of daytime (esp. 1000-1600 hrs) low tides (esp. < 15cm MLLW) at 3 sites.

DATE	CABR AREA I			CABR AREA II			CABR AREA III			AREAS I, II, III		
	WADE SHORE SEA ALL			WADE SHORE SEA ALL			WADE SHORE SEA ALL			WADE SHORE SEA ALL		
	WADE	SHORE	SEA	WADE	SHORE	SEA	WADE	SHORE	SEA	WADE	SHORE	SEA
12/07	3	13	17	33	9	3	12	4	8	15	27	7
12/21	4	0	15	19	0	1	17	5	7	65	77	9
12/22	0	0	3	3	1	2	3	6	6	81	93	7
SPRING												
# COUNTS	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39
MIN #	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	14	0
MAX #	4	27	9	34	5	37	12	49	19	113	504	28
MEAN #	0.5	5.2	2.4	8.1	0.9	9.8	4.2	14.8	4.9	37.1	64.9	6.3
ST DEV	0.9	5.6	2.5	7.1	1.4	9.5	3.7	12.3	5.2	27.2	97.0	6.6
TOTAL #	18	201	95	314	35	381	162	578	193	1448	2532	246
% ALL AREA	5.7	64.0	30.3	100.0	6.1	65.9	28.0	100.0	4.6	34.7	60.7	100.0
FALL												
# COUNTS	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
MIN #	0	0	0	0	0	3	6	0	0	1	7	0
MAX #	4	14	17	33	4	31	58	79	9	15	388	395
MEAN #	0.9	3.6	4.4	8.9	0.9	10.1	17.6	28.6	3.3	7.9	89.3	100.5
ST DEV	1.6	5.2	6.0	9.7	1.4	10.0	16.2	21.9	2.7	4.0	134.8	134.7
TOTAL #	10	40	48	98	10	111	194	315	36	87	982	1105
% ALL AREA	10.2	40.8	49.0	100.0	3.2	35.2	61.6	100.0	3.3	7.9	88.9	100.0
ALL												
# COUNTS	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
MIN #	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	7	0
MAX #	4	27	17	34	5	37	58	79	19	113	504	537
MEAN #	0.6	4.8	2.9	8.2	0.9	9.8	7.1	17.9	4.6	30.7	70.3	105.6
ST DEV	1.1	5.5	3.6	7.7	1.4	9.5	9.8	15.8	4.8	27.0	105.4	108.7
TOTAL #	28	241	143	412	45	492	356	893	229	1535	3514	5278
% ALL AREA	6.8	58.5	34.7	100.0	5.0	55.1	39.9	100.0	4.3	29.1	66.6	100.0

Table 9. Bird Abundance in the Cabrillo National Monument Intertidal Zone in 1992.

Data were collected whenever possible within 30 min of daytime (esp. 1000-1600 hrs) low tides (esp. < 15cm MLLW) at 3 sites.

DATE	CABR AREA I			CABR AREA II			CABR AREA III			AREAS I, II, III		
	WADE	SHORE	SEA	ALL	WADE	SHORE	SEA	ALL	WADE	SHORE	SEA	ALL
01/03	1	0	1	2	3	20	9	32	8	22	4	34
01/17	0	1	11	12	1	25	5	31	8	12	309	329
01/18	1	0	3	4	1	4	14	19	4	4	4	12
01/19	0	0	3	3	0	4	10	14	9	59	189	257
01/20	0	0	0	0	1	5	4	10	8	68	153	229
01/29	0	0	8	8	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
01/30	0	1	4	5	2	11	7	20	0	37	5	42
02/02	1	1	1	3	0	5	10	15	1	27	112	140
02/04	0	2	7	9	0	23	5	28	4	18	121	143
02/05	0	1	2	3	1	6	17	24	6	0	110	116
02/13	1	5	1	7	1	31	6	38	0	21	0	21
02/14	1	1	3	5	5	53	5	63	3	12	4	19
02/16	1	1	5	7	5	2	6	13	3	2	3	8
02/17	0	0	2	2	0	0	30	30	0	0	95	95
02/19	0	0	2	2	5	2	5	12	3	1	120	124
02/27	0	1	4	5	2	32	8	42	1	36	6	43
02/28	1	2	6	9	0	62	6	68	4	7	20	31
02/29	0	2	2	4	2	47	7	56	4	56	1	61
03/01	1	3	6	10	3	4	5	12	1	4	7	12
03/13	1	0	12	13	1	57	10	68	3	11	7	21
03/14	1	2	3	6	5	83	5	93	2	38	7	47
03/15	1	1	4	6	2	47	5	54	3	18	18	39
03/17	0	0	0	0	5	0	10	0	0	0	110	110
03/19	0	12	3	15	2	2	0	4	2	21	15	38
04/03	0	10	0	10	0	0	3	0	3	3	33	36
04/04	0	8	1	9	0	4	1	5	0	1	5	6
04/11	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	4	18	1	119	12
04/12	0	0	0	0	0	0	89	7	96	3	40	156
04/13	0	0	1	1	0	0	38	3	41	1	12	107
05/09	0	7	7	7	0	1	2	3	1	7	9	17
11/09	0	0	0	0	4	0	5	9	6	4	4	14
11/10	0	4	6	10	0	12	9	21	3	10	5	18
11/11	0	2	1	3	3	39	22	64	0	4	7	11
11/20	0	0	0	0	0	37	2	39	0	13	1	14
11/21	0	2	6	8	5	81	13	99	2	8	7	17
11/23	0	0	4	4	0	3	5	8	3	2	117	122
SPRING												
# COUNTS	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
MIN #	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	7
MAX #	1	12	12	15	5	89	30	96	9	119	309	122
MEAN #	0.4	1.8	3.6	5.7	1.4	22.5	7.0	30.8	2.8	21.9	58.1	82.7
ST DEV	0.5	3.0	3.1	3.9	1.7	25.9	5.8	26.2	2.7	26.4	75.8	83.9
TOTAL #	11	54	107	172	42	674	209	925	83	656	1742	2481
% ALL AREA	6.4	31.4	62.2	100.0	4.5	72.9	22.6	100.0	3.3	26.4	70.2	100.0
FALL												
# COUNTS	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
MIN #	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	7
MAX #	1	12	12	15	5	89	30	96	9	119	309	122
MEAN #	0.4	1.8	3.6	5.7	1.4	22.5	7.0	30.8	2.8	21.9	58.1	82.7
ST DEV	0.5	3.0	3.1	3.9	1.7	25.9	5.8	26.2	2.7	26.4	75.8	83.9
TOTAL #	0	8	17	25	12	172	56	240	14	141	196	264
% ALL AREA	0.0	32.0	68.0	100.0	5.0	71.7	23.3	100.0	7.1	20.9	71.9	100.0
ALL												
# COUNTS	36	36	36	36	6	6	6	6	6	36	36	36
MIN #	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
MAX #	1	12	12	15	5	89	30	99	9	119	309	122
MEAN #	0.3	1.7	3.4	5.5	1.5	23.5	7.4	35.8	2.3	32.4	52.3	74.4
ST DEV	0.5	2.8	3.0	4.1	2.3	30.6	7.3	35.8	2.3	45.9	43.8	79.8
TOTAL #	11	62	124	197	54	846	6.0	265	14	24.7	697	1883
% ALL AREA	5.6	31.5	62.9	100.0	4.6	72.6	22.7	100.0	3.6	26.0	70.3	100.0

Table 10. Bird Abundance in the Cabrillo National Monument Intertidal Zone in 1993.

Data were collected whenever possible within 30 min of daytime (esp. 1000-1600 hrs) low tides (esp. < 15cm MLLW) at 3 sites.

DATE	CABR AREA I			CABR AREA II			CABR AREA III			WADE	SHORE	SEA	ALL
	WADE	SHORE	SEA	WADE	SHORE	SEA	WADE	SHORE	SEA				
03/06	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	3	95	0	43	55	98
09/15	0	0	0	0	0	5	41	34	41	1	12	75	88
09/18	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	0	0	0	0	24	24
09/29	0	1	2	3	0	6	0	0	0	0	7	15	22
09/30	5	1	7	0	8	4	12	1	3	12	16	2	16
10/12	0	5	0	5	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	7	7
10/13	0	1	0	1	0	20	15	1	7	4	12	1	28
10/14	2	5	0	7	0	3	23	26	1	3	70	3	111
10/15	0	1	6	7	0	2	5	7	3	2	48	53	107
10/16	0	1	2	3	0	24	2	26	1	1	10	12	14
10/17	0	0	0	1	3	5	9	1	1	0	3	4	13
10/27	0	0	1	2	6	5	21	32	0	2	6	8	42
10/28	0	3	0	3	4	16	46	66	5	6	11	9	26
10/29	1	4	9	4	14	12	30	17	2	14	17	6	30
10/30	3	0	1	4	0	5	4	9	3	2	0	5	18
10/31	0	2	1	3	0	13	4	17	3	7	8	18	38
11/02	2	2	1	1	4	5	3	13	7	24	49	80	97
11/11	0	1	1	1	2	3	1	13	17	1	1	2	3
11/13	3	16	14	33	1	6	6	13	0	0	4	4	23
11/15	2	1	5	3	3	3	3	9	8	63	76	147	161
11/16	2	9	23	34	1	2	8	11	7	2	104	113	135
11/25	2	0	0	2	2	3	15	4	22	5	1	179	185
11/26	1	0	1	2	3	15	4	22	2	2	13	3	18
11/28	0	0	8	8	0	4	13	17	2	1	5	8	24
11/29	0	3	19	22	3	10	16	16	4	0	29	33	50
11/30	2	11	6	19	2	5	10	17	4	0	26	34	35
12/01	2	8	1	11	3	3	3	9	4	4	10	13	30
12/02	2	14	4	20	1	16	3	20	0	7	0	13	216
12/09	1	1	0	2	2	18	0	20	0	0	7	3	28
12/10	6	0	11	17	3	27	5	35	0	0	1	2	33
12/11	0	3	4	1	18	8	27	4	0	1	11	15	144
12/12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	6	6	10	81	161
12/13	4	2	5	11	0	2	3	5	5	17	8	30	89
12/14	3	1	7	9	1	14	24	8	0	0	104	20	21
12/15	0	6	6	12	8	2	5	15	7	3	14	24	53
12/16	0	0	4	4	1	11	3	15	4	4	15	20	22
12/24	4	3	6	13	1	31	10	42	3	5	11	8	39
12/26	5	1	4	10	9	20	15	44	14	14	63	58	189
12/27	3	0	2	5	2	6	3	11	4	3	65	72	9
12/28	5	23	54	82	1	4	2	0	0	1	3	8	70
12/29	0	0	0	0	6	3	15	5	3	0	147	155	27
12/30	1	0	1	2	3	11	4	18	3	20	3	26	57
12/31	0	0	0	0	2	4	3	9	0	6	32	4	46
											42	10	7
SPRING													
# COUNTS	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
MIN #	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	41	54	55	98
MAX #	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	3	0	41	54	55	98
MEAN #	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	41.0	54.0	55.0	98.0
ST DEV													
TOTAL #	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	3	0	41	54	98
% ALL AREA	14.8	34.3	50.9	100.0	11.0	44.0	45.0	100.0	0.0	43.2	56.8	100.0	100.0
FALL													
# COUNTS	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42
MIN #	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAX #	6	23	54	9	31	46	66	14	63	179	185	28	216
MEAN #	1.3	3.1	4.7	9.2	87	9.0	19.9	3.4	7.7	31.1	42.2	7.0	71.9
ST DEV	1.7	5.0	9.3	14.1	25.5	8.1	9.8	13.1	3.0	14.3	43.5	5.5	51.0
TOTAL #	57	132	196	385	92	367	835	143	324	1306	1773	292	293
% ALL AREA	14.8	34.3	50.9	100.0	11.0	44.0	45.0	100.0	8.1	18.3	73.7	27.5	62.7
ALL													
# COUNTS	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43
MIN #	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
MAX #	6	23	54	9	31	46	66	14	63	179	185	28	216
MEAN #	1.3	3.1	4.6	9.0	2.1	8.6	8.8	19.5	3.3	8.5	31.6	6.8	21.6
ST DEV	1.7	4.9	9.2	14.0	2.5	8.1	9.8	13.2	3.0	15.0	43.1	5.6	44.7
TOTAL #	57	132	196	385	92	369	838	143	324	1306	1868	292	293
% ALL AREA	14.8	34.3	50.9	100.0	11.0	44.0	45.0	100.0	7.7	19.5	72.8	10.0	62.5

Table 11. Bird Abundance in the Cabrillo National Monument Intertidal Zone in 1994.

Data were collected whenever possible within 30 min of daytime (esp. 1000-1600 hrs) low tides (esp. < 15cm MLLW) at 3 sites.

DATE	CABR AREA I			CABR AREA II			CABR AREA III			AREAS I, II, III		
	WADE	SHORE	SEA	ALL	WADE	SHORE	SEA	ALL	WADE	SHORE	SEA	ALL
01/07	0	0	1	1	3	2	2	7	0	11	3	19
01/08	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	3	4	4	160
01/09	2	0	3	5	4	1	2	7	2	0	222	236
01/10	1	3	1	5	3	1	8	12	1	217	5	6
01/11	4	2	6	12	1	3	4	8	3	17	4	24
01/12	2	0	8	10	4	17	17	38	2	1	4	7
01/13	3	4	2	9	5	14	8	27	2	8	1	11
01/14	0	0	1	1	2	6	5	13	6	16	62	84
01/23	1	2	3	6	2	3	8	13	2	8	160	170
01/24	2	0	6	8	1	1	9	11	4	0	136	140
01/25	2	0	0	2	1	0	5	6	4	0	80	84
01/27	0	1	0	1	0	11	2	13	4	2	3	9
01/28	0	1	2	3	1	1	4	6	9	0	78	87
01/29	1	0	3	4	1	1	7	9	16	7	124	147
01/30	2	0	0	2	3	2	4	9	5	4	3	12
02/05	1	3	1	5	1	7	0	8	3	0	0	3
02/06	0	0	1	1	0	6	4	10	4	5	4	13
02/07	2	1	26	29	1	0	9	10	4	0	122	126
02/08	1	1	2	4	1	4	3	8	4	1	54	59
02/09	2	11	2	15	2	0	3	5	1	2	1	4
02/11	1	9	1	11	1	2	2	5	3	0	25	28
02/13	0	0	2	2	2	5	4	11	4	6	6	16
02/22	0	1	0	1	1	10	3	14	1	0	0	1
02/24	0	0	2	2	0	6	1	7	3	8	95	106
02/26	0	1	1	2	1	1	0	0	4	15	3	22
02/28	1	3	1	5	0	1	0	1	4	11	3	18
03/05	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	29	3	0	0	6
03/06	0	0	26	26	0	5	3	8	2	0	2	4
03/07	0	2	2	4	2	1	11	14	1	0	2	3
03/08	0	0	2	2	1	6	1	8	4	0	4	8
03/09	2	0	7	9	1	13	9	23	3	0	30	33
03/10	0	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	10	10
03/11	0	3	0	3	0	4	1	5	2	1	1	4
03/12	1	0	0	1	1	10	3	14	2	5	0	7
03/13	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	10	1	0	0	0
03/14	0	0	0	0	0	1	15	4	20	0	5	7
03/21	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	2	1	2	4
03/22	0	0	2	2	0	36	10	46	0	1	4	5
03/23	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	3	9	0	2	2
03/24	0	0	9	9	0	0	1	1	1	2	0	1
03/26	0	4	6	10	0	3	2	6	2	1	54	57
03/27	0	1	1	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
03/28	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	9	1	1	2	2

Table 11. Bird Abundance in the Cabrillo National Monument Intertidal Zone in 1994.

Data were collected whenever possible within 30 min of daytime (esp. 1000-1600 hrs) low tides (esp. < 15cm MLLW) at 3 sites.

DATE	CABR AREA I			CABR AREA II			CABR AREA III			AREAS I, II, III		
	WADE	SHORE	SEA	ALL	WADE	SHORE	SEA	ALL	WADE	SHORE	SEA	ALL
04/02	0	0	2	2	0	15	0	15	0	8	61	69
04/03	0	0	3	3	0	6	4	10	0	5	5	8
04/07	0	0	1	1	0	4	1	5	0	4	18	24
04/09	0	0	4	4	0	5	15	20	0	0	0	19
04/23	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	4	0	0	0	0
04/24	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	2
04/25	0	0	4	4	0	0	5	5	0	0	0	9
05/01	0	18	3	21	0	1	9	10	1	5	1	38
05/02	0	1	3	4	0	6	7	13	0	2	0	10
06/13	2	0	1	3	12	3	11	26	12	0	69	81
09/06	0	1	3	4	0	6	16	22	0	1	2	28
09/19	2	1	48	51	0	12	26	38	1	6	29	103
09/20	0	0	4	4	1	1	7	9	0	2	3	14
10/03	0	0	6	6	1	4	46	51	0	0	26	26
10/04	0	3	2	5	0	6	60	66	1	1	6	8
10/05	0	0	2	2	4	0	4	5	0	3	51	54
10/06	0	0	4	0	4	0	1	5	0	2	5	7
10/17	0	6	4	10	0	4	13	17	2	4	15	21
10/18	0	0	3	3	0	3	10	13	0	10	4	14
10/19	0	0	2	2	0	0	6	6	1	4	7	12
11/01	0	18	6	24	0	62	3	65	1	2	5	82
11/02	6	0	22	28	2	0	10	12	1	2	7	0
11/03	1	1	22	24	0	6	13	19	2	6	21	29
11/04	0	0	2	2	4	2	3	9	3	13	4	20
11/05	1	2	2	5	2	5	1	8	6	2	75	83
11/13	1	5	2	8	3	6	2	11	2	4	6	12
11/14	2	0	2	4	0	5	3	8	4	12	31	47
11/16	0	8	2	10	0	13	9	22	0	2	3	5
11/17	2	1	27	30	2	10	17	29	5	19	1	25
11/18	3	0	14	17	4	12	17	30	10	2	171	183
11/19	1	1	3	3	7	17	27	13	5	7	25	17
11/20	0	8	2	10	5	5	12	7	11	27	4	45
11/29	0	3	4	7	1	4	2	7	2	2	40	44
11/30	1	4	3	8	0	1	7	8	1	27	25	53
12/01	1	1	3	5	0	3	5	8	1	35	54	90
12/02	0	4	3	7	0	0	1	1	1	10	2	39
12/03	0	0	5	5	0	0	0	7	0	10	0	10
12/04	0	19	3	22	1	9	11	21	1	0	89	90
12/05	2	2	11	15	2	2	3	7	1	4	7	12
12/13	1	0	2	3	1	4	1	6	4	0	5	9
12/15	1	4	5	10	0	2	7	9	11	0	71	82
12/16	1	3	5	9	0	2	6	8	8	0	48	56
12/17	0	0	0	0	5	9	9	15	8	15	24	47

Table 11. Bird Abundance in the Cabrillo National Monument Intertidal Zone in 1994.

Data were collected whenever possible within 30 min of daytime (esp. 1000-1600 hrs) low tides (esp. < 15cm MLLW) at 3 sites.

CABR AREA I							CABR AREA II							CABR AREA III							AREAS I, II, III		
DATE	WADE	SHORE	SEA	ALL	WADE	SHORE	SEA	ALL	WADE	SHORE	SEA	ALL	WADE	SHORE	SEA	ALL	WADE	SHORE	SEA	ALL			
12/18	0	1	4	5	4	8	6	18	9	3	10	22	13	12	20	45	0	0	1	2			
12/19	0	3	2	5	5	6	3	14	4	0	24	28	9	9	29	47	19	8	11	38			
12/20	0	6	10	16	13	2	1	16	6	0	0	6	19	14	9	23	0	1	0	1			
12/27	0	0	1	1	0	14	7	21	0	0	1	1	0	14	9	23	3	7	7	13			
12/29	0	2	6	8	2	5	4	11	3	0	63	66	5	7	7	85	1	0	0	86			
12/31	0	0	1	1	0	0	10	10	1	0	75	76	1	0	0	87	0	0	0	87			
SPRING																							
# COUNTS	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53		
MIN #	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
MAX #	4	18	26	29	12	36	17	46	16	17	222	224	26	37	227	237	26	37	227	237	26		
MEAN #	0.6	1.4	2.9	4.9	1.3	5.6	4.3	11.2	2.6	3.2	34.6	40.4	4.5	10.2	41.9	56.5	4.5	10.2	41.9	56.5	4.5		
ST DEV	1.0	3.2	5.1	6.2	1.9	7.0	4.0	9.1	3.0	4.4	57.9	59.2	4.6	8.2	59.4	59.7	4.6	8.2	59.4	59.7	4.6		
TOTAL #	33	72	156	261	69	298	229	596	136	169	1834	2139	238	539	2219	2996	238	539	2219	2996	238		
% ALL AREA	12.6	27.6	59.8	100.0	11.6	50.0	38.4	100.0	6.4	7.9	85.7	100.0	7.9	18.0	74.1	100.0	7.9	18.0	74.1	100.0	7.9		
FALL																							
# COUNTS	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39		
MIN #	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
MAX #	6	19	48	51	13	62	60	66	13	35	171	183	19	82	197	230	19	82	197	230	19		
MEAN #	0.7	2.9	6.3	9.9	1.4	6.2	9.7	17.3	3.1	5.6	27.3	35.9	5.1	14.7	43.3	63.2	5.1	14.7	43.3	63.2	5.1		
ST DEV	1.2	4.3	9.2	10.2	2.4	9.9	11.6	15.0	3.5	7.7	34.2	35.8	5.3	14.1	37.7	41.0	5.3	14.1	37.7	41.0	5.3		
TOTAL #	26	113	246	385	54	243	379	676	120	219	1063	1402	200	575	1688	2463	200	575	1688	2463	200		
% ALL AREA	6.8	29.4	63.9	100.0	8.0	35.9	56.1	100.0	8.6	15.6	75.8	100.0	8.1	23.3	68.5	100.0	8.1	23.3	68.5	100.0	8.1		
ALL																							
# COUNTS	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92		
MIN #	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
MAX #	6	19	48	51	13	62	60	66	16	35	222	224	26	82	227	237	26	82	227	237	26		
MEAN #	0.6	2.0	4.4	7.0	1.3	5.9	6.6	13.8	2.8	4.2	31.5	38.5	4.8	12.1	42.5	59.3	4.8	12.1	42.5	59.3	4.8		
ST DEV	1.1	3.7	7.3	8.5	2.1	8.3	8.5	12.3	3.2	6.1	49.2	50.4	4.9	11.2	51.1	52.4	4.9	11.2	51.1	52.4	4.9		
TOTAL #	59	185	402	646	123	541	608	1272	256	388	2897	3541	438	1114	3907	5459	438	1114	3907	5459	438		
% ALL AREA	9.1	28.6	62.2	100.0	9.7	42.5	47.8	100.0	7.2	11.0	81.8	100.0	8.0	20.4	71.6	100.0	8.0	20.4	71.6	100.0	8.0		

Table 12. Bird Abundance in the Cabrillo National Monument Intertidal Zone in 1995.

Data were collected whenever possible within 30 min of daytime (esp. 1000-1600 hrs) low tides (esp. <15cm MLLW) at 3 sites.

DATE	CABR AREA I			CABR AREA II			CABR AREA III		
	WADE	SHORE	SEA	WADE	SHORE	SEA	WADE	SHORE	SEA
01/01	0	0	0	1	0	5	6	0	67
01/02	3	2	4	2	1	4	16	6	75
01/14	0	2	3	5	0	1	7	3	95
01/16	0	0	0	2	2	6	11	4	14
01/17	0	1	4	5	7	2	13	3	32
01/18	3	10	16	2	9	10	22	16	75
01/27	0	4	3	0	1	7	11	11	37
01/29	3	5	8	1	6	6	3	7	43
01/30	1	0	1	0	0	0	40	9	59
01/31	2	1	2	5	1	5	57	11	41
02/10	0	3	6	2	0	1	61	11	57
02/11	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	12	119
02/13	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	18
02/14	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	8
02/15	0	1	1	3	0	0	0	2	23
02/16	0	0	3	6	0	2	0	2	8
02/23	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	3	37
02/24	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	4	9
02/25	0	0	23	0	0	0	0	0	0
02/26	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
02/27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
02/28	3	2	4	1	0	0	0	0	0
03/01	3	1	4	2	1	0	0	0	0
03/02	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
03/13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
03/14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
03/15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
03/16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
03/17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
03/30	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
04/12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
04/21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
05/20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
05/21	0	2	3	1	0	0	0	0	0
05/22	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
06/18	0	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	38
09/09	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21
09/10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15
09/24	0	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	38
09/25	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	30
10/05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
10/06	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	18
10/08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10/09	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10/22	0	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 12. Bird Abundance in the Cabrillo National Monument Intertidal Zone in 1995.

Data were collected whenever possible within 30 min of daytime (esp. 1000-1600 hrs) low tides (esp. <15cm MLLW) at 3 sites.

DATE	CABR AREA I			CABR AREA II			CABR AREA III			AREAS I, II, III		
	WADE	SHORE	SEA	WADE	SHORE	SEA	WADE	SHORE	SEA	WADE	SHORE	SEA
SPRING												
# COUNTS	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
MIN #	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
MAX #	4	10	21	23	7	8	25	30	11	13	88	92
MEAN #	0.6	1.1	1.8	3.6	1.3	1.6	3.8	6.6	3.9	1.7	17.0	22.6
ST DEV	1.1	2.0	3.6	5.1	1.5	2.0	5.1	5.9	2.9	3.5	23.6	26.5
TOTAL #	24	45	73	142	51	64	150	265	154	69	681	904
% ALL AREA	16.9	31.7	51.4	100.0	19.2	24.2	56.6	100.0	17.0	7.6	75.3	100.0
FALL												
# COUNTS	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
MIN #	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAX #	2	2	6	8	4	11	8	16	6	4	22	26
MEAN #	0.4	0.6	1.8	2.8	1.1	2.0	3.3	6.3	2.5	1.9	9.5	13.9
ST DEV	0.7	0.7	1.9	2.2	1.8	4.2	2.7	4.8	1.9	1.6	7.6	9.0
TOTAL #	2	4	25	31	10	22	35	67	9	11	56	76
% ALL AREA	6.5	12.9	80.6	100.0	14.9	32.8	52.2	100.0	11.8	14.5	73.7	100.0
ALL												
# COUNTS	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49
MIN #	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAX #	4	10	21	23	7	11	25	30	11	13	88	92
MEAN #	0.5	1.0	2.0	3.5	1.2	1.8	3.8	6.8	3.3	1.6	15.0	20.0
ST DEV	1.0	1.8	3.3	4.7	1.6	2.5	4.7	5.7	2.9	3.2	21.9	24.8
TOTAL #	26	49	98	173	61	86	185	332	163	80	737	980
% ALL AREA	15.0	28.3	56.6	100.0	18.4	25.9	55.7	100.0	16.6	8.2	75.2	100.0

Table 13. Intertidal Cover within Photoplots in Spring 1990.

CABR AREA I		BARNACLES (% COVER)					ROCKWEED (% COVER)					MUSSELS (% COVER)					GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)								
PHOTOPILOT #	286	292	293	294	299	Avg	287	288	290	291	295	Avg	285	289	296	297	298	Avg	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg
# POINTS SCORED	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACORN BARNACLE	5	2	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
THATCHED BARNACLE	11	26	7	37	21	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	
ROCKWEED	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	60	48	72	88	59	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	13	17	23	16	16	
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	3	19	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	0	28	0	19	13	
OTHER PLANTS	0	24	17	32	0	15	19	34	22	12	10	19	36	37	11	27	33	29	0	0	0	0	0	0	
OTHER ANIMALS	28	10	0	22	15	15	0	0	3	7	0	2	7	0	0	13	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	
BARE SUBSTRATE	55	35	57	9	60	43	53	6	27	9	2	19	30	43	44	37	32	37	0	0	0	0	0	0	

CABR AREA II		BARNACLES (% COVER)					ROCKWEED (% COVER)					MUSSELS (% COVER)					GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)								
PHOTOPILOT #	247	248	256	259	260	Avg	249	251	252	258	265	Avg	245	246	253	254	255	Avg	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg
# POINTS SCORED	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACORN BARNACLE	0	25	4	29	6	13	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	10	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	
THATCHED BARNACLE	15	12	43	29	52	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	3	0	0	0	2	
ROCKWEED	0	3	0	0	0	1	72	71	72	69	73	71	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	1	9	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	65	74	46	18	74	55	0	0	0	0	0	0	
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
OTHER PLANTS	26	0	4	0	2	6	7	25	19	12	5	14	21	15	21	11	0	11	0	14	0	0	0	0	
OTHER ANIMALS	0	2	9	4	10	5	0	0	0	7	1	2	0	1	1	1	1	1	16	0	4	0	0	0	
BARE SUBSTRATE	59	56	31	38	30	43	19	4	9	12	21	13	13	10	16	51	26	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	

CABR AREA III		BARNACLES (% COVER)					ROCKWEED (% COVER)					MUSSELS (% COVER)					GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)								
PHOTOPILOT #	3	16	20	29	30	Avg	9	10	25	27	28	Avg	12	14	15	17	24	Avg	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg
# POINTS SCORED	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACORN BARNACLE	11	14	0	13	29	13	6	0	1	1	0	2	3	4	8	8	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	
THATCHED BARNACLE	22	15	18	30	25	22	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	12	4	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ROCKWEED	0	0	4	3	0	1	77	90	92	76	84	84	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	64	40	39	55	39	47	0	0	0	0	0	0	
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
OTHER PLANTS	22	14	0	1	6	9	0	0	6	1	10	3	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
OTHER ANIMALS	13	12	2	1	20	10	9	3	0	14	3	6	6	4	5	0	7	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	
BARE SUBSTRATE	32	45	76	52	20	45	7	1	8	3	5	24	49	36	32	47	38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Table 14. Intertidal Cover within Photoplots in Fall 1990.

CABR AREA I		BARNACLES (% COVER)				ROCKWEED (% COVER)				MUSSELS (% COVER)				GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)												
PHOTOPLOT #	# POINTS SCORED	286	292	293	294	299	AVG	287	288	290	291	295	AVG	285	289	296	297	298	AVG	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	AVG
ACORN BARNACLE	39	0	0	0	0	24	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
THATCHED BARNACLE	18	17	5	25	21	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
ROCKWEED	0	0	0	0	0	0	44	45	70	69	82	62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	2	17	14	7	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	3	15	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	0	33	0	9	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	
OTHER PLANTS	9	42	15	45	3	23	18	47	12	26	13	23	36	66	8	28	53	38	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	
OTHER ANIMALS	3	8	0	15	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	1	0	15	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	
BARE SUBSTRATE	31	30	65	12	52	38	38	8	18	5	5	15	34	29	42	43	31	36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

CABR AREA II		BARNACLES (% COVER)				ROCKWEED (% COVER)				MUSSELS (% COVER)				GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)												
PHOTOPLOT #	# POINTS SCORED	247	248	256	259	260	AVG	249	251	252	258	265	AVG	245	246	253	254	255	AVG	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	AVG
ACORN BARNACLE	1	44	8	49	17	24	4	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
THATCHED BARNACLE	9	7	39	12	52	24	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0		
ROCKWEED	0	4	4	0	0	2	73	62	66	77	80	72	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	7	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	44	53	17	6	31	30	0	0	0	0	0		
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
OTHER PLANTS	59	19	25	7	11	24	4	37	30	14	5	18	36	28	63	43	49	44	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
OTHER ANIMALS	2	1	1	12	6	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	1	4	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	
BARE SUBSTRATE	29	25	16	20	14	21	19	1	4	8	11	9	18	16	17	42	17	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

CABR AREA III		BARNACLES (% COVER)				ROCKWEED (% COVER)				MUSSELS (% COVER)				GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)												
PHOTOPLOT #	# POINTS SCORED	3	16	20	29	30	AVG	9	10	25	27	28	AVG	12	14	15	17	24	AVG	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	AVG
ACORN BARNACLE	11	26	14	44	42	27	9	1	2	3	2	3	11	3	7	17	2	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
THATCHED BARNACLE	34	18	10	19	32	23	5	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	11	2	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ROCKWEED	0	0	5	3	2	64	79	90	66	69	74	0	0	36	30	32	44	28	34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
OTHER PLANTS	25	25	6	1	6	13	3	1	8	3	12	5	12	8	7	11	11	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
OTHER ANIMALS	4	5	6	1	0	3	3	18	0	15	17	11	2	10	2	3	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
BARE SUBSTRATE	25	26	64	30	17	32	16	0	0	13	0	6	38	48	41	23	52	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Table 15. Intertidal Cover within Photoplots in Spring 1991.

CABR AREA I		BARNACLES (% COVER)					ROCKWEED (% COVER)					MUSSELS (% COVER)					GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)									
PHOTOPILOT #		286	292	293	294	299	Avg	287	288	290	291	295	Avg	285	289	296	297	298	Avg	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg
# POINTS SCORED		100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACORN BARNACLE	33	4	0	0	13	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
THATCHED BARNACLE	23	26	10	23	18	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	
ROCKWEED	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	29	42	56	79	80	57	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	2	11	5	6	6	0	0	0	0	0	
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	6	13	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	26	0	14	11	0	0	0	0	0	
OTHER PLANTS	0	13	4	42	0	12	22	45	18	15	15	23	25	55	11	32	60	37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
OTHER ANIMALS	10	8	0	23	3	9	0	0	1	2	0	1	4	1	0	15	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
BARE SUBSTRATE	34	43	73	12	66	46	49	13	25	4	5	19	50	33	49	48	20	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

CABR AREA II		BARNACLES (% COVER)					ROCKWEED (% COVER)					MUSSELS (% COVER)					GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)									
PHOTOPILOT #		247	248	256	259	260	Avg	249	251	252	258	265	Avg	245	246	253	254	255	Avg	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg
# POINTS SCORED		100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACORN BARNACLE	0	43	8	66	23	28	7	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	
THATCHED BARNACLE	10	5	41	19	54	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	
ROCKWEED	0	5	0	0	0	1	66	62	71	75	68	68	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	6	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	41	43	3	0	18	21	0	0	0	0	0	
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
OTHER PLANTS	10	0	13	0	1	5	10	26	24	14	19	19	18	13	77	35	50	39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
OTHER ANIMALS	2	0	4	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	5	4	10	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	
BARE SUBSTRATE	78	47	28	12	21	37	17	12	5	11	10	11	39	32	16	51	30	34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

CABR AREA III		BARNACLES (% COVER)					ROCKWEED (% COVER)					MUSSELS (% COVER)					GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)									
PHOTOPILOT #		3	16	20	29	30	Avg	9	10	25	27	28	Avg	12	14	15	17	24	Avg	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg
# POINTS SCORED		100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACORN BARNACLE	13	19	9	33	47	24	12	3	6	9	1	6	4	2	9	9	4	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
THATCHED BARNACLE	38	23	11	25	22	24	3	2	0	0	0	1	0	4	13	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ROCKWEED	0	0	0	4	0	1	56	60	62	72	74	65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	37	24	27	33	20	28	0	0	0	0	0	
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
OTHER PLANTS	13	10	1	0	6	6	5	25	28	1	21	16	7	10	1	2	13	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
OTHER ANIMALS	5	15	0	0	4	5	4	1	6	2	4	8	7	7	9	6	7	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
BARE SUBSTRATE	31	33	79	38	25	41	19	6	3	12	2	8	44	53	43	47	57	57	49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 16. Intertidal Cover within Photoplots in Fall 1991.

CABR AREA I		BARNACLES (% COVER)				ROCKWEED (% COVER)				MUSSELS (% COVER)				GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)												
PHOTOLOT #	# POINTS SCORED	286	292	293	294	299	Avg	287	288	290	291	295	Avg	285	289	296	297	298	Avg	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg
ACORN BARNACLE	29	0	0	0	29	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
THATCHED BARNACLE	16	17	7	16	10	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		
ROCKWEED	0	0	0	0	0	0	78	58	84	73	93	77	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	1	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	15	13	7	9	0	0	0	0	0		
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	5	11	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	25	0	15	11	0	0	0	0	0		
OTHER PLANTS	3	40	18	63	0	25	5	33	3	27	7	15	36	68	19	35	39	39	39	0	0	0	0	0		
OTHER ANIMALS	13	4	0	15	3	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	16	0	4	0	0	0	0	0		
BARE SUBSTRATE	38	34	64	3	58	39	17	9	13	0	0	8	41	26	41	35	39	36	36	0	0	0	0	0		

CABR AREA II		BARNACLES (% COVER)				ROCKWEED (% COVER)				MUSSELS (% COVER)				GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)												
PHOTOLOT #	# POINTS SCORED	247	248	256	259	260	Avg	249	251	252	258	265	Avg	245	246	253	254	255	Avg	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg
ACORN BARNACLE	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	
THATCHED BARNACLE	4	45	14	30	21	23	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ROCKWEED	8	7	41	18	31	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	1		
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	6	0	0	0	1	90	47	83	82	72	75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	0	7	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	36	5	0	0	15	18	0	0	0	0		
OTHER PLANTS	68	12	8	18	27	27	5	53	17	8	11	19	54	38	53	47	70	52	0	0	0	0	0	0		
OTHER ANIMALS	0	2	21	28	4	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	2	5	3	3	0	0	0	0	0		
BARE SUBSTRATE	20	28	9	6	17	16	5	0	0	7	17	6	8	22	36	42	12	24	0	0	0	0	0	0		

CABR AREA III		BARNACLES (% COVER)				ROCKWEED (% COVER)				MUSSELS (% COVER)				GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)												
PHOTOLOT #	# POINTS SCORED	3	16	20	29	30	Avg	9	10	25	27	28	Avg	12	14	15	17	24	Avg	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg
ACORN BARNACLE	25	53	32	52	48	42	3	0	0	3	0	1	1	15	10	34	13	15	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	
THATCHED BARNACLE	37	19	10	21	31	24	1	0	0	0	4	1	0	2	14	1	2	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ROCKWEED	0	0	0	11	2	3	67	89	99	78	47	76	0	0	20	28	19	37	22	25	0	0	0	0	0	
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
OTHER PLANTS	8	12	4	2	1	5	2	5	1	2	32	8	13	3	5	3	15	8	8	0	0	0	0	0		
OTHER ANIMALS	9	10	5	5	12	8	8	6	0	11	15	8	8	10	4	3	1	5	5	44	47	24	43	45	41	
BARE SUBSTRATE	21	6	49	9	6	18	19	0	0	6	2	5	44	47	24	43	45	41	0	0	0	0	0	0		

Table 17. Intertidal Cover within Photoplots in Spring 1992.

CABR AREA I		BARNACLES (% COVER)					ROCKWEED (% COVER)					MUSSELS (% COVER)					GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)								
PHOTOPILOT #	286	292	293	294	299	Avg	287	288	290	291	295	Avg	285	289	296	297	298	Avg	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg
# POINTS SCORED	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACORN BARNACLE	25	2	3	1	50	16	6	0	3	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
THATCHED BARNACLE	18	11	4	13	5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ROCKWEED	0	0	0	0	0	0	41	60	63	62	76	60	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	2	1	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	18	8	5	7						
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	6	11	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	27	0	13	10						
OTHER PLANTS	25	54	48	59	4	38	12	39	19	36	20	25	52	65	16	48	38	44							
OTHER ANIMALS	2	3	0	23	1	6	1	0	1	0	0	0	3	1	0	17	0	4							
BARE SUBSTRATE	28	23	34	1	40	25	40	1	14	2	3	12	33	32	39	27	44	35							

CABR AREA II		BARNACLES (% COVER)					ROCKWEED (% COVER)					MUSSELS (% COVER)					GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)					GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)				
PHOTOPILOT #	247	248	256	259	260	Avg	249	251	252	258	265	Avg	245	246	253	254	255	Avg	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg	
# POINTS SCORED	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ACORN BARNACLE	0	14	18	22	17	14	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
THATCHED BARNACLE	0	5	34	10	20	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ROCKWEED	2	2	2	0	1	1	76	77	81	82	68	77	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	6	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	27	0	0	0	5	10						
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
OTHER PLANTS	57	3	18	36	44	32	8	22	19	12	9	14	58	53	95	58	87	70								
OTHER ANIMALS	1	33	11	26	12	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	8	3	3							
BARE SUBSTRATE	40	43	11	6	6	21	16	1	0	5	23	9	22	16	5	34	5	16								

CABR AREA III		BARNACLES (% COVER)					ROCKWEED (% COVER)					MUSSELS (% COVER)					GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)					GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)				
PHOTOPILOT #	3	16	20	29	30	Avg	9	10	25	27	28	Avg	12	14	15	17	24	Avg	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg	
# POINTS SCORED	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ACORN BARNACLE	17	40	36	59	27	36	8	0	0	4	0	2	35	6	47	7	25	24								
THATCHED BARNACLE	26	17	8	16	11	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1								
ROCKWEED	0	0	4	3	1	72	81	74	83	46	71	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	25	21	28	16	23								
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
OTHER PLANTS	27	30	2	8	56	25	0	17	25	7	54	21	6	9	10	10	23	12								
OTHER ANIMALS	0	0	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	7	4	3	2	3								
BARE SUBSTRATE	30	13	51	13	2	22	20	2	1	6	0	6	34	52	15	52	34	37								

Table 18. Intertidal Cover within Photoplots in June 1992.

CABR AREA I		BARNACLES (% COVER)				ROCKWEED (% COVER)				MUSSELS (% COVER)				GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)													
PHOTOPLOT #		286	292	293	294	299	AVG	287	288	290	291	295	AVG	285	289	296	297	298	AVG	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg	
# POINTS SCORED	100	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ACORN BARNACLE	31	5	1	6	48	18		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
THATCHED BARNACLE	19	8	6	19	3	11		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ROCKWEED	0	0	0	0	0	0		37	63	72	78	80		66	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	0	2	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0	5	3	21	10	9		10						
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	9	13	0	0	4		0	0	0	0	0		0	16	0	27	0	21		13						
OTHER PLANTS	6	45	18	43	2	23		21	31	13	21	19		21	20	66	18	20		17		28					
OTHER ANIMALS	18	0	8	23	8	11		0	0	0	0	0		0	5	1	0	28		0		7					
BARE SUBSTRATE	26	33	54	7	39	32		42	6	15	1	1		13	54	30	34	41		53		42					

CABR AREA II		BARNACLES (% COVER)				ROCKWEED (% COVER)				MUSSELS (% COVER)				GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)													
PHOTOPLOT #		247	248	256	259	260	AVG	249	251	252	258	265	AVG	245	246	253	254	255	AVG	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg	
# POINTS SCORED	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ACORN BARNACLE	9	20	20	18	22	18		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	1	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
THATCHED BARNACLE	4	2	24	12	23	13		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ROCKWEED	2	3	0	0	5	2		75	36	87	72	83		71	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	13	0	0	3		0	0	0	0	0		0	16	23	0	0		2		8					
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
OTHER PLANTS	20	4	19	7	17	13		13	63	9	12	4		20	54	55	92	63		90		71					
OTHER ANIMALS	2	35	19	34	13	21		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	1	0	0		2		1					
BARE SUBSTRATE	63	36	5	29	20	31		12	1	4	16	13		9	30	20	8	37		6		20					

CABR AREA III		BARNACLES (% COVER)				ROCKWEED (% COVER)				MUSSELS (% COVER)				GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)													
PHOTOPLOT #		3	16	20	29	30	AVG	9	10	25	27	28	AVG	12	14	15	17	24	AVG	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg	
# POINTS SCORED	100	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ACORN BARNACLE	25	29	32	53	34	35		4	0	0	0	0		1	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
THATCHED BARNACLE	20	12	6	14	17	14		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	3	2	0		1		1					
ROCKWEED	0	0	0	9	7	3		85	77	94	84	92		86	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0	23	25	22	26		21		23					
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
OTHER PLANTS	33	7	0	3	12	11		3	20	6	6	8		9	23	15	14	22		30		21					
OTHER ANIMALS	7	24	7	5	23	13		0	0	0	0	0		0	5	11	8	6		8		8					
BARE SUBSTRATE	15	28	55	16	7	24		8	3	0	10	0		4	49	46	54	46		40		47					

Table 19. Intertidal Cover within Photoplots in Fall 1992.

CABR AREA I		BARNACLES (% COVER)					ROCKWEED (% COVER)					MUSSELS (% COVER)					GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)								
PHOTOPILOT #	286	292	293	294	299	Avg	287	288	290	291	295	Avg	285	289	296	297	298	Avg	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg
# POINTS SCORED	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	0	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACORN BARNACLE	5	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
THATCHED BARNACLE	32	8	8	13	5	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ROCKWEED	0	0	0	0	1	0	44	52	27	65	47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	1	1	7	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	1	18	10	6	8				
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	4	6	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	22	0	24	12				
OTHER PLANTS	14	56	18	75	13	35	8	47	67	32	39	28	76	18	38	24	37								
OTHER ANIMALS	4	2	0	1	11	4	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	6	0	24	0	6					
BARE SUBSTRATE	45	29	67	2	70	43	47	1	6	3	14	46	23	42	28	46	37								

CABR AREA II		BARNACLES (% COVER)					ROCKWEED (% COVER)					MUSSELS (% COVER)					GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)					GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)				
PHOTOPILOT #	247	248	256	259	260	Avg	249	251	252	258	265	Avg	245	246	253	254	255	Avg	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg	
# POINTS SCORED	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ACORN BARNACLE	0	34	11	8	5	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
THATCHED BARNACLE	5	1	17	11	15	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ROCKWEED	0	3	1	0	0	1	44	27	66	57	74	54	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	13	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	18	0	1	3	8					
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
OTHER PLANTS	5	13	34	26	21	20	39	69	20	32	16	35	45	45	60	89	86	65								
OTHER ANIMALS	3	2	1	16	3	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0		
BARE SUBSTRATE	87	47	23	39	55	50	17	4	14	11	10	11	37	37	40	9	11	27								

CABR AREA III		BARNACLES (% COVER)					ROCKWEED (% COVER)					MUSSELS (% COVER)					GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)					GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)				
PHOTOPILOT #	3	16	20	29	30	Avg	9	10	25	27	28	Avg	12	14	15	17	24	Avg	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg	
# POINTS SCORED	100	1	0	2	0	3	5	0	0	2	0	1	7	1	2	1	4	3								
ACORN BARNACLE	10	1	0	2	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	1	3						
THATCHED BARNACLE	12	14	8	17	31	16	58	60	70	75	53	63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ROCKWEED	0	0	0	15	7	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	24	15	12	8	15								
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
OTHER PLANTS	52	47	1	15	10	25	16	30	27	9	45	25	18	11	5	9	7	10								
OTHER ANIMALS	0	4	5	1	6	3	0	9	0	0	0	2	4	11	6	3	6	6								
BARE SUBSTRATE	26	34	86	50	46	48	20	1	3	14	2	8	53	53	60	75	74	63								

Table 20. Intertidal Cover within Photoplots in Spring 1993.

CABR AREA I		BARNACLES (% COVER)				ROCKWEED (% COVER)				MUSSELS (% COVER)				GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)												
PHOTOPLOT #		286	292	293	294	299	AVG	287	288	290	291	295	AVG	285	289	296	297	298	AVG	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg
# POINTS SCORED	100	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACORN BARNACLE	1	0	0	14	4	6	0	3	0	0	2	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
THATCHED BARNACLE	29	2	15	2	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ROCKWEED	0	0	0	0	0	34	50	70	37	70	52	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	12	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	28	9	7	9	9	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	6	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
OTHER PLANTS	7	14	66	4	23	18	41	16	63	26	33	13	58	13	29	28	28	28	28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER ANIMALS	13	0	3	2	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	24	27	0	11	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
BARE SUBSTRATE	50	78	4	78	53	41	9	11	0	4	13	65	37	35	34	42	43	43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

CABR AREA II		BARNACLES (% COVER)				ROCKWEED (% COVER)				MUSSELS (% COVER)				GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)												
PHOTOPLOT #		247	248	256	259	260	AVG	249	251	252	258	265	AVG	245	246	253	254	255	AVG	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg
# POINTS SCORED	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACORN BARNACLE	0	15	14	9	10	10	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	11	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
THATCHED BARNACLE	0	3	19	11	25	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ROCKWEED	0	0	0	0	0	0	44	50	56	65	74	58	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	14	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	14	0	1	4	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER PLANTS	33	17	31	22	37	28	29	47	30	28	10	29	52	38	84	75	72	64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER ANIMALS	3	22	9	36	4	15	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BARE SUBSTRATE	64	43	13	22	24	33	25	3	13	7	16	13	28	37	13	24	24	25	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

CABR AREA III		BARNACLES (% COVER)				ROCKWEED (% COVER)				MUSSELS (% COVER)				GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)												
PHOTOPLOT #		3	16	20	29	30	AVG	9	10	25	27	28	AVG	12	14	15	17	24	AVG	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg
# POINTS SCORED	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACORN BARNACLE	14	14	0	13	11	10	7	0	0	2	0	2	11	1	2	0	4	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
THATCHED BARNACLE	15	17	8	25	35	20	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ROCKWEED	0	0	0	10	1	2	54	93	69	49	62	65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	22	19	11	9	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER PLANTS	18	49	0	1	4	14	12	6	31	37	38	25	7	6	5	7	11	7	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER ANIMALS	30	10	2	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	18	7	3	3	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BARE SUBSTRATE	23	10	90	51	49	45	26	1	0	12	0	8	65	51	63	79	70	66	66	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 21. Intertidal Cover within Photoplots in Fall 1993.

CABR AREA I		BARNACLES (% COVER)						ROCKWEED (% COVER)						MUSSELS (% COVER)						GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)						
PHOTOPILOT #		286	292	293	294	299	Avg	287	288	290	291	295	Avg	285	289	296	297	298	Avg	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg
# POINTS SCORED	100	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACORN BARNACLE	10	0	0	13	9	6		4	0	0	0	0		1	1	2	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
THATCHED BARNACLE	21	1	3	0	2	5		0	0	0	0	0		0	1	0	1	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ROCKWEED	0	0	0	0	14	3		46	68	71	40	72		59	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	0	13	0	3		0	0	0	0	0		0	7	1	34	12		9	13					
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	2	1	0	0	1		0	0	0	0	0		0	15	0	24	0		26	13					
OTHER PLANTS	26	76	29	68	13	42		22	26	16	60	26		30	37	74	13	37		38	40					
OTHER ANIMALS	1	2	5	1	0	2		1	0	0	0	0		0	2	1	0	31		0	7					
BARE SUBSTRATE	42	19	62	5	62	38		27	6	13	0	2		10	37	22	28	20		27	27					

CABR AREA II		BARNACLES (% COVER)						ROCKWEED (% COVER)						MUSSELS (% COVER)						GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)						
PHOTOPILOT #		247	248	256	259	260	Avg	249	251	252	258	265	Avg	245	246	253	254	255	Avg	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg
# POINTS SCORED	100	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACORN BARNACLE	0	21	0	8	8	7		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	3		0	0	0	0	0	0	1
THATCHED BARNACLE	3	0	12	1	22	8		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ROCKWEED	0	3	1	3	0	1		58	69	79	83	79		74	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	7	0	0	1		0	0	0	0	0		0	9	10	0	0		0	1	4				
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER PLANTS	43	46	70	51	25	47		37	27	13	12	7		19	66	49	65	80		92	70					
OTHER ANIMALS	4	3	0	20	2	6		0	0	0	0	1		0	1	2	0	0		0	0	1				
BARE SUBSTRATE	50	27	10	17	43	29		5	4	8	5	13		7	24	39	32	20		7	24					

CABR AREA III		BARNACLES (% COVER)						ROCKWEED (% COVER)						MUSSELS (% COVER)						GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)						
PHOTOPILOT #		3	16	20	29	30	Avg	9	10	25	27	28	Avg	12	14	15	17	24	Avg	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg
# POINTS SCORED	100	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACORN BARNACLE	19	12	14	31	26	20		5	0	0	0	0		1	14	5	3	0	15	7						
THATCHED BARNACLE	12	10	8	19	27	15		0	0	0	0	0		0	1	2	16	2		0	4					
ROCKWEED	0	0	0	12	7	4		62	86	63	67	20		60	3	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	1
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0	4	16	17	8		7	10					
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER PLANTS	26	49	11	13	5	21		2	1	36	23	74		27	19	19	4	17		19		16				
OTHER ANIMALS	1	0	3	0	1	1		1	1	0	0	0		0	1	5	5	4		4						
BARE SUBSTRATE	42	29	64	25	35	39		30	12	1	10	6		12	58	53	55	69		58						

Table 22. Intertidal Cover within Photoplots in Spring 1994.

CABR AREA I		BARNACLES (% COVER)				ROCKWEED (% COVER)				MUSSELS (% COVER)				GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)												
PHOTOPLOT #	# POINTS SCORED	286	292	293	294	299	AVG	287	288	290	291	295	AVG	285	289	296	297	298	AVG	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg
ACORN BARNACLE	3	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
THATCHED BARNACLE	32	0	6	11	3	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ROCKWEED	0	0	0	0	0	0	48	46	74	30	52	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	2	0	16	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	33	11	10	16								
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	24	0	21	14								
OTHER PLANTS	9	47	14	65	3	28	22	51	20	69	45	41	38	16	27	34	34	29								
OTHER ANIMALS	14	13	6	0	6	8	0	0	1	0	0	0	5	0	20	0	0	6								
BARE SUBSTRATE	42	38	74	8	87	50	30	3	5	1	3	8	37	27	42	35	35	35								

CABR AREA II		BARNACLES (% COVER)				ROCKWEED (% COVER)				MUSSELS (% COVER)				GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)												
PHOTOPLOT #	# POINTS SCORED	247	248	256	259	260	AVG	249	251	252	258	265	AVG	245	246	253	254	255	AVG	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg
ACORN BARNACLE	0	18	0	3	7	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	12	2	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	
THATCHED BARNACLE	0	6	10	3	19	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ROCKWEED	0	0	2	3	2	1	59	29	65	65	73	58	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	10	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
OTHER PLANTS	67	25	60	34	19	41	27	66	18	25	13	30	70	56	38	50	88	60								
OTHER ANIMALS	4	20	3	31	7	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	7	4	4	4							
BARE SUBSTRATE	29	31	15	26	46	29	14	5	17	10	14	12	14	39	41	44	8	29								

CABR AREA III		BARNACLES (% COVER)				ROCKWEED (% COVER)				MUSSELS (% COVER)				GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)												
PHOTOPLOT #	# POINTS SCORED	3	16	20	29	30	AVG	9	10	25	27	28	AVG	12	14	15	17	24	AVG	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg
ACORN BARNACLE	13	9	11	35	19	17	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	29	5	1	7	9	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
THATCHED BARNACLE	16	15	14	22	27	19	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	
ROCKWEED	0	0	0	10	8	4	78	67	82	80	45	70	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	11	11	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
OTHER PLANTS	2	1	0	15	6	5	12	27	10	13	50	22	12	27	8	11	31	18								
OTHER ANIMALS	3	2	2	1	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	11	1	1	4	5							
BARE SUBSTRATE	66	73	73	17	37	53	6	6	8	7	5	6	51	46	69	81	55	60								

Table 23. Intertidal Cover within Photoplots in Fall 1994.

CABR AREA I		BARNACLES (% COVER)				ROCKWEED (% COVER)				MUSSELS (% COVER)				GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)												
PHOTOLOT #		286	292	293	294	299	AVG	287	288	290	291	295	AVG	285	289	296	297	298	AVG	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg
# POINTS SCORED	100	100	100	100	100	100		100	0	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACORN BARNACLE	5	14	5	0	20	9	2	0	0	1	1	5	2	1	0	2	2									
THATCHED BARNACLE	14	5	4	0	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
ROCKWEED	0	0	0	1	0	1	38	79	28	59	51	0	0	0	0	0	0									
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	4	4	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	38	13	4	12									
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	21	18	29	15									
OTHER PLANTS	51	38	30	94	44	51	16	10	70	37	33	30	74	14	36	31	37									
OTHER ANIMALS	1	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	3	1									
BARE SUBSTRATE	29	43	54	2	33	32	44	11	2	3	15	51	24	26	32	31	33									

CABR AREA II		BARNACLES (% COVER)				ROCKWEED (% COVER)				MUSSELS (% COVER)				GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)												
PHOTOLOT #		247	248	256	259	260	AVG	249	251	252	258	265	AVG	245	246	253	254	255	AVG	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg
# POINTS SCORED	100	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	0	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACORN BARNACLE	0	23	1	12	56	18	0	0	0	3	0	1	1	0	19	5	0	5								
THATCHED BARNACLE	2	3	6	5	17	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
ROCKWEED	0	0	20	3	0	5	70	38	68	63	60	0	0	0	0	0	0									
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	12	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0									
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0									
OTHER PLANTS	15	31	46	51	14	31	27	58	10	23	30	63	60	71	81	93	74									
OTHER ANIMALS	2	0	0	9	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1									
BARE SUBSTRATE	81	43	15	20	13	34	3	4	19	14	10	30	39	10	13	7	20									

CABR AREA III		BARNACLES (% COVER)				ROCKWEED (% COVER)				MUSSELS (% COVER)				GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)												
PHOTOLOT #		3	16	20	29	30	AVG	9	10	25	27	28	AVG	12	14	15	17	24	AVG	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Avg
# POINTS SCORED	100	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACORN BARNACLE	26	19	37	43	37	32	3	0	0	0	0	1	34	45	54	60	47	48								
THATCHED BARNACLE	5	11	12	13	22	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	10	2	5	4								
ROCKWEED	0	0	0	13	0	3	81	90	76	90	31	74	0	0	0	0	0									
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	9	7	0	0	4								
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
OTHER PLANTS	19	33	3	8	3	13	5	4	24	5	66	21	38	12	10	8	5	15								
OTHER ANIMALS	6	9	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	1	0	1									
BARE SUBSTRATE	44	28	48	23	38	36	11	6	0	5	3	5	21	30	16	29	43	28								

Table 24. Intertidal Cover within Photoplots in Spring 1995

CABR AREA I		BARNACLES (% COVER)				ROCKWEED (% COVER)				MUSSELS (% COVER)				GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)												
PHOTOPILOT #	# POINTS SCORED	286	292	293	294	299	AVG	287	288	290	291	295	AVG	285	289	296	297	298	AVG	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	AVG
# POINTS SCORED		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
ACORN BARNACLE	4	4	0	0	30	8	2	0	3	1	1	1	2	0	0	2	3	1	2	6	4	4	0	1	3	
THATCHED BARNACLE	17	0	5	6	3	6	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ROCKWEED	0	0	0	0	0	0	42	56	52	25	41	43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	0	8	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	34	12	4	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	23	17	19	13	1	3	8	3	4	12	5	5
OTHER PLANTS	26	75	30	83	13	45	17	44	26	68	57	42	80	72	24	44	48	54	21	1	9	1	5	4	7	7
OTHER ANIMALS	2	5	4	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	2	1	0	1	2	2	0	1	1	
BARE SUBSTRATE	51	16	61	2	54	37	38	0	18	5	1	12	7	27	18	24	24	20	76	89	77	90	91	81	84	

CABR AREA II		BARNACLES (% COVER)				ROCKWEED (% COVER)				MUSSELS (% COVER)				GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)												
PHOTOPILOT #	# POINTS SCORED	247	248	256	259	260	AVG	249	251	252	258	265	AVG	245	246	253	254	255	AVG	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	AVG
# POINTS SCORED		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
ACORN BARNACLE	2	21	6	9	26	13	0	1	0	2	0	1	1	2	56	0	0	12	0	2	3	1	0	2	1	
THATCHED BARNACLE	1	4	14	4	12	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ROCKWEED	0	0	17	0	8	5	65	59	70	78	72	69	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	10	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	10	7	9	8	10	8	
OTHER PLANTS	91	24	36	42	29	44	10	37	19	5	16	17	80	49	26	85	94	67	8	4	4	4	12	4	6	
OTHER ANIMALS	2	18	1	25	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	1		
BARE SUBSTRATE	4	33	16	20	25	20	25	3	11	15	12	13	11	42	18	15	4	18	89	84	86	85	77	83	84	

CABR AREA III		BARNACLES (% COVER)				ROCKWEED (% COVER)				MUSSELS (% COVER)				GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)												
PHOTOPILOT #	# POINTS SCORED	3	16	20	29	30	AVG	9	10	25	27	28	AVG	12	14	15	17	24	AVG	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	AVG
# POINTS SCORED		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
ACORN BARNACLE	11	27	59	42	47	37	4	0	0	1	4	2	70	43	78	89	59	68	10	20	8	3	36	39	19	
THATCHED BARNACLE	3	1	11	18	25	12	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	7	1	12	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ROCKWEED	0	0	0	12	8	4	67	88	60	86	83	77	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
GOOSE BARNACLE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	6	4	2	2	3	
OTHER PLANTS	34	31	0	1	13	14	7	39	4	3	13	10	5	0	0	1	3	10	0	0	11	5	0	4		
OTHER ANIMALS	6	11	3	0	14	7	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	3	2	3	2	0	0	0	2	1	0	1		
BARE SUBSTRATE	46	30	27	5	27	14	5	1	8	10	8	15	47	8	8	25	21	77	77	86	80	56	59	73		

Table 25. Intertidal Cover within Photoplots in Fall 1995.

CABR AREA I		BARNACLES (% COVER)					ROCKWEED (% COVER)					MUSSELS (% COVER)					GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)				
PHOTOPILOT #	286 292 293 294 299 AVG	287 288 290 291 295 AVG	285 289 296 297 298 AVG	P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 P6 AVG																	
# POINTS SCORED	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100				
ACORN BARNACLE	6 0 0 0 14	4 2 0 0 0	0 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 1 0	1			
THATCHED BARNACLE	11 1 2 1 2	3 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0			
ROCKWEED	0 0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	56 74 69 35 71	61 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0			
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0 1 0 7 0	2 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0			
GOOSE BARNACLE	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0			
OTHER PLANTS	19 71 20 90 17	43 9 25 20 59	28 28 28 28 78	82 8 29 40 47	12 2 4 0 3	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	4			
OTHER ANIMALS	0 2 5 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	1			
BARE SUBSTRATE	64 25 72 2 67	46 33 1 10 5	1 10 5 1 10	11 17 30 37 27	24 24 84 89 85	86 90 87	87														
CABR AREA II		BARNACLES (% COVER)					ROCKWEED (% COVER)					MUSSELS (% COVER)					GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)				
PHOTOPILOT #	247 248 256 259 260 AVG	249 251 252 258 265 AVG	245 246 253 254 255 AVG	P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 P6 AVG																	
# POINTS SCORED	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100				
ACORN BARNACLE	0 18 2 6 24	10 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0			
THATCHED BARNACLE	1 4 2 9 16	6 0 0 0 0	6 0 0 0 0	6 0 0 0 0	6 0 0 0 0	6 0 0 0 0	6 0 0 0 0	6 0 0 0 0	6 0 0 0 0	6 0 0 0 0	6 0 0 0 0	6 0 0 0 0	6 0 0 0 0	6 0 0 0 0	6 0 0 0 0	6 0 0 0 0	6 0 0 0 0	0			
ROCKWEED	0 0 21 5 1	5 79 54 92 77	77 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0			
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0 0 8 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0			
GOOSE BARNACLE	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0			
OTHER PLANTS	6 15 38 23 5	17 17 46 8 13	19 82 67 43 85	98 75 4 5 0	3 3 3 3 0	3 1 1 1 0	3 0 0 0 0	3 0 0 0 0	3 0 0 0 0	3 0 0 0 0	3 0 0 0 0	3 0 0 0 0	3 0 0 0 0	3 0 0 0 0	3 0 0 0 0	3 0 0 0 0	3 0 0 0 0	4			
OTHER ANIMALS	1 1 0 1 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0			
BARE SUBSTRATE	92 62 29 56 54	59 4 0 0 10	5 4 0 0 10	5 4 15 32 36	15 0 20 89 81	93 80 72 84 83	83														
CABR AREA III		BARNACLES (% COVER)					ROCKWEED (% COVER)					MUSSELS (% COVER)					GOOSE BARNACLE (% COVER)				
PHOTOPILOT #	3 16 20 29 30 AVG	9 10 25 27 28 AVG	12 14 15 17 24 AVG	12 14 15 17 24 AVG	12 14 15 17 24 AVG	12 14 15 17 24 AVG	12 14 15 17 24 AVG	12 14 15 17 24 AVG	12 14 15 17 24 AVG	12 14 15 17 24 AVG	12 14 15 17 24 AVG	12 14 15 17 24 AVG	12 14 15 17 24 AVG	12 14 15 17 24 AVG	12 14 15 17 24 AVG	12 14 15 17 24 AVG	P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 P6 AVG				
# POINTS SCORED	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100				
ACORN BARNACLE	8 12 6 12 10	10 3 0 1 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	21 46 24				
THATCHED BARNACLE	0 1 9 13 20	9 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0			
ROCKWEED	0 0 14 14 6	6 75 92 84 93	67 82 3 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0			
CALIFORNIA MUSSEL	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0			
GOOSE BARNACLE	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0			
OTHER PLANTS	53 49 6 6 9	25 5 7 15 4	31 12 13 8 8	1 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	2			
OTHER ANIMALS	0 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	1			
BARE SUBSTRATE	39 38 78 55 47	51 17 1 0 3	2 5 62 67 63	49 59 60	70 70 70 70 70	62 62 62 62 62	84 84 84 84 84	78 78 78 78 78	53 53 53 53 53	69 69 69 69 69	87 87 87 87 87	83 83 83 83 83	80 80 80 80 80	72 72 72 72 72	84 84 84 84 84	83 83 83 83 83	80 80 80 80 80				

Table 26. Density and Size Distribution of Goose Barnacle Clumps in Spring 1990.

AREA CM ²	CABR AREA I TRANSECTS					CABR AREA II TRANSECTS					CABR AREA III TRANSECTS				
	276	278	281	ALL	%	273	274	275	ALL	%	22	23	269	ALL	%
5	35	39	19	93	30	8	3	12	23	17	18	0	0	18	25
10	9	16	11	36	12	11	5	10	26	19	6	1	1	8	11
15	8	17	8	33	11	11	2	8	21	15	5	0	1	6	8
20	12	8	10	30	10	3	2	3	8	6	2	1	2	5	7
25	0	3	2	5	2	2	1	2	5	4	0	0	0	0	0
30	6	8	2	16	5	2	2	4	8	6	4	0	1	5	7
35	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
40	3	6	1	10	3	1	1	1	3	2	1	1	2	4	5
45	1	2	2	5	2	0	1	2	3	2	0	0	0	0	0
50	0	2	0	2	1	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	1	1	1
55	2	3	2	7	2	1	1	0	2	1	1	0	0	1	1
60	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
65	4	3	3	10	3	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
70	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
75	0	2	0	2	1	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
80	2	1	2	5	2	3	2	0	5	4	1	0	0	1	1
85	0	3	1	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
90	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
95	4	1	0	5	2	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
100	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
105	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
110	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
115	1	1	0	2	1	2	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	2	3
120	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1
125	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
130	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
135	1	2	1	4	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
140	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
145	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
150	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
155	3	3	0	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
160	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
165	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
170	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
175	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
180	1	1	1	3	1	0	2	2	4	3	0	1	1	2	3
185	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
190	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
195	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
200	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
205	2	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
210	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
215	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
220	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
225	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
230	2	0	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
235	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
240	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
245	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
250	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
255	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
260	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
265	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
270	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
275	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
280	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
285	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 26. Density and Size Distribution of Goose Barnacle Clumps in Spring 1990.

AREA CM ²	CABR AREA I TRANSECTS					CABR AREA II TRANSECTS					CABR AREA III TRANSECTS				
	276	278	281	ALL	%	273	274	275	ALL	%	22	23	269	ALL	%
290	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
295	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
300	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
305	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
310	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
315	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1
320	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
325	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
330	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
335	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
340	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
345	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
350	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
355	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
360	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
365	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
370	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
375	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
380	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
385	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
390	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
395	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
400	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
405	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
410	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
415	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
420	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
425	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
430	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
435	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
440	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
445	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
450	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
455	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
460	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
465	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
470	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
475	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
480	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
485	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
490	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
495	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1
500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
>500	2	0	0	2	1	0	3	0	3	2	2	0	1	3	4
# CLUMPS	111	130	71	312	100	53	37	48	138	100	47	10	16	73	100
AREA SUM	7745	5080	3306	16131		2130	6568	1816	10514		3185	1373	3320	7778	
MIN SIZE	1	1	1	1		1	3	1	1		1	7	7	1	
MAX SIZE	707	491	392	707		450	1385	319	1385		714	314	616	714	
MEAN	70	39	47	52		40	178	38	76		68	137	201	107	
ST DEV	120	69	86	94		70	320	75	186		149	101	216	168	
% COVER	8%	5%	3%	5%		2%	7%	2%	4%		3%	1%	3%	3%	

Table 27. Density and Size Distribution of Goose Barnacle Clumps in Fall 1990.

AREA CM ²	CABR AREA I TRANSECTS					CABR AREA II TRANSECTS					CABR AREA III TRANSECTS				
	276	278	281	ALL	%	273	274	275	ALL	%	22	23	269	ALL	%
5	5	2	12	19	10	23	12	4	39	23	0	0	0	0	0
10	9	9	9	27	14	14	2	1	17	10	1	0	1	2	6
15	4	9	7	20	11	17	2	5	24	14	1	0	0	1	3
20	1	2	8	11	6	10	2	4	16	9	0	0	3	3	8
25	0	2	0	2	1	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	1	3
30	7	4	9	20	11	7	4	2	13	8	0	0	0	0	0
35	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
40	2	1	2	5	3	2	3	4	9	5	1	0	0	1	3
45	0	1	0	1	1	2	1	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0
50	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	1	1	3
55	7	4	1	12	6	2	3	1	6	4	1	0	0	1	3
60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
65	3	3	1	7	4	0	5	0	5	3	0	0	0	0	0
70	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
75	0	4	0	4	2	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
80	2	4	2	8	4	1	2	1	4	2	0	0	0	0	0
85	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
90	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
95	5	1	1	7	4	1	3	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0
100	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
105	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
110	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
115	2	1	1	4	2	3	1	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0
120	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
125	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
130	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
135	4	1	0	5	3	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	3
140	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
145	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
150	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	3
155	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
160	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
165	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
170	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
175	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
180	1	2	1	4	2	1	0	1	2	1	1	0	0	1	3
185	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
190	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
195	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
200	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
205	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
210	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
215	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
220	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
225	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
230	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
235	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
240	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
245	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
250	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
255	2	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	3
260	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
265	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
270	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
275	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
280	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
285	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	3

Table 27. Density and Size Distribution of Goose Barnacle Clumps in Fall 1990.

AREA CM ²	CABR AREA I TRANSECTS					CABR AREA II TRANSECTS					CABR AREA III TRANSECTS				
	276	278	281	ALL	%	273	274	275	ALL	%	22	23	269	ALL	%
290	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
295	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
300	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
305	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
310	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
315	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	3
320	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
325	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
330	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
335	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
340	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	3
345	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
350	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
355	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
360	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
365	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
370	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
375	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
380	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
385	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
390	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
395	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
400	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
405	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
410	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
415	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
420	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	6
425	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
430	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
435	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
440	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
445	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
450	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
455	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
460	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
465	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
470	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
475	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
480	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
485	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
490	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
495	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	3
>500	2	1	1	4	2	0	1	0	1	1	3	7	6	16	44
# CLUMPS	68	60	59	187	100	92	51	28	171	100	15	8	13	36	100
AREA SUM	8211	4599	2806	15615		2681	3640	1551	7872		6908	7360	7431	21699	
MIN SIZE	1	2	1	1		1	1	3	1		8	314	8	8	
MAX SIZE	900	525	589	900		408	962	314	962		3318	2827	2827	3318	
MEAN	121	77	48	84		29	71	55	46		461	920	572	603	
ST DEV	173	108	95	135		52	138	79	92		817	803	795	803	
% COVER	8%	5%	3%	5%		3%	4%	2%	3%		7%	7%	7%	7%	

Table 28. Density and Size Distribution of Goose Barnacle Clumps in Spring 1991.

AREA CM ²	CABR AREA I TRANSECTS					CABR AREA II TRANSECTS					CABR AREA III TRANSECTS				
	276	278	281	ALL	%	273	274	275	ALL	%	22	23	269	ALL	%
5	20	29	16	65	26	77	16	16	109	47	11	4	0	15	19
10	6	9	11	26	10	12	5	4	21	9	7	1	2	10	13
15	8	10	9	27	11	21	4	4	29	12	2	1	2	5	6
20	2	11	7	20	8	7	4	5	16	7	0	0	1	1	1
25	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
30	4	5	2	11	4	3	2	1	6	3	4	0	2	6	8
35	1	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	1	1
40	3	5	3	11	4	5	2	2	9	4	3	0	0	3	4
45	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	2	1	1	0	2	3	4
50	0	1	1	2	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
55	2	10	0	12	5	2	3	1	6	3	0	2	1	3	4
60	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
65	4	7	2	13	5	1	2	0	3	1	2	0	0	2	3
70	2	0	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
80	4	3	3	10	4	1	5	1	7	3	0	0	0	0	0
85	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
90	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
95	2	1	0	3	1	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
100	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
105	0	2	0	2	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1
110	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
115	2	1	0	3	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1
120	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
125	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
130	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
135	3	2	0	5	2	0	2	0	2	1	1	1	0	2	3
140	0	2	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	3
145	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
150	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
155	1	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	3	1	2	1	0	3	4
160	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
165	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
170	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
175	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
180	1	1	0	2	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
185	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
190	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
195	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
200	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	2	1	0	1	0	1	1
205	2	1	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
210	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
215	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
220	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
225	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
230	1	1	1	3	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1
235	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1
240	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
245	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
250	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
255	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
260	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
265	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
270	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
275	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
280	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
285	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1

Table 28. Density and Size Distribution of Goose Barnacle Clumps in Spring 1991.

AREA CM ²	CABR AREA I TRANSECTS					CABR AREA II TRANSECTS					CABR AREA III TRANSECTS				
	276	278	281	ALL	%	273	274	275	ALL	%	22	23	269	ALL	%
290	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
295	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
300	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	3
305	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
310	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
315	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
320	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
325	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
330	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
335	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
340	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
345	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
350	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
355	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
360	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
365	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
370	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
375	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
380	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
385	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
390	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
395	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
400	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
405	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
410	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1
415	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
420	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
425	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
430	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
435	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
440	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
445	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
450	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
455	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
460	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
465	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
470	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
475	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
480	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
485	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
490	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
495	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
>500	2	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	3	4	5
# CLUMPS	80	110	61	251	100	141	53	40	234	100	39	18	20	77	100
AREA SUM	6430	5190	2283	13903		2677	3367	1393	7437		2561	1977	4600	9138	
MIN SIZE	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1		1	1	6	1	
MAX SIZE	660	452	420	660		408	908	227	908		715	296	1810	1810	
MEAN	80	47	37	55		19	64	35	32		66	110	230	119	
ST DEV	117	70	73	90		47	136	59	80		132	107	407	240	
% COVER	6%	5%	2%	5%		3%	3%	1%	2%		3%	2%	5%	3%	

Table 29. Density and Size Distribution of Goose Barnacle Clumps in Fall 1991.

AREA CM^2	CABR AREA I TRANSECTS					CABR AREA II TRANSECTS					CABR AREA III TRANSECTS				
	276	278	281	ALL	%	273	274	275	ALL	%	22	23	269	ALL	%
5	21	20	13	54	25	36	5	11	52	31	13	4	1	18	28
10	9	6	7	22	10	18	8	5	31	18	3	1	0	4	6
15	8	13	8	29	14	9	6	2	17	10	2	0	3	5	8
20	1	6	4	11	5	10	3	0	13	8	2	0	2	4	6
25	1	2	0	3	1	6	2	1	9	5	0	0	0	0	0
30	2	3	3	8	4	2	2	3	7	4	2	1	0	3	5
35	1	1	0	2	1	1	0	1	2	1	1	0	0	1	2
40	2	5	3	10	5	3	2	1	6	4	1	1	0	2	3
45	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	2	1	0	0	1	1	2
50	2	2	0	4	2	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	2
55	2	2	2	6	3	4	1	3	8	5	0	1	0	1	2
60	1	1	0	2	1	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
65	1	3	1	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
70	2	0	1	3	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	2
75	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
80	2	2	3	7	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2
85	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
90	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
95	1	0	1	2	1	0	1	0	1	1	2	0	0	2	3
100	2	0	0	2	1	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	1	1	2
105	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
110	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
115	0	1	1	2	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
120	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2
125	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
130	1	2	0	3	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
135	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
140	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
145	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
150	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	2
155	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
160	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
165	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2
170	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	2
175	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
180	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	3
185	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
190	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
195	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
200	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
205	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
210	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2
215	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
220	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
225	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2
230	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
235	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
240	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
245	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2
250	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
255	2	1	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
260	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
265	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
270	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2
275	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
280	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
285	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 29. Density and Size Distribution of Goose Barnacle Clumps in Fall 1991.

AREA CM^2	CABR AREA I TRANSECTS					CABR AREA II TRANSECTS					CABR AREA III TRANSECTS				
	276	278	281	ALL	%	273	274	275	ALL	%	22	23	269	ALL	%
290	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
295	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
300	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
305	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
310	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
315	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2
320	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
325	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
330	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
335	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
340	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
345	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
350	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
355	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
360	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	3
365	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
370	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
375	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2
380	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
385	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
390	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
395	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
400	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
405	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
410	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
415	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
420	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
425	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
430	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
435	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
440	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
445	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
450	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
455	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
460	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
465	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
470	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
475	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
480	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
485	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
490	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
495	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
500	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
>500	5	1	0	6	3	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	2	3	5
# CLUMPS	76	84	53	213	100	95	41	34	170	100	35	13	16	64	100
AREA SUM	7000	4464	2571	14035		2009	2513	1506	6027		2345	1499	3945	7789	
MIN SIZE	1	1	3	1		1	1	1	1		1	1	3	1	
MAX SIZE	735	600	462	735		319	578	304	578		675	375	1590	1590	
MEAN	92	53	49	66		21	61	44	35		67	115	247	122	
ST DEV	162	86	85	120		42	107	72	71		127	141	414	243	
% COVER	7%	4%	3%	5%		2%	3%	2%	2%		2%	1%	4%	3%	

Table 30. Density and Size Distribution of Goose Barnacle Clumps in Spring 1992.

AREA CM^2	CABR AREA I TRANSECTS					CABR AREA II TRANSECTS					CABR AREA III TRANSECTS				
	276	278	281	ALL	%	273	274	275	ALL	%	22	23	269	ALL	%
5	41	48	44	133	40	69	23	18	110	46	25	3	0	28	30
10	13	22	13	48	14	14	9	4	27	11	16	3	0	19	20
15	8	10	3	21	6	13	4	3	20	8	4	0	1	5	5
20	6	3	4	13	4	7	2	3	12	5	3	1	3	7	8
25	4	4	2	10	3	2	1	3	6	3	0	1	0	1	1
30	4	8	4	16	5	7	3	1	11	5	0	0	0	0	0
35	4	2	2	8	2	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
40	5	6	1	12	4	3	0	2	5	2	0	0	0	0	0
45	1	1	2	4	1	1	1	1	3	1	0	0	2	2	2
50	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0
55	1	3	2	6	2	1	2	0	3	1	0	1	1	2	2
60	0	1	1	2	1	1	3	1	5	2	0	0	1	1	1
65	1	2	0	3	1	2	1	1	4	2	0	0	0	0	0
70	0	0	2	2	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
75	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
80	3	3	1	7	2	2	0	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0
85	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
90	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1
95	1	1	0	2	1	1	1	0	2	1	2	0	0	2	2
100	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
105	1	0	1	2	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	2	2
110	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
115	1	1	1	3	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1
120	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
125	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
130	4	1	0	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
135	3	0	1	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	2
140	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
145	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
150	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
155	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
160	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
165	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
170	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
175	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
180	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1
185	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
190	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1
195	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1
200	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
205	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
210	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
215	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
220	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
225	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
230	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
235	1	1	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
240	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
245	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
250	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
255	1	2	1	4	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
260	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
265	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
270	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
275	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
280	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
285	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 30. Density and Size Distribution of Goose Barnacle Clumps in Spring 1992.

AREA CM^2	CABR AREA I TRANSECTS					CABR AREA II TRANSECTS					CABR AREA III TRANSECTS				
	276	278	281	ALL	%	273	274	275	ALL	%	22	23	269	ALL	%
290	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
295	2	1	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
300	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
305	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
310	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
315	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
320	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
325	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
330	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
335	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
340	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
345	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
350	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
355	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
360	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
365	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
370	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
375	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	2
380	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
385	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
390	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
395	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
400	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
405	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
410	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
415	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
420	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
425	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
430	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
435	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
440	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
445	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
450	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
455	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
460	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
465	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
470	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
475	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
480	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
485	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
490	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
495	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
>500	3	0	1	4	1	1	1	0	2	1	1	3	2	6	6
# CLUMPS	120	125	90	335	100	135	59	44	238	100	60	14	19	93	100
AREA SUM	8620	3779	3116	15514		3482	3873	1745	9099		3406	3142	5701	12249	
MIN SIZE	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1		1	1	15	1	
MAX SIZE	882	294	527	882		858	1748	315	1748		1200	988	2576	2576	
MEAN	72	30	35	46		26	66	40	38		57	224	300	132	
ST DEV	145	55	81	104		82	231	73	134		167	358	585	337	
% COVER	9%	4%	3%	5%		3%	4%	2%	3%		3%	3%	6%	4%	

Table 31. Density and Size Distribution of Goose Barnacle Clumps in June 1992.

AREA CM ²	CABR AREA I TRANSECTS					CABR AREA II TRANSECTS					CABR AREA III TRANSECTS				
	276	278	281	ALL	%	273	274	275	ALL	%	22	23	269	ALL	%
5	50	62	40	152	42	47	99	45	191	56	29	3	7	39	40
10	16	24	10	50	14	22	14	7	43	13	6	4	3	13	13
15	7	12	9	28	8	13	5	1	19	6	3	0	0	3	3
20	4	9	4	17	5	8	4	3	15	4	4	1	1	6	6
25	1	3	1	5	1	5	2	2	9	3	0	0	0	0	0
30	2	5	6	13	4	0	5	7	12	4	0	0	0	0	0
35	4	2	0	6	2	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
40	3	4	1	8	2	4	1	0	5	1	0	1	2	3	3
45	0	4	1	5	1	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	1	1
50	4	3	1	8	2	2	1	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0
55	0	1	2	3	1	2	0	1	3	1	0	0	1	1	1
60	0	4	2	6	2	2	1	2	5	1	0	0	0	0	0
65	0	2	0	2	1	1	3	0	4	1	1	0	0	1	1
70	1	2	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
75	1	3	1	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
80	1	0	1	2	1	0	2	0	2	1	0	2	1	3	3
85	1	0	1	2	1	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
90	2	3	2	7	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
95	1	1	0	2	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
100	0	2	0	2	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1
105	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
110	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
115	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
120	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	2	4	1	0	0	0	0	0
125	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
130	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
135	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
140	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
145	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1
150	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	2
155	1	1	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
160	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
165	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
170	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
175	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
180	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
185	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
190	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
195	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
200	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
205	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
210	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1
215	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
220	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
225	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
230	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
235	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	3
240	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
245	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
250	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
255	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	1	1	1	0	2	2
260	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
265	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
270	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
275	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
280	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
285	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 31. Density and Size Distribution of Goose Barnacle Clumps in June 1992.

AREA CM ²	CABR AREA I TRANSECTS					CABR AREA II TRANSECTS					CABR AREA III TRANSECTS				
	276	278	281	ALL	%	273	274	275	ALL	%	22	23	269	ALL	%
290	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
295	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
300	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
305	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
310	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	2
315	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
320	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
325	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
330	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
335	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
340	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
345	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
350	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
355	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
360	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
365	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
370	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
375	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
380	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
385	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
390	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
395	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
400	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
405	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
410	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
415	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
420	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
425	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
430	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
435	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
440	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
445	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
450	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
455	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
460	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
465	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
470	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
475	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
480	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
485	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
490	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
495	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
500	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
>500	3	0	1	4	1	1	1	0	2	1	1	2	1	4	4
# CLUMPS	119	156	89	364	100	120	147	72	339	100	53	19	25	97	100
AREA SUM	7465	4817	3384	15666		3480	3583	1270	8333		2761	3359	4213	10333	
MIN SIZE	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1		1	2	1	1	
MAX SIZE	635	403	626	635		560	1008	224	1008		910	861	1728	1728	
MEAN	63	31	38	43		29	24	18	25		52	177	169	107	
ST DEV	130	57	93	96		69	93	40	76		139	239	352	236	
% COVER	7%	5%	3%	5%		3%	4%	1%	3%		3%	3%	4%	3%	

Table 32. Density and Size Distribution of Goose Barnacle Clumps in Fall 1992.

AREA CM ²	AREA I TRANSECTS					AREA II TRANSECTS					AREA III TRANSECTS				
	276	278	281	ALL	%	273	274	275	ALL	%	22	23	269	ALL	%
5	34	69	36	139	42	36	74	45	155	56	12	6	7	25	31
10	13	22	15	50	15	12	13	5	30	11	7	2	3	12	15
15	5	11	5	21	6	6	10	4	20	7	0	3	1	4	5
20	4	6	4	14	4	2	1	2	5	2	0	1	0	1	1
25	3	4	3	10	3	3	3	4	10	4	0	0	1	1	1
30	4	5	1	10	3	4	1	0	5	2	1	2	1	4	5
35	1	2	0	3	1	1	0	2	3	1	0	1	0	1	1
40	2	10	1	13	4	5	3	2	10	4	0	1	0	1	1
45	0	2	1	3	1	2	0	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0
50	0	2	2	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
55	1	4	1	6	2	2	1	0	3	1	0	1	1	2	2
60	0	1	1	2	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	2	2
65	2	1	1	4	1	2	2	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	0
70	1	0	1	2	1	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
75	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
80	0	1	1	2	1	3	1	0	4	1	1	0	0	1	1
85	1	0	2	3	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
90	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	2	2
95	1	3	0	4	1	2	2	0	4	1	1	0	0	1	1
100	0	0	2	2	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
105	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
110	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
115	5	4	0	9	3	0	2	1	3	1	0	0	1	1	1
120	3	1	0	4	1	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
125	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
130	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
135	1	1	0	2	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1
140	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
145	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
150	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
155	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
160	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
165	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
170	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
175	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
180	2	0	2	4	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
185	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
190	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
195	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
200	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
205	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
210	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	3	4
215	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
220	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
225	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
230	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1
235	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
240	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
245	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
250	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
255	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
260	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
265	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
270	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
275	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
280	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
285	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
290	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
295	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
300	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
305	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
310	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
315	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
320	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 32. Density and Size Distribution of Goose Barnacle Clumps in Fall 1992.

AREA CM ²	AREA I TRANSECTS					AREA II TRANSECTS					AREA III TRANSECTS				
	276	278	281	ALL	%	273	274	275	ALL	%	22	23	269	ALL	%
325	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
330	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
335	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
340	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
345	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
350	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
355	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
360	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
365	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
370	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
375	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
380	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
385	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
390	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2
395	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
400	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
405	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
410	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
415	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
420	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	2
425	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
430	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
435	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
440	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
445	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
450	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
455	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
460	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
465	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
470	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
475	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
480	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
485	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
490	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
495	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
500	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
>500	2	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	2	1	2	1	2	5	6
# CLUMPS	95	156	83	334	100	90	120	69	279	100	31	23	27	81	100
AREA SUM	7303	4330	2671	14304		3404	3295	995	7694		3637	2642	4647	10926	
MIN SIZE	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	
MAX SIZE	1290	300	408	1290		585	884	204	884		1248	531	1728	1728	
MEAN	77	28	32	43		38	27	14	28		117	115	172	135	
ST DEV	187	51	66	113		85	93	32	79		250	179	359	274	
% COVER	7%	4%	3%	5%		3%	3%	1%	3%		4%	3%	5%	4%	

Table 33. Density and Size Distribution of Goose Barnacle Clumps in Spring 1993.

AREA CM ²	AREA I TRANSECTS					AREA II TRANSECTS					AREA III TRANSECTS				
	276	278	281	ALL	%	273	274	275	ALL	%	22	23	269	ALL	%
5	43	80	20	143	42	65	43	30	138	49	12	6	3	21	26
10	16	21	9	46	14	17	31	4	52	18	11	1	2	14	17
15	6	7	9	22	6	8	9	2	19	7	0	3	0	3	4
20	7	9	5	21	6	2	2	1	5	2	1	1	0	2	2
25	1	5	1	7	2	5	2	2	9	3	1	1	0	2	2
30	6	7	4	17	5	3	4	1	8	3	0	1	1	2	2
35	0	2	0	2	1	2	5	2	9	3	0	0	0	0	0
40	5	7	0	12	4	2	1	2	5	2	0	1	2	3	4
45	0	1	0	1	0	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
50	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	3	1	0	1	1	2	2
55	1	0	2	3	1	1	0	2	3	1	0	0	0	0	0
60	0	1	1	2	1	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	1	1
65	3	2	0	5	1	2	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	1	1
70	2	1	0	3	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
80	1	0	1	2	1	4	2	0	6	2	1	0	1	2	2
85	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
90	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
95	1	0	1	2	1	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
100	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
105	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
110	1	3	1	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
115	2	0	1	3	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1
120	0	2	2	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	3	4
125	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
130	1	1	1	3	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
135	4	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
140	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
145	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
150	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
155	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
160	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
165	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
170	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
175	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
180	1	1	1	3	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
185	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
190	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
195	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
200	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
205	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
210	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
215	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
220	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
225	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
230	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
235	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
240	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
245	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
250	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
255	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
260	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
265	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
270	1	1	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
275	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
280	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
285	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
290	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
295	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
300	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
305	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
310	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
315	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1
320	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 33. Density and Size Distribution of Goose Barnacle Clumps in Spring 1993.

AREA CM ²	AREA I TRANSECTS					AREA II TRANSECTS					AREA III TRANSECTS				
	276	278	281	ALL	%	273	274	275	ALL	%	22	23	269	ALL	%
325	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2
330	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
335	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
340	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
345	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
350	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
355	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
360	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
365	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
370	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
375	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
380	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
385	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
390	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
395	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
400	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
405	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
410	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
415	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
420	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
425	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
430	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
435	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
440	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
445	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
450	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
455	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
460	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
465	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
470	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
475	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
480	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
485	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
490	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
495	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
>500	2	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	2	1	1	4	3	8	10
# CLUMPS	118	157	65	340	100	121	111	52	284	100	38	22	22	82	100
AREA SUM	6730	3759	2872	13361		3426	3304	1062	7792		3605	3525	5259	12389	
MIN SIZE	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	
MAX SIZE	594	324	336	594		684	616	154	684		1113	680	1862	1862	
MEAN	57	24	44	39		28	30	20	27		95	160	239	151	
ST DEV	103	50	71	77		82	79	35	74		203	242	406	283	
% COVER	7%	4%	3%	4%		3%	3%	1%	3%		4%	4%	5%	4%	

Table 34. Density and Size Distribution of Goose Barnacle Clumps in Fall 1993.

AREA CM ²	AREA I TRANSECTS					AREA II TRANSECTS					AREA III TRANSECTS				
	276	278	281	ALL	%	273	274	275	ALL	%	22	23	269	ALL	%
5	30	48	31	109	38	38	36	11	85	42	4	2	0	6	11
10	15	18	15	48	17	17	15	6	38	19	5	3	1	9	17
15	10	10	5	25	9	7	5	2	14	7	2	2	0	4	7
20	4	5	6	15	5	8	0	1	9	4	0	0	0	0	0
25	1	3	1	5	2	4	3	0	7	3	0	1	0	1	2
30	3	3	4	10	3	5	0	0	5	2	0	0	2	2	4
35	0	4	2	6	2	1	3	1	5	2	0	0	0	0	0
40	1	6	2	9	3	2	1	3	6	3	0	0	2	2	4
45	1	2	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	4
50	1	2	0	3	1	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
55	1	1	1	3	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
60	1	1	1	3	1	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
65	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	2	4
70	3	1	0	4	1	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
75	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
80	1	2	1	4	1	3	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0
85	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2
90	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	2	1	1	0	0	1	2
95	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
100	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0
105	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
110	0	1	1	2	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
115	2	0	1	3	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
120	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	3	1	1	0	0	1	2
125	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
130	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
135	5	0	0	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2
140	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
145	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
150	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
155	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
160	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
165	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2
170	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
175	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
180	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
185	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
190	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
195	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
200	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
205	2	0	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
210	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
215	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
220	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
225	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
230	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
235	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2
240	1	1	0	2	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	2	4
245	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
250	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
255	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
260	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
265	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2
270	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
275	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
280	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2
285	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
290	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
295	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
300	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	5	9
305	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
310	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
315	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
320	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 34. Density and Size Distribution of Goose Barnacle Clumps in Fall 1993.

AREA CM ²	AREA I TRANSECTS					AREA II TRANSECTS					AREA III TRANSECTS				
	276	278	281	ALL	%	273	274	275	ALL	%	22	23	269	ALL	%
325	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
330	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
335	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
340	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
345	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
350	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
355	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
360	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
365	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
370	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
375	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
380	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
385	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
390	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
395	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
400	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
405	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
410	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
415	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
420	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
425	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
430	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
435	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
440	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
445	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
450	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
455	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
460	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
465	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
470	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
475	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
480	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
485	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
490	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
495	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2
>500	1	0	1	2	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	4	2	7	13
# CLUMPS	97	111	80	290	100	96	76	30	202	100	21	16	17	54	100
AREA SUM	6209	2945	2788	11942		3104	3487	827	7418		3092	3024	4761	10877	
MIN SIZE	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1		3	3	8	3	
MAX SIZE	646	377	512	646		464	924	192	924		1127	616	1520	1520	
MEAN	64	26	35	41		32	46	28	37		147	189	280	201	
ST DEV	108	57	77	83		75	130	42	98		261	247	398	266	
% COVER	6%	3%	3%	4%		3%	3%	1%	2%		3%	3%	5%	4%	

Table 35. Density and Size Distribution of Goose Barnacle Clumps in Spring 1994.

AREA CM ²	AREA I TRANSECTS					AREA II TRANSECTS					AREA III TRANSECTS				
	276	278	281	ALL	%	273	274	275	ALL	%	22	23	269	ALL	%
5	46	50	45	143	44	31	52	5	88	48	14	3	5	22	28
10	20	13	11	45	14	13	13	4	30	16	9	4	1	14	18
15	6	11	11	28	9	4	6	2	12	7	5	3	0	8	10
20	6	9	3	19	6	2	3	1	6	3	0	0	1	1	1
25	3	1	7	11	3	1	3	1	5	3	0	0	0	0	0
30	2	8	2	12	4	1	4	0	5	3	0	0	1	1	1
35	1	1	0	2	1	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	1	1
40	3	4	0	7	2	3	0	3	6	3	1	2	2	5	6
45	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
50	1	3	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
55	3	2	1	6	2	0	0	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0
60	1	0	1	2	1	2	1	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0
65	0	2	1	3	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
70	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	2	1	0	1	1	2	3
75	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
80	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
85	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
90	1	2	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
100	0	0	3	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
105	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
110	1	2	0	3	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
115	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
120	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
125	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
130	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
135	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
140	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
145	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
150	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
155	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
160	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
165	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
170	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
175	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
180	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
185	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
190	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
195	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
200	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
205	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
210	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
215	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
220	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
225	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
230	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
235	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
240	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
245	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
250	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
255	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
260	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
265	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
270	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
275	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
280	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
285	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
290	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
295	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
300	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3
305	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
310	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
315	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
320	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 35. Density and Size Distribution of Goose Barnacle Clumps in Spring 1994.

AREA CM ²	AREA I TRANSECTS					AREA II TRANSECTS					AREA III TRANSECTS				
	276	278	281	ALL	%	273	274	275	ALL	%	22	23	269	ALL	%
325	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
330	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
335	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
340	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
345	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
350	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
355	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
360	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
365	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
370	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
375	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
380	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
385	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
390	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
395	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
400	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
405	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
410	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
415	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
420	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
425	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
430	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
435	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
440	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
445	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
450	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
455	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
460	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
465	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
470	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
475	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
480	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
485	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
490	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
495	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
>500	2	0	0	2	1	2	1	0	3	2	2	1	2	5	6
# CLUMPS	115	119	92	326	100	68	92	22	182	100	39	20	21	80	100
AREA SUM	6416	3527	2270	12213		3212	3696	880	7778		3141	2486	4341	10489	
MIN SIZE	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	
MAX SIZE	1386	392	274	1386		682	1120	237	1120		774	595	1326	1326	
MEAN	56	30	25	37		47	40	40	43		81	124	207	131	
ST DEV	151	64	51	102		131	137	61	127		170	182	316	249	
% COVER	6%	4%	2%	4%		3%	4%	1%	3%		3%	2%	4%	3%	

Table 36. Density and Size Distribution of Goose Barnacle Clumps in Fall 1994.

AREA CM ²	AREA I TRANSECTS					AREA II TRANSECTS					AREA III TRANSECTS				
	276	278	281	ALL	%	273	274	275	ALL	%	22	23	269	ALL	%
5	10	9	17	36	22	14	17	5	36	26	3	1	2	6	11
10	13	3	10	26	16	9	8	4	21	15	4	3	1	8	14
15	4	8	6	18	11	1	8	2	11	8	4	2	1	7	13
20	3	3	5	11	7	11	5	1	17	12	4	0	1	5	9
25	1	2	1	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2
30	1	8	4	13	8	4	1	0	5	4	2	1	0	3	5
35	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
40	1	3	1	5	3	1	9	2	12	9	0	0	1	1	2
45	2	1	0	3	2	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
50	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	1	2
55	0	1	2	3	2	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
60	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
65	1	2	0	3	2	1	1	2	4	3	0	1	0	1	2
70	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
75	1	1	0	2	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
80	1	1	1	3	2	1	1	2	4	3	0	0	0	0	0
85	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
90	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2
95	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
105	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2
110	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
115	2	0	0	2	1	3	0	0	3	2	1	0	2	3	5
120	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
125	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
130	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
135	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
140	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
145	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
150	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
155	1	0	1	2	1	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	1	1	2
160	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2
165	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2
170	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
175	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2
180	1	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	2	1	2	1	1	4	7
185	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
190	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
195	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
200	1	0	1	2	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
205	1	0	0	1	1	1	2	1	4	3	0	0	0	0	0
210	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2
215	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
220	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2
225	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
230	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	2	1	0	1	0	1	2
235	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
240	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
245	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
250	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
255	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2
260	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
265	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
270	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
275	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
280	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
285	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
290	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
295	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
300	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2
305	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2
310	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
315	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
320	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 36. Density and Size Distribution of Goose Barnacle Clumps in Fall 1994.

AREA CM ²	AREA I TRANSECTS					AREA II TRANSECTS					AREA III TRANSECTS				
	276	278	281	ALL	%	273	274	275	ALL	%	22	23	269	ALL	%
325	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
330	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
335	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
340	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
345	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
350	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
355	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
360	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
365	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
370	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
375	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
380	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
385	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
390	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
395	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
400	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
405	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
410	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
415	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
420	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
425	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
430	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
435	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
440	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
445	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
450	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
455	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
460	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
465	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
470	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
475	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
480	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
485	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
490	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
495	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
>500	2	0	0	2	1	2	0	0	2	1	1	1	2	4	7
# CLUMPS	59	46	56	161	100	56	62	22	140	100	25	14	17	56	100
AREA SUM	5600	1432	2102	9134		3690	3169	1118	7977		2452	1460	3282	7194	
MIN SIZE	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1		3	3	2	2	
MAX SIZE	550	264	343	550		855	416	227	855		735	640	1088	1088	
MEAN	95	31	38	57		66	51	51	57		98	104	193	128	
ST DEV	137	42	69	99		154	88	66	116		165	171	300	217	
% COVER	6%	1%	2%	3%		4%	3%	1%	3%		2%	1%	3%	2%	

Table 37. Size Distribution of Goose Barnacles within Clumps in 1990.

SPRING		SMALL (<1cm)		MEDIUM (1-3cm)		LARGE (>3cm)		TOTAL # CLUMPS
CABR	BAND	#	#	#	%	#	%	
I	276	87	78	106	96	65	59	111
	278	112	86	125	96	61	47	130
	281	57	80	65	92	58	82	71
	ALL	256	82	296	95	184	59	312
II	273	40	75	50	94	40	75	53
	274	23	62	33	89	26	70	37
	275	41	85	46	96	32	67	48
	ALL	104	75	129	93	98	71	138
III	22	36	77	40	85	28	60	47
	23	3	30	7	70	9	90	10
	269	10	63	12	75	15	94	16
	ALL	49	67	59	81	52	71	73
ALL AREAS		409	78	484	93	334	64	523

FALL		SMALL (<1cm)		MEDIUM (1-3cm)		LARGE (>3cm)		TOTAL # CLUMPS
CABR	BAND	#	#	#	%	#	%	
I	276	48	71	63	93	59	87	68
	278	34	57	51	85	56	93	60
	281	45	76	58	98	37	63	59
	ALL	127	68	172	92	152	81	187
II	273	80	87	92	100	25	27	92
	274	45	88	47	92	34	67	51
	275	12	43	22	79	27	96	28
	ALL	137	80	161	94	86	50	171
III	22	11	73	11	73	7	47	15
	23	8	100	8	100	5	63	8
	269	12	92	12	92	8	62	13
	ALL	31	86	31	86	20	56	36
ALL AREAS		296	75	364	92	258	65	394

Table 38. Size Distribution of Goose Barnacles within Clumps in 1991.

SPRING CABR AREA	BAND #	SMALL (<1cm)		MEDIUM (1-3cm)		LARGE (>3cm)		TOTAL # CLUMPS
		#	%	#	%	#	%	
I	276	67	84	72	90	64	80	80
	278	91	83	97	88	84	76	110
	281	45	74	51	84	43	70	61
	ALL	203	81	220	88	191	76	251
II	273	100	71	108	77	59	42	141
	274	44	83	40	75	39	74	53
	275	30	75	31	78	30	75	40
	ALL	174	74	179	76	128	55	234
III	22	24	62	32	82	28	72	39
	23	12	67	16	89	16	89	18
	269	18	90	20	100	19	95	20
	ALL	54	70	68	88	63	82	77
ALL AREAS		431	77	467	83	382	68	562

FALL CABR AREA	BAND #	SMALL (<1cm)		MEDIUM (1-3cm)		LARGE (>3cm)		TOTAL # CLUMPS
		#	%	#	%	#	%	
I	276	66	89	63	85	60	81	74
	278	72	86	73	87	61	73	84
	281	43	81	46	87	37	70	53
	ALL	181	86	182	86	158	75	211
II	273	84	88	68	72	23	24	95
	274	30	73	34	83	30	73	41
	275	27	79	25	74	26	76	34
	ALL	141	83	127	75	79	46	170
III	22	30	86	25	71	20	57	35
	23	11	85	8	62	8	62	13
	269	11	69	14	88	15	94	16
	ALL	52	81	47	73	43	67	64
ALL AREAS		374	84	356	80	280	63	445

Table 39. Size Distribution of Goose Barnacles within Clumps in 1992.

CABR AREA	BAND #	SPRING		MEDIUM		LARGE		TOTAL # CLUMPS
		SMALL (<1cm)	%	(1-3cm)	%	(>3cm)	%	
I	276	110	92	91	76	32	27	120
	278	100	80	102	82	17	14	125
	281	75	83	67	74	5	6	90
	ALL	285	85	260	78	54	16	335
II	273	105	78	109	81	12	9	135
	274	50	85	48	81	13	22	59
	275	30	68	39	89	10	23	44
	ALL	185	78	196	82	35	15	238
III	22	30	50	54	90	11	18	60
	23	12	86	13	93	6	43	14
	269	17	89	18	95	15	79	19
	ALL	59	63	85	91	32	34	93
ALL AREAS		529	79	541	81	121	18	666

CABR AREA	BAND #	FALL		MEDIUM		LARGE		TOTAL # CLUMPS
		SMALL (<1cm)	%	(1-3cm)	%	(>3cm)	%	
I	276	58	61	83	87	63	66	95
	278	132	85	127	81	64	41	156
	281	75	90	68	82	36	43	83
	ALL	265	79	278	83	163	49	334
II	273	66	73	85	94	41	46	90
	274	104	87	86	72	29	24	120
	275	61	88	45	65	17	25	69
	ALL	231	83	216	77	87	31	279
III	22	25	81	27	87	15	48	31
	23	20	87	22	96	12	52	23
	269	22	81	26	96	20	74	27
	ALL	67	83	75	93	47	58	81
ALL AREAS		563	81	569	82	297	43	694

Table 40. Size Distribution of Goose Barnacles within Clumps in June 1992.

CABR AREA	BAND #	SMALL (<1cm)		MEDIUM (1-3cm)		LARGE (>3cm)		TOTAL # CLUMPS
		#	%	#	%	#	%	
I	276	111	93	82	69	59	50	119
	278	143	92	131	84	56	36	156
	281	73	82	82	92	16	18	89
	ALL	327	90	295	81	131	36	364
II	273	112	93	94	78	38	32	120
	274	125	85	88	60	37	25	147
	275	66	92	52	72	0	0	72
	ALL	303	89	234	69	75	22	339
III	22	34	64	42	79	16	30	53
	23	15	79	18	95	11	58	19
	269	18	72	19	76	15	60	25
	ALL	67	69	79	81	42	43	97
ALL AREAS		697	87	608	76	248	31	800

Table 41. Size Distribution of Goose Barnacles within Clumps in 1993.

SPRING CABR AREA	BAND #	SMALL (<1cm)		MEDIUM (1-3cm)		LARGE (>3cm)		TOTAL # CLUMPS
		#	%	#	%	#	%	
I	276	89	75	108	92	68	58	118
	278	122	78	132	84	46	29	157
	281	31	48	54	83	50	77	65
	ALL	242	71	294	86	164	48	340
II	273	106	88	94	78	30	25	121
	274	75	68	98	88	44	40	111
	275	36	69	44	85	18	35	52
	ALL	217	76	236	83	92	32	284
III	22	31	82	29	76	19	50	38
	23	18	82	21	95	10	45	22
	269	17	77	20	91	17	77	22
	ALL	66	80	70	85	46	56	82
ALL AREAS		525	74	600	85	302	43	706

FALL CABR AREA	BAND #	SMALL (<1cm)		MEDIUM (1-3cm)		LARGE (>3cm)		TOTAL # CLUMPS
		#	%	#	%	#	%	
I	276	80	82	97	82	23	19	97
	278	101	64	89	57	25	16	111
	281	69	106	72	111	24	37	79
	ALL	250	74	258	76	72	21	287
II	273	81	67	85	85	21	21	100
	274	62	82	65	86	20	26	76
	275	25	83	26	87	12	40	30
	ALL	168	82	176	85	53	26	206
III	22	17	81	19	90	12	57	21
	23	15	94	15	94	7	44	16
	269	16	94	16	94	16	94	17
	ALL	48	89	50	93	35	65	54
ALL AREAS		466	85	484	88	160	29	547

Table 42. Size Distribution of Goose Barnacles within Clumps in 1994.

SPRING CABR AREA	BAND #	SMALL (<1cm)		MEDIUM (1-3cm)		LARGE (>3cm)		TOTAL # CLUMPS
		#	%	#	%	#	%	
I	276	88	77	86	75	70	61	115
	278	113	95	101	85	39	33	119
	281	78	85	71	77	49	53	92
	ALL	279	86	258	79	158	48	326
II	273	64	94	47	69	15	22	68
	274	81	88	56	61	15	16	92
	275	20	91	21	95	10	45	22
	ALL	165	91	124	68	40	22	182
III	22	35	90	29	74	18	46	39
	23	20	100	15	75	9	45	20
	269	19	90	19	90	15	71	21
	ALL	74	93	63	79	42	53	80
ALL AREAS		518	88	445	76	240	41	588

FALL CABR AREA	BAND #	SMALL (<1cm)		MEDIUM (1-3cm)		LARGE (>3cm)		TOTAL # CLUMPS
		#	%	#	%	#	%	
I	276	21	36	48	40	49	41	59
	278	8	9	37	40	39	42	46
	281	37	11	44	13	44	13	56
	ALL	66	97	129	190	132	194	161
II	273	46	50	50	89	27	48	56
	274	42	68	55	89	31	50	62
	275	20	91	17	77	18	82	22
	ALL	108	77	122	87	76	54	140
III	22	17	68	22	88	16	64	25
	23	6	43	11	79	11	79	14
	269	9	53	12	71	16	94	17
	ALL	32	57	45	80	43	77	56
ALL AREAS		206	58	296	83	251	70	357

Table 43. Density and Size-Distribution of Owl Limpets within Circular Plots in Spring 1990.

Length (mm)	Area I Plots (# of limpets)						Area II Plots (# of limpets)						Area III Plots (# of limpets)												
	Boulder			Cliff			Boulder			Cliff			Boulder			Cliff									
	282	283	284	277	279	280	All	%	239	240	241	242	243	266	All	%	11	18	19	21	26	13	All	%	
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	1	0	0	0	5	2
28	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1
29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	4	2
31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	2	0	0	0	3	1
32	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
33	1	0	2	0	0	1	4	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	4	3	1	1	1	0	0	10	4
34	1	0	2	0	0	2	5	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	3
35	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	3	2	2	2	1	0	0	0	1	6	3
36	0	0	3	1	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	4	2
37	1	0	1	0	1	1	4	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	4	1	2	0	1	10	4
38	1	0	1	0	0	2	4	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	5	0	0	0	1	7	3
39	0	1	0	1	0	2	4	2	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	2	2	2	0	0	0	2	8	3
40	0	1	6	0	4	1	12	6	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	4	2	3	2	0	0	0	0	3	8
41	1	2	0	0	3	4	10	5	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	1	4	1	1	0	0	1	8	3
42	0	0	3	0	1	1	2	7	3	1	0	2	0	0	1	4	2	2	4	0	1	0	0	0	7
43	2	0	3	0	1	1	7	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	4	0	1	0	0	1	6
44	0	0	1	0	1	2	4	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	5	1	0	0	0	1	8
45	0	1	4	2	0	1	8	4	0	1	1	0	2	4	8	5	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	5	2
46	1	3	2	0	2	3	11	5	0	0	1	0	2	4	7	4	4	2	0	1	2	0	0	2	9
47	0	1	1	0	4	5	11	5	1	1	1	0	0	5	8	5	3	3	0	2	0	1	1	9	4
48	1	2	2	1	1	6	13	6	1	2	1	0	2	2	8	5	7	7	0	0	0	1	1	15	6
49	0	1	0	2	1	1	5	2	1	1	0	0	1	2	4	2	3	5	1	3	0	0	2	14	6
50	0	2	2	1	0	2	7	3	1	0	1	0	2	1	5	3	2	2	5	0	1	0	0	0	8
51	2	2	1	0	2	1	8	4	0	0	1	1	2	2	6	4	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	4	2
52	0	1	3	0	0	3	7	3	2	0	1	0	1	2	6	4	2	2	3	0	3	2	0	10	4
53	0	0	0	0	1	4	5	2	1	0	1	0	1	1	5	3	2	0	1	2	0	1	1	7	3
54	0	0	1	2	2	0	5	2	0	1	0	1	2	0	4	2	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	3	1
55	1	2	0	2	1	1	7	3	3	0	1	1	0	1	6	4	1	1	1	0	0	2	2	6	3
56	2	2	1	0	0	1	6	3	0	0	0	0	2	1	3	6	4	0	1	1	3	0	0	0	6
57	0	1	1	1	1	1	5	2	2	1	2	0	0	3	8	5	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	3
58	1	0	2	1	2	0	6	3	0	3	0	0	0	2	5	3	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	4	2
59	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	4	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	3
60	1	2	2	0	0	2	7	3	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
61	1	0	1	0	0	2	4	2	0	0	1	0	0	2	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4
62	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
63	1	0	2	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4
64	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	4	2	1	0	0	3	1	0	0	7	
65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
66	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
67	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	
68	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
69	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
70	2	0	1	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
71	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
72	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
73	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
74	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
76	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
77	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
78	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
79	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
80	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
81	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
82	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
83	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
84	0	0	0	0																					

Table 44. Density and Size-Distribution of Owl Limpets within Circular Plots in Fall 1990.

LENGTH (MM)	AREA I PLOTS (# OF LIMPETS)						AREA II PLOTS (# OF LIMPETS)						AREA III PLOTS (# OF LIMPETS)												
	BOULDER	CLIFF	BOULDER	CLIFF	BOULDER	CLIFF	BOULDER	CLIFF	BOULDER	CLIFF	BOULDER	CLIFF	BOULDER	CLIFF	BOULDER	CLIFF	BOULDER	CLIFF	BOULDER	CLIFF	BOULDER	CLIFF	BOULDER	CLIFF	
	282	283	284	277	279	280	ALL	%	239	240	241	242	243	266	ALL	%	11	18	19	21	26	13	ALL	%	
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
20	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	1
21	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
22	0	0	2	1	1	1	5	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
23	1	0	1	0	2	0	4	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	5	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	1
24	0	0	1	2	0	2	5	2	2	0	0	0	0	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
25	1	0	4	0	0	3	8	3	1	0	0	1	0	1	3	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	4	2
26	0	1	4	1	0	1	7	3	3	0	1	1	0	1	6	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	3	1
27	1	0	4	0	0	0	5	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	3	1	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	4	2
28	0	0	2	3	1	1	7	3	2	0	0	2	0	1	5	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
29	0	0	0	1	0	2	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	4	2
30	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1
31	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	1
32	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
34	0	2	0	0	0	2	4	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	0	0	0	2	1	1	4	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1
36	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	6	2
37	0	0	0	2	0	1	3	1	2	1	0	0	0	1	4	2	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	4	2
38	1	0	1	1	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	2	3	1	1	0	0	0	7	3
39	0	1	1	3	0	0	5	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	1	0	1	5	2
40	1	0	1	1	0	0	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	6	2
41	0	0	0	2	0	1	3	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	3	1	3	3	0	1	0	0	0	7	3
42	0	0	0	4	0	4	8	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	1	6	2	0	0	0	12	5
43	0	0	1	2	0	1	4	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	5	0	0	0	1	9	4
44	1	1	1	1	0	2	6	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	5	0	2	0	0	4	12	5
45	0	0	2	2	0	2	6	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	5	0	1	0	0	3	12	5
46	0	0	2	1	0	0	3	1	1	2	1	0	0	1	6	3	5	1	1	0	0	0	0	7	3
47	0	0	3	1	1	1	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	7	3	0	1	0	0	12	5
48	1	0	3	3	0	2	9	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	3	1	2	5	0	2	0	0	2	11
49	0	1	5	0	2	1	9	4	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	2	3	0	2	0	0	0	7	3
50	0	1	3	0	0	2	6	2	1	1	1	0	0	2	5	2	3	5	0	1	0	0	0	10	4
51	1	1	0	0	1	2	5	2	2	1	1	0	1	1	6	3	1	1	1	0	3	2	1	8	3
52	0	1	1	0	3	3	8	3	1	0	1	0	1	4	7	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	1	5	2
53	1	2	1	0	2	3	9	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	1	0	2	0	1	3	0	6	2
54	0	2	1	0	2	3	8	3	1	1	0	1	1	1	5	2	3	2	1	1	1	0	0	8	3
55	1	1	2	0	2	3	9	4	3	1	0	0	2	3	9	4	1	3	0	2	0	0	0	6	2
56	2	1	2	0	1	3	9	4	1	0	1	0	1	1	4	2	0	2	2	1	1	1	2	8	3
57	3	1	2	0	1	1	8	3	2	0	0	1	1	0	4	2	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	5	2
58	1	1	2	0	0	4	8	3	0	0	3	1	3	3	10	5	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
59	2	1	1	0	1	1	6	2	0	1	2	1	0	2	6	3	0	0	0	1	0	3	1	5	2
60	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	2	1	1	0	0	3	1	0	6	2
61	3	0	1	0	1	2	7	3	0	0	0	0	2	2	4	2	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	4	2
62	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	1	1	1	0	1	3	7	3	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	4	2
63	1	0	1	1	0	1	4	2	0	1	2	1	1	2	7	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
64	1	1	1	0	0	1	4	2	0	0	2	1	1	3	7	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	1
65	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	4	2	1	0	1	1	0	0	3	1
66	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	6	3	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	3	1
67	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	4	2	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	4	2	
68	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	3	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	1	
69	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	2	1	3	9	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
70	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
71	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
72	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	1	3	1
73	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
74	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
75	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
76	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
77	0	0	0	0																					

Table 45. Density and Size-Distribution of Owl Limpets within Circular Plots in Spring 1991.

Table 46. Density and Size-Distribution of Owl Limpets within Circular Plots in Fall 1991.

Table 47. Density and Size-Distribution of Owl Limpets within Circular Plots in Spring 1992.

LENGTH (MM)	AREA I PLOTS (# OF LIMPETS)						AREA II PLOTS (# OF LIMPETS)						AREA III PLOTS (# OF LIMPETS)												
	BOULDER			CLIFF			BOULDER			CLIFF			BOULDER			CLIFF									
	282	283	284	277	279	280	ALL	%	239	240	241	242	243	266	ALL	%	11	18	19	21	26	13	ALL	%	
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
18	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
19	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
20	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
21	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	
22	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
24	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
25	0	0	2	1	1	0	4	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
26	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	
27	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
28	2	0	5	1	1	0	9	4	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	1	
29	0	0	2	2	1	1	6	3	0	1	0	1	0	1	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
30	0	0	2	3	0	0	5	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
31	2	0	1	4	3	0	10	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	
32	0	0	1	1	2	0	4	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	
33	1	0	2	3	2	0	8	4	3	0	1	1	0	0	5	3	0	3	0	0	0	3	6	3	
34	0	0	2	1	1	1	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	
35	0	0	2	2	0	1	5	2	3	0	1	0	0	2	6	3	1	2	2	0	0	2	7	4	
36	0	0	4	0	0	2	6	3	0	0	0	1	0	2	3	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	3	2	
37	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	1	5	3
38	1	1	2	0	0	0	4	2	2	2	0	0	0	2	6	3	0	1	1	0	1	0	3	2	
39	1	0	0	2	0	3	6	3	0	0	0	1	0	4	5	3	1	3	0	1	0	0	5	3	
40	1	1	0	1	3	3	9	4	2	1	0	0	1	1	5	3	1	1	1	0	0	2	5	3	
41	0	0	1	1	0	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	3	0	1	0	3	7	4	
42	3	0	3	1	0	1	8	4	1	0	0	0	0	2	3	2	2	4	0	0	0	1	7	4	
43	0	0	0	4	1	0	5	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	2	3	1	0	0	1	7	4	
44	0	0	0	0	2	1	3	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	4	6	3	2	3	1	1	0	1	8	4
45	1	0	1	2	0	2	6	3	1	0	0	0	1	1	3	2	6	4	1	0	1	1	13	7	
46	0	0	1	2	0	2	5	2	1	1	0	2	0	2	6	3	5	3	0	0	0	0	8	4	
47	0	0	0	0	2	3	5	2	1	1	0	0	0	3	5	3	1	1	0	1	0	2	5	3	
48	0	0	1	1	1	2	5	2	1	1	0	1	0	1	4	2	1	2	0	0	0	1	4	2	
49	0	1	3	0	1	1	6	3	0	0	1	0	1	3	5	3	1	2	1	0	0	0	4	2	
50	0	2	5	1	3	1	12	6	0	2	0	1	1	2	6	3	3	6	0	3	0	2	14	B	
51	0	0	1	0	1	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	3	2	5	4	0	1	0	0	10	5	
52	2	2	1	0	1	1	7	3	2	1	2	1	0	2	8	4	0	0	0	1	2	0	3	2	
53	0	1	3	0	0	0	4	2	1	0	0	1	0	1	3	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	7	4	
54	0	0	5	0	0	2	7	3	1	0	1	0	1	3	6	3	1	2	1	0	2	0	6	3	
55	0	1	1	0	5	0	7	3	1	1	0	0	0	4	6	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	1	
56	0	0	1	0	2	0	3	1	2	0	0	0	1	2	5	3	0	1	0	2	1	0	4	2	
57	2	1	0	0	0	1	4	2	0	0	0	0	2	2	4	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	
58	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	0	0	1	0	1	4	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	
59	0	2	0	0	0	1	3	1	0	0	0	2	1	2	5	3	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	3	
60	2	0	1	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	3	0	1	5	9	5	0	0	2	3	1	0	6	3
61	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	4	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	1	
62	2	1	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	4	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	1	
63	1	1	1	0	0	0	3	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	4	2
64	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	3	2	
65	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	3	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	
66	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	3	5	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	
67	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
68	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	
69	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	3	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	3	
70	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
71	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
72	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
73	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	3	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
74	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
75	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
76	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
77	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
78	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
79	1	0	0	0	0	0																			

Table 48. Density and Size-Distribution of Owl Limpets within Circular Plots in June 1992.

LENGTH (MM)	AREA I PLOTS (# OF LIMPETS)						AREA II PLOTS (# OF LIMPETS)						AREA III PLOTS (# OF LIMPETS)												
	BOULDER			CLIFF			BOULDER			CLIFF			BOULDER			CLIFF									
	282	283	284	277	279	280	ALL	%	239	240	241	242	243	266	ALL	%	11	18	19	21	26	13	ALL	%	
15	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	
17	0	0	1	1	3	0	5	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
18	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
19	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
20	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
21	1	0	0	3	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
22	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	
23	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
24	2	0	0	4	1	1	8	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	3	1	
25	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
26	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
27	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	
28	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
29	0	0	2	2	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	2	5	2	
30	0	0	1	4	0	1	6	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	3	1	
31	1	0	1	3	0	0	5	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	
32	1	0	2	1	1	0	5	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	4	0	0	0	2	6	2	
33	0	0	1	2	1	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	2	5	2	
34	0	0	2	2	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	1	2	4	2	2	1	1	0	1	2	7	3	
35	0	0	2	4	2	0	8	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	4	2	
36	1	0	3	1	0	0	5	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	1	2	4	0	0	0	3	9	3	
37	0	0	1	5	1	2	9	4	0	0	0	0	0	3	6	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	2	
38	1	0	1	1	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	2	1	4	0	0	0	1	6	2	
39	1	0	1	1	2	1	6	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	3	2	1	5	1	0	0	2	9	3	
40	1	1	2	2	0	1	7	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	4	2	0	5	0	1	0	2	8	3
41	0	1	0	1	0	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	5	3	1	2	0	0	0	3	1	
42	1	0	4	2	2	0	9	4	0	0	1	0	1	4	2	3	2	2	2	0	0	1	8	3	
43	1	0	2	3	1	1	8	3	0	0	0	1	1	0	3	2	2	5	1	0	0	1	9	3	
44	2	0	1	3	2	3	11	5	0	1	0	0	0	3	5	3	2	4	0	1	0	1	8	3	
45	0	0	0	1	0	2	3	1	0	2	0	0	0	2	5	3	0	3	1	1	0	2	7	3	
46	0	0	0	2	0	1	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	4	5	3	2	7	0	1	0	0	10	4	
47	1	0	1	2	1	1	6	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	6	5	2	1	0	0	14	5	
48	1	0	0	0	0	2	3	1	0	2	0	0	2	0	1	5	3	5	1	0	1	0	1	8	
49	2	0	2	2	1	2	9	4	0	1	0	0	0	2	4	2	5	2	0	0	0	1	8	3	
50	0	2	0	0	2	2	6	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	4	2	0	4	1	2	0	1	8	3	
51	0	1	2	2	2	3	10	4	0	1	2	1	1	2	7	4	3	4	0	0	0	1	8	3	
52	0	0	2	2	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	4	0	3	7	4	3	2	0	2	1	1	9	3	
53	0	1	1	0	0	1	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	6	8	4	3	4	0	0	1	0	8	3	
54	0	0	7	1	0	1	9	4	0	0	0	0	1	2	4	2	3	4	0	2	1	1	11	4	
55	0	2	1	1	2	0	6	3	0	2	0	0	1	0	5	3	1	0	1	0	2	1	5	2	
56	0	0	1	0	1	1	3	1	0	0	1	0	1	3	6	3	0	1	1	1	0	0	3	1	
57	3	0	1	0	1	0	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	0	7	3	
58	0	2	3	0	3	1	9	4	0	0	0	0	0	4	6	3	2	0	1	3	2	0	8	3	
59	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	1	2	0	3	7	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
60	2	1	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	4	2	6	3	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	1	
61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	1	5	3	1	0	3	1	0	1	6	2	
62	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	1	0	2	1	0	0	3	6	3	1	0	0	0	4	1	0	6	
63	1	2	1	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	1	0	0	2	3	2	0	1	1	1	0	1	4	2	
64	1	1	1	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	1	3	0	1	5	2	
65	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	
66	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	5	3	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	4	
67	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	3	0	0	1	4	2	
68	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	
69	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
70	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	
71	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	2	1	0	0	1	4	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	
72	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
73	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
74	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	5	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
76	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	
77	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
78	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
79	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0																

Table 49. Density and Size-Distribution of Owl Limpets within Circular Plots in Fall 1992

Table 50. Density and Size-Distribution of Owl Limpets within Circular Plots in Spring 1993.

Table 51. Density and Size-Distribution of Owl Limpets within Circular Plots in Fall 1993

Table 52. Density and Size-Distribution of Owl Limpets within Circular Plots in Spring 1994.

LENGTH (MM)	AREA I PLOTS (# OF LIMPETS)						AREA II PLOTS (# OF LIMPETS)						AREA III PLOTS (# OF LIMPETS)												
	BOULDER			CLIFF			BOULDER			CLIFF			BOULDER			CLIFF									
	282	283	284	277	279	280	ALL	%	239	240	241	242	243	266	ALL	%	11	18	19	21	26	13	ALL	%	
15	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	
16	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	
18	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
19	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
20	1	0	0	2	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	
21	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	1	2	0	0	0	2	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	
22	1	0	1	0	1	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	4	2
23	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
24	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	3	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	3	1	
25	0	0	1	3	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
26	1	0	1	0	2	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
27	2	0	3	1	2	0	8	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	4	2	
28	1	0	2	0	1	0	4	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	
29	0	0	3	1	0	0	4	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	0	0	1	0	4	2	
30	2	2	0	3	2	1	10	4	2	1	0	1	1	0	5	3	3	2	0	1	1	0	7	3	
31	0	1	1	4	1	0	7	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	
32	0	0	2	4	0	0	6	3	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	2	1	0	0	1	5	2	
33	0	1	0	2	4	0	7	3	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	
34	0	1	3	1	3	0	8	4	1	1	0	0	1	0	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	
35	0	1	1	2	2	0	6	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	3	6	0	0	0	0	9	4	
36	2	0	1	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	5	0	0	0	1	6	3	
37	0	0	1	2	2	2	7	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	2	5	2
38	2	0	0	4	5	0	11	5	1	1	0	0	1	0	3	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	3	6	3
39	0	0	0	2	2	0	4	2	2	0	0	0	0	2	4	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	3	
40	1	0	4	0	0	0	5	2	3	0	0	0	0	2	5	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	2	6	3
41	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	2	4	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	2	5	2
42	1	0	1	0	2	0	4	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	1	2	4	1	2	0	0	9	4	
43	1	0	0	0	2	1	4	2	1	0	0	0	1	2	4	2	2	5	0	1	1	0	9	4	
44	1	1	2	0	4	0	8	4	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	4	1	1	0	0	2	8	4
45	1	0	0	1	2	1	5	2	4	1	0	0	0	0	5	3	1	2	1	0	0	0	4	2	
46	0	1	2	0	2	1	6	3	2	1	0	0	2	1	6	4	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	
47	0	0	2	0	0	2	4	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	2	5	2	
48	1	1	1	0	1	1	5	2	1	0	0	0	1	2	4	2	3	2	0	0	1	1	7	3	
49	0	0	0	1	0	3	4	2	1	0	2	0	0	0	3	2	3	2	2	0	0	0	7	3	
50	0	1	2	0	0	1	4	2	2	0	0	0	1	1	4	2	1	3	1	3	1	0	9	4	
51	0	0	3	1	2	1	7	3	1	0	0	0	1	1	3	2	1	1	0	0	1	0	3	1	
52	2	0	0	0	0	1	3	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	6	9	5	4	0	0	0	1	5	2	
53	2	0	1	0	0	0	3	1	0	2	1	0	0	1	1	5	3	1	0	1	1	0	0	3	1
54	2	1	1	0	0	1	5	2	0	1	0	0	2	0	3	2	0	0	1	1	1	0	3	1	
55	1	0	2	0	0	2	5	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	1	1	0	3	0	1	6	3	
56	2	0	1	0	0	0	3	1	0	2	0	0	0	2	4	2	1	0	2	1	2	0	6	3	
57	0	0	0	0	3	1	4	2	1	1	0	0	1	4	2	0	2	0	1	1	1	0	4	2	
58	0	0	1	0	0	1	3	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	3	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	
59	1	1	0	0	1	0	3	1	1	1	0	0	1	2	5	3	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	
60	1	1	1	0	1	1	5	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	3	1	
61	0	1	0	0	0	2	3	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	
62	1	0	1	1	0	1	4	2	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	3	2	0	0	4	2	1	0	7	
63	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	4	2	
64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
65	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	3	1	
66	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	3	
67	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	
68	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	
69	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	3	1	
70	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
71	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	4	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	
72	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
73	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
74	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
76	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
77	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
78	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
79	1	0	0	0																					

Table 53. Density and Size-Distribution of Owl Limpets within Circular Plots in Fall 1994

LENGTH (MM)	AREA I PLOTS (# OF LIMPETS)						AREA II PLOTS (# OF LIMPETS)						AREA III PLOTS (# OF LIMPETS)													
	BOULDER			CLIFF			BOULDER			CLIFF			BOULDER			CLIFF										
	282	283	284	277	279	280	All	%	239	240	241	242	243	266	All	%	11	18	19	21	26	13	All	%		
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	
16	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	
18	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	
19	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	
20	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	
21	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
22	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	3	2
23	0	1	1	1	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	
24	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	
25	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	4	2		
26	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	4	2	
27	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	
28	0	0	0	1	2	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	
29	0	0	2	0	0	1	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	3	2		
30	0	0	1	1	2	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	2	
31	0	0	1	0	1	1	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	
32	0	0	1	0	2	1	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	
33	0	0	0	0	2	1	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	4	2	
34	1	0	2	2	1	1	7	4	2	1	1	0	0	1	5	3	2	1	0	0	0	1	1	5	3	
35	0	0	1	4	1	0	6	3	2	1	0	0	1	2	6	4	4	4	1	0	0	0	1	10	5	
36	0	1	1	0	1	0	3	2	2	1	1	0	0	1	1	4	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	4	2	
37	0	0	3	1	2	0	6	3	1	1	0	0	0	3	2	7	5	2	1	0	0	1	1	5	3	
38	1	0	0	2	4	1	8	4	1	1	0	1	0	1	4	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	4	7	4	
39	0	0	4	0	2	0	6	3	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	4	2	
40	1	0	3	1	1	1	7	4	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	1	1	3	0	0	0	0	2	6	3
41	1	0	1	1	3	0	6	3	2	0	0	0	2	1	5	3	0	8	0	0	0	0	3	11	6	
42	0	0	0	2	1	0	3	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	1	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	5	3	
43	0	3	0	1	1	3	8	4	0	0	0	1	1	1	3	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	
44	1	0	4	1	0	1	7	4	2	1	0	0	0	0	3	2	2	1	0	0	2	1	2	8	4	
45	0	0	0	1	2	1	4	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	1	1	0	0	1	6	3	
46	1	0	1	0	0	2	4	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	3	2	0	1	0	0	1	7	4	
47	1	0	2	2	1	1	0	5	3	1	0	0	0	1	2	4	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	4	2	
48	1	3	0	1	0	0	5	3	3	1	0	0	0	3	7	5	1	1	2	0	1	0	0	5	3	
49	2	0	3	0	1	1	7	4	2	0	0	0	1	0	3	2	3	2	1	1	0	0	2	9	5	
50	2	0	2	0	0	4	8	4	0	0	0	1	1	1	3	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	
51	0	1	1	1	1	1	5	3	1	0	0	0	2	1	4	3	4	1	1	1	0	0	1	8	4	
52	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	3	2	1	1	1	0	2	1	6	4	1	0	0	2	0	0	3	2	
53	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
54	3	0	0	0	1	0	4	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	3	0	2	0	0	0	1	6	3	
55	2	0	0	0	2	0	4	2	0	1	0	0	0	2	2	5	3	4	1	1	1	0	0	7	4	
56	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	1	
57	2	0	2	0	0	0	4	2	2	1	0	0	0	1	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	
58	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1		
59	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	3	2		
60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	2	1	0	0	1	1	0	4	2	
61	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	3	2	0	0	1	0	0	1	2		
62	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	2	5	3	1	0	1	2	1	0	3	
63	2	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1		
64	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	2	0	1	0	0	3	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	3	2	
65	2	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1		
66	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	1		
67	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1		
68	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1		
69	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		
70	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0		
71	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0		
72	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0		
73	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
74	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
75	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
76	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
77	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	1									

Table 54. Density and Size-Distribution of Owl Limpets within Circular Plots in Spring 1995.

Table 55. Density and Size-Distribution of Owl Limpets within Circular Plots in Fall 1995.

LENGTH (MM)	AREA I PLOTS (# OF LIMPETS)						AREA II PLOTS (# OF LIMPETS)						AREA III PLOTS (# OF LIMPETS)											
	BOULDER			CLIFF			BOULDER			CLIFF			BOULDER			CLIFF								
	282	283	284	277	279	280	ALL	%	239	240	241	242	243	266	ALL	%	11	18	19	21	26	13	ALL	%
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	1
17	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	1
18	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	1
19	1	0	1	1	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
21	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
22	1	1	0	1	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	1	0	3	1	0	0	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	1
24	1	0	2	1	1	0	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	4
26	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
27	0	0	0	3	1	0	4	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
28	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
29	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30	0	0	0	4	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	2	0	2	0	0	0	3	5
31	0	0	1	2	0	0	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	3
32	0	0	1	1	1	0	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
33	0	0	1	3	2	0	6	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	3	3	0	0	0	0	6
34	1	0	2	2	2	0	7	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	4	3	2	0	0	0	0	2
35	0	0	1	1	1	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	0	0	0	1	4	
36	0	0	2	2	3	0	7	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	4	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	3
37	0	0	0	2	1	0	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	2	0	0	1	0	
38	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	
39	0	4	2	3	0	0	9	4	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	3	2	2	1	0	0	1	1	
40	1	1	2	3	1	0	8	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	4	3	4	2	1	0	0	
41	0	0	1	1	1	0	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	4	3	3	2	1	0	6	
42	1	1	1	0	3	2	8	3	2	0	0	0	1	1	4	3	0	6	1	0	1	0	8	
43	4	0	1	1	4	0	10	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	2	0	5	0	0	0	1	
44	1	0	0	1	3	0	5	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	3	0	0	0	0	4	
45	2	1	0	0	3	0	6	3	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	4	3	3	2	0	0	0	2	
46	0	0	4	0	3	0	7	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	1	1	4	1	0	7	
47	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	2	1	1	1	0	4	
48	0	0	2	1	2	1	6	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	4	2	0	0	1	7	
49	2	1	5	0	1	1	10	4	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	3	
50	0	0	2	0	2	2	6	3	1	2	0	0	0	1	1	5	4	1	1	0	1	1	5	
51	2	0	1	0	2	1	6	3	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	4	3	1	0	0	0	0	2	
52	2	1	2	0	1	2	8	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	2	0	0	0	2	0	1	
53	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	3	1	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	2	3	2	1	0	0	5	
54	0	2	0	0	2	3	7	3	1	1	0	1	1	1	5	4	1	2	0	1	0	0	6	
55	3	1	2	0	3	2	11	5	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	1	1	1	5	
56	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	2	2	1	2	0	7	
57	1	1	2	0	1	1	6	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	5	4	0	1	1	0	2	
58	0	1	3	0	0	2	6	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	
59	2	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	3	
60	0	1	0	0	0	2	3	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	4	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	
61	1	0	0	0	0	2	3	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	3	2	0	0	0	2	1	2	
62	3	0	1	1	0	0	5	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	1	3	
63	1	0	0	0	1	1	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
64	3	0	1	0	1	1	6	3	0	0	1	0	1	1	3	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	
65	3	1	0	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	3	0	1	0	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
66	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	3	
67	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	
68	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	
69	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
70	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
71	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	
72	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	
73	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
74	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
75	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
76	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
77	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
78	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
79	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
80	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
81	0	0	0	0																				

Table 56. Intertidal Cover along Line Transects in Spring 1990.

CABR AREA I TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
	210	237	AVG	211	238	AVG	212	236	AVG
FEATHER BOA KELP	7	0	3	20	0	10	43	44	44
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED ALGAL TURF	78	96	87	13	36	25	31	36	34
SURF GRASS	10	0	5	50	56	53	9	11	10
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	0	3	2	0	0	0	1	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	1	0	0	2	0	1	11	0	5
BARE SUBSTRATE	4	1	3	15	8	11	5	9	7

CABR AREA II TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
	244	270	AVG	267	271	AVG	268	272	AVG
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	12	6	17	19	18	76	34	55
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	2	9	6	0	0	0
RED ALGAL TURF	86	59	73	5	16	11	22	35	28
SURF GRASS	0	5	2	64	51	57	1	21	11
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	1
BARE SUBSTRATE	13	24	18	12	2	7	1	9	5

CABR AREA III TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
	1	8	AVG	5	7	AVG	2	4	AVG
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	0	0	3	0	2	47	61	54
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	3	3	3	0	0	0
RED ALGAL TURF	86	94	90	22	28	25	35	33	34
SURF GRASS	7	0	4	66	54	60	8	0	4
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	0	2	1	3	0	2
BARE SUBSTRATE	4	4	4	6	13	9	7	6	6

Table 57. Intertidal Cover along Line Transects in Fall 1990.

CABR AREA I TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
	210	237	AVG	211	238	AVG	212	236	AVG
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	0	0	1	0	1	29	33	31
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED ALGAL TURF	67	96	81	8	38	23	22	51	36
SURF GRASS	28	0	14	88	57	72	27	4	16
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	1	8
BARE SUBSTRATE	4	3	4	3	5	4	7	11	9

CABR AREA II TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
	244	270	AVG	267	271	AVG	268	272	AVG
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	6	3	1	14	8	52	32	42
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED ALGAL TURF	79	71	75	16	17	16	30	34	32
SURF GRASS	2	7	5	78	61	69	13	21	17
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	6	3
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	0	3	2	4	2	3
BARE SUBSTRATE	18	16	17	5	5	5	1	5	3

CABR AREA III TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
	1	8	AVG	5	7	AVG	2	4	AVG
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	0	0	7	0	4	28	44	36
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	0	5	2	0	0	0
RED ALGAL TURF	76	84	80	14	17	15	45	49	47
SURF GRASS	8	0	4	76	67	72	14	0	7
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	1	0	1	0	0	0	3	3	3
BARE SUBSTRATE	14	15	14	3	11	7	10	4	7

Table 58. Intertidal Cover along Line Transects in Spring 1991.

CABR AREA I TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
	210	237	AVG	211	238	AVG	212	236	AVG
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	0	0	2	0	1	13	16	14
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED ALGAL TURF	81	94	88	12	39	26	51	80	66
SURF GRASS	17	0	8	82	58	70	12	4	8
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	1	0	0	24	0	12
BARE SUBSTRATE	2	3	2	4	2	3	0	0	0

CABR AREA II TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
	244	270	AVG	267	271	AVG	268	272	AVG
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	0	0	4	17	10	16	6	11
SARGASSUM WEED	0	1	0	1	11	6	0	0	0
RED ALGAL TURF	92	56	74	8	13	10	74	53	64
SURF GRASS	0	7	4	84	40	62	9	39	24
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	3	2	3	12	8	0	0	0
BARE SUBSTRATE	7	33	20	0	7	4	0	3	2

CABR AREA III TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
	1	8	AVG	5	7	AVG	2	4	AVG
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	0	0	6	5	6	22	21	22
SARGASSUM WEED	2	0	1	0	1	0	6	22	14
RED ALGAL TURF	79	95	87	13	20	16	43	22	32
SURF GRASS	6	0	3	69	46	58	12	2	7
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	2	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	8	5
BARE SUBSTRATE	11	2	6	12	27	20	16	26	21

Table 59. Intertidal Cover along Line Transects in Fall 1991.

CABR AREA I TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
	210	237	Avg	211	238	Avg	212	236	Avg
FEATHER BOA KELP	3	0	1	17	2	10	64	43	54
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	2
RED ALGAL TURF	69	97	83	3	30	17	4	38	21
SURF GRASS	28	0	14	75	67	71	19	19	19
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	4
BARE SUBSTRATE	0	1	1	4	1	3	1	0	1

CABR AREA II TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
	244	270	Avg	267	271	Avg	268	272	Avg
FEATHER BOA KELP	2	0	1	4	30	17	31	27	29
SARGASSUM WEED	0	2	1	0	0	0	13	0	6
RED ALGAL TURF	63	79	71	2	14	8	24	21	23
SURF GRASS	0	16	8	94	47	70	25	52	38
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	0	9	5	7	0	4
BARE SUBSTRATE	34	4	19	0	0	0	0	0	0

CABR AREA III TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
	1	8	Avg	5	7	Avg	2	4	Avg
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	0	0	7	0	4	23	28	25
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	0	6	3	1	7	4
RED ALGAL TURF	86	71	79	18	15	16	47	41	44
SURF GRASS	11	0	6	74	66	70	17	11	14
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	1	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	11	11
BARE SUBSTRATE	0	27	14	1	13	7	2	2	2

Table 60. Intertidal Cover along Line Transects in Spring 1992.

TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
	210	237	AVG	211	238	AVG	212	236	AVG
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	0	0	1	0	0	81	21	51
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED ALGAL TURF	66	95	81	9	33	21	16	40	28
SURF GRASS	34	0	17	91	67	79	3	36	20
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	0	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BARE SUBSTRATE	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	1

TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
	244	270	AVG	267	271	AVG	268	272	AVG
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	3	1	6	20	13	35	25	30
SARGASSUM WEED	0	5	3	0	5	3	0	0	0
RED ALGAL TURF	96	62	79	7	10	9	23	17	20
SURF GRASS	0	23	11	87	56	72	36	58	47
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	0	9	4	7	0	3
BARE SUBSTRATE	2	8	5	0	0	0	0	0	0

TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
	1	8	AVG	5	7	AVG	2	4	AVG
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	0	0	4	5	4	32	48	40
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	7	8	8	5	11	8
RED ALGAL TURF	90	99	94	16	37	26	49	39	44
SURF GRASS	6	0	3	73	49	61	10	0	5
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	1	3
BARE SUBSTRATE	3	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	0

Table 61. Intertidal Cover along Line Transects in June 1992.

CABR AREA I TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
	210	237	Avg	211	238	Avg	212	236	Avg
FEATHER BOA KELP	9	0	5	11	1	6	54	33	43
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED ALGAL TURF	65	98	81	5	29	17	7	39	23
SURF GRASS	25	0	13	85	69	77	11	28	20
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	1	0	0	0	0	0	28	0	14
BARE SUBSTRATE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0

CABR AREA II TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
	244	270	Avg	267	271	Avg	268	272	Avg
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	16	8	4	28	16	48	47	48
SARGASSUM WEED	1	5	3	0	6	3	0	0	0
RED ALGAL TURF	93	51	72	4	7	6	14	8	11
SURF GRASS	1	23	12	93	55	74	13	44	29
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	2	1	0	2	1	24	1	12
BARE SUBSTRATE	1	3	2	0	2	1	0	0	0

CABR AREA II TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
	1	8	Avg	5	7	Avg	2	4	Avg
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	0	0	2	2	2	42	58	50
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	0	4	2	6	9	7
RED ALGAL TURF	89	99	94	13	26	19	34	15	24
SURF GRASS	8	0	4	85	68	76	10	13	11
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	5	6
BARE SUBSTRATE	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	2

Table 62. Intertidal Cover along Line Transects in Fall 1992.

CABR AREA I TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE 210 237 AVG			GRASS ZONE 211 238 AVG			KELP ZONE 212 236 AVG		
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	0	0	2	0	1	45	20	33
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED ALGAL TURF	67	99	83	6	18	12	10	28	19
SURF GRASS	33	0	16	92	80	86	29	52	40
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	6
BARE SUBSTRATE	0	0	0	0	2	1	3	0	2

CABR AREA II TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE 244 270 AVG			GRASS ZONE 267 271 AVG			KELP ZONE 268 272 AVG		
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	8	4	7	20	13	47	15	31
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	0
RED ALGAL TURF	68	47	58	1	10	5	17	21	19
SURF GRASS	4	25	14	92	63	78	36	62	49
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
OTHER BIOTA	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
BARE SUBSTRATE	26	20	23	0	3	1	0	2	1

CABR AREA III TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE 1 8 AVG			GRASS ZONE 5 7 AVG			KELP ZONE 2 4 AVG		
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	0	0	2	2	2	17	28	23
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	2	0	1	2	7	4
RED ALGAL TURF	87	95	91	10	19	15	53	36	44
SURF GRASS	12	0	6	80	75	77	17	18	17
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	11	9
BARE SUBSTRATE	1	5	3	6	5	5	5	1	3

Table 63. Intertidal Cover along Line Transects in Spring 1993.

CABR AREA I TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE 210 237 AVG			GRASS ZONE 211 238 AVG			KELP ZONE 212 236 AVG		
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	0	10
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED ALGAL TURF	71	96	84	4	23	13	26	60	43
SURF GRASS	29	0	14	95	75	85	29	32	31
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	4
BARE SUBSTRATE	0	2	1	1	2	2	21	5	13

CABR AREA II TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE 244 270 AVG			GRASS ZONE 267 271 AVG			KELP ZONE 268 272 AVG		
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	3	2	2	1	1	43	3	23
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED ALGAL TURF	96	64	80	9	19	14	20	29	25
SURF GRASS	0	17	8	87	66	77	33	64	48
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	1	8	4	5	0	2
BARE SUBSTRATE	3	16	9	2	5	4	0	4	2

CABR AREA III TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE 1 8 AVG			GRASS ZONE 5 7 AVG			KELP ZONE 2 4 AVG		
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	0	0	1	6	4	10	8	9
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	0	6	3	9	18	14
RED ALGAL TURF	86	100	93	25	36	30	54	48	51
SURF GRASS	7	0	3	63	42	53	18	6	12
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	0	3	2	4	16	10
BARE SUBSTRATE	5	0	3	10	7	8	5	4	4

Table 64. Intertidal Cover along Line Transects in Fall 1993.

CABR AREA I TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE 210 237 AVG			GRASS ZONE 211 238 AVG			KELP ZONE 212 236 AVG		
FEATHER BOA KELP	7	0	4	1	0	0	17	6	11
SARGASSUM WEED	2	0	1	0	0	0	22	0	11
RED ALGAL TURF	60	99	79	1	13	7	20	27	23
SURF GRASS	32	0	16	96	85	90	21	68	45
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	1	0	0	1	0	15	0	7
BARE SUBSTRATE	0	1	0	3	1	2	6	0	3

CABR AREA II TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE 244 270 AVG			GRASS ZONE 267 271 AVG			KELP ZONE 268 272 AVG		
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	3	2	0	7	3	8	12	10
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED ALGAL TURF	92	66	79	0	14	7	1	12	6
SURF GRASS	8	29	19	99	71	85	70	76	73
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	1	9	5	22	0	11
BARE SUBSTRATE	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0

CABR AREA III TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE 1 8 AVG			GRASS ZONE 5 7 AVG			KELP ZONE 2 4 AVG		
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	2	4
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	10	1	6	2	1	1
RED ALGAL TURF	83	99	91	26	22	24	57	49	53
SURF GRASS	15	0	7	54	72	63	24	23	23
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	2	0	1	9	24	16
BARE SUBSTRATE	2	1	1	8	4	6	2	2	2

Table 65. Intertidal Cover along Line Transects in Spring 1994.

CABR AREA I TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
	210	237	Avg	211	238	Avg	212	236	Avg
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	0	13
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED ALGAL TURF	63	99	81	4	21	12	22	43	33
SURF GRASS	37	0	18	96	79	87	41	57	49
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	3
BARE SUBSTRATE	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	2

CABR AREA II TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
	244	270	Avg	267	271	Avg	268	272	Avg
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	1	1	1	6	3	2	5	3
SARGASSUM WEED	0	3	1	0	5	2	0	0	0
RED ALGAL TURF	95	66	81	5	26	16	3	23	13
SURF GRASS	3	24	14	94	63	79	88	68	78
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	3
BARE SUBSTRATE	0	5	3	0	0	0	1	4	2

CABR AREA III TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
	1	8	Avg	5	7	Avg	2	4	Avg
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	5	6
SARGASSUM WEED	3	0	1	29	24	26	12	24	18
RED ALGAL TURF	90	99	94	27	32	29	54	51	53
SURF GRASS	3	0	1	39	43	41	26	17	22
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2
BARE SUBSTRATE	2	0	1	5	1	3	1	0	0

Table 66. Intertidal Cover along Line Transects in Fall 1994.

CABR AREA I TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
	210	237	Avg	211	238	Avg	212	236	Avg
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	6
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0
RED ALGAL TURF	59	100	79	1	16	9	13	9	11
SURF GRASS	40	0	20	97	84	91	31	91	61
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	1	0	0	0	0	0	45	0	22
BARE SUBSTRATE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

CABR AREA II TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
	244	270	Avg	267	271	Avg	268	272	Avg
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	0
SARGASSUM WEED	0	4	2	2	0	1	0	0	0
RED ALGAL TURF	92	69	80	0	17	8	2	25	13
SURF GRASS	7	24	15	96	66	81	87	75	81
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	3	13	8	12	0	6
BARE SUBSTRATE	1	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0

CABR AREA III TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
	1	8	Avg	5	7	Avg	2	4	Avg
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	17	5	11	0	2	1
RED ALGAL TURF	81	99	90	28	24	26	49	51	50
SURF GRASS	2	0	1	42	64	53	28	27	27
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	1	0	0	18	19	19
BARE SUBSTRATE	16	1	8	13	7	10	6	2	4

Table 67. Intertidal Cover along Line Transects in Spring 1995.

CABR AREA I	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
TAXA	210	237	Avg	211	238	Avg	212	236	Avg
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	2
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED ALGAL TURF	71	97	84	12	29	21	27	54	41
SURF GRASS	27	0	13	69	66	68	39	40	40
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	3	0	1	15	0	8
BARE SUBSTRATE	2	2	2	16	4	10	14	6	10

CABR AREA II	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
TAXA	244	270	Avg	267	271	Avg	268	272	Avg
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SARGASSUM WEED	0	5	3	1	6	4	0	0	0
RED ALGAL TURF	95	71	83	9	39	24	9	39	24
SURF GRASS	3	11	7	70	46	58	83	52	67
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	2	1	2	5	0	2
BARE SUBSTRATE	1	12	7	18	8	13	4	9	6

CABR AREA III	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
TAXA	1	8	Avg	5	7	Avg	2	4	Avg
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SARGASSUM WEED	4	0	2	27	13	20	5	11	8
RED ALGAL TURF	87	100	93	23	25	24	54	56	55
SURF GRASS	0	0	0	26	28	27	22	19	20
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	4	5
BARE SUBSTRATE	7	0	3	24	34	29	13	10	11

Table 68. Intertidal Cover along Line Transects in Fall 1995.

CABR AREA I TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
	210	237	Avg	211	238	Avg	212	236	Avg
FEATHER BOA KELP	3	0	2	2	0	1	33	0	16
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0
RED ALGAL TURF	58	98	78	13	21	17	12	5	8
SURF GRASS	39	0	19	82	78	80	33	94	63
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	0	11
BARE SUBSTRATE	0	1	0	1	1	1	2	2	2

CABR AREA II TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
	244	270	Avg	267	271	Avg	268	272	Avg
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	3	2	0	0	0	1	0	0
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED ALGAL TURF	96	60	78	2	7	5	1	33	17
SURF GRASS	3	34	18	96	93	95	93	64	79
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	2	0	1	5	0	3
BARE SUBSTRATE	1	3	2	0	0	0	0	2	1

CABR AREA III TAXA	LINE TRANSECTS (% COVER)								
	TURF ZONE			GRASS ZONE			KELP ZONE		
	1	8	Avg	5	7	Avg	2	4	Avg
FEATHER BOA KELP	0	0	0	4	6	5	12	3	7
SARGASSUM WEED	0	0	0	7	6	6	0	0	0
RED ALGAL TURF	86	86	86	7	16	12	42	34	38
SURF GRASS	7	7	7	75	48	61	24	43	33
AGGREGATING ANEMONE	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER BIOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	11	12
BARE SUBSTRATE	6	6	6	8	25	16	8	10	9

Table 69. Abalone and Sea Star Abundance Data.
 Number of abalone and sea stars observed during timed searches (~30 min. duration) for 13 seasonal surveys at 3 sites.

DATE	Area I				Area II				Area III				All Areas			
	Abalone		Sea Stars		Abalone		Sea Stars		Abalone		Sea Stars		Abalone		Sea Stars	
	Black	Green	Ochre	Blue	Black	Green	Ochre	Blue	Black	Green	Ochre	Blue	Black	Green	Ochre	Blue
S90	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	12	0	1	0
F90	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	18	0	0	1
S91	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
F91	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	12	0	0	0
S92	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	24	0	0	0	19	0	0	2
J92	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	4	0	0	0	12	0	1	17
F92	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0
S93	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0
F93	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
S94	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	5	0	2	0	1	5	0	3
F94	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	2	0	7	0	2	0
S95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	2	0
F95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	3

S=Spring F=Fall